Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 01. A. st***ea***m B. st***ea***dy C. str***ea***m D. tr***ea***t

Question 02. A. fasten***ed*** B. defeat***ed*** C. master***ed*** D. mow***ed***

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

Question 03. A. across B. simply C. common D. brother

Question 04. A. stimulate B. sharpener C. festival D. conclusion

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 06. Failure to win the championship will result in the dismissal of the coach, _____?

A. won't it B. will it C. does it D. doesn't it

Question 08. There was a hold-up on the road because_____ bridge had been washed away by the flood.

A. the B. an C. a D. 0 (zero article)

Question 13. Gertrude takes_____ her mother; she has blue eyes and fair hair, too.

A. in B. up C. after D. down

Question 16. If a book is really_____, it will certainly_____ the reader.

A. interesting/ interest B. interests/ interest

C. interested/ interesting D. interests/ interested

Question 17. They arrived_____ the airport_____ good time for the plane.

A. in/ on B. to/ in C. at/ in D. to/ for

Question 19. Although Romeo and Juliet were_____ in love, they still managed to kill themselves.

A. deep B. deeply C. depth D. deepen

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best completes each of the following exchanges.

Question 24. Mary was tidying the classroom when Jimmy came in to offer a help.

- ***Jimmy***: "Can I help you?" - ***Mary***: "_____ "

A. At two o'clock. B. I can help you C. No, I don't. D. Yes, please.

Question 25. Mark and Mary are having a talk when Mark has to leave.

Mark: "I'm sorry. It's late. I must go now." ***Mary***: "_____."

A. You are welcome B. Good bye. See you soon

C. Not at all D. Hello

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

The future role of women can be looked at more optimistically. Nowadays, there seems (26)_____ recognition of the vital role women play in society and more status is given to women. Overall, excellent progress has been made (27)_____ education. This has played a powerful role for women self-esteem. It demonstrates women's intellectual abilities to gain expertise in the field of their choice. However, this progress has still to be reflected in the job market. Since a more educated society is good for industry and society (28)_____ a whole, it is even more urgent for women to gain an acceptable status in their profession. The message is that women have the ability to change their roles and that they will demand to have the means to do it. It is (29)_____ accepted by the new generation of young men and women that co-operation and mutual aid are far more productive than the divider camp of men and women. Society is changing and with it the role of men and women. In many fields women have come a long way from just their roles as mothers and homemakers. They no longer think that children rearing and home management are their (30)_____ duties.

Question 26. A. be B. being C. to being D. to be

Question 29. A. general B. generally C. generality D. generalize

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

From smartphones and tablets to apps and social media, society is ambushed from all sides with technology. Naturally, all generations embrace ***it*** differently, with younger "digital natives" generally being more connected, more switched-on and more tech literate than older age groups.

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According to *Pew Research*, 92% of *Millennials* (born 1981-1996) own smartphones, compared with 85% of *Gen Xers* (born 1965-1980) and 67% of *Baby Boomers* (born 1946-1964). In terms of tech behavior, older generations tend to use their phones mostly for making calls, whereas for younger generations, a phone is their digital window to the world. Phones are used for social media, going online, texting, emailing, playing games, listening to music, and recording and watching videos.

The daily media consumption of different generations also vastly differs. *Gen Z* and *Millennials* favor streaming and online services, with 46% of teens saying they use *Netflix* compared to 31% of those aged over 16. Furthermore, 16-24s spend 30% of their ***downtime*** watching TV or video, compared to 40% of tune spent on these activities by the average UK adult. *Boomers* spend a whopping 344 minutes a day watching regular TV, significantly more than any other age group.

Size also matters more depending on your decade of birth. Younger generations prefer smaller screens sizes, opting for a smartphone as their go-to tech, while *Generation X* and technology newbies – the *Boomers*, are going bigger, owning more desktops and tablets. Always in the front of the queue for the hottest tech, younger generations see technology as an integral part of their existence, and since few *Millennials* and *Gen Z* can remember a time without social media, they're more fearless and carefree when it comes to technology. So much so, that a *Live Person* report revealed 65% of Millennials and Gen Z interact more with each other online than they do in the real world.

Fundamentally, these behaviours and preferred technologies combine to create a technological generation gap, where employees, shaped by their personal experiences, demonstrate different levels of ability and willingness to adopt new tech. Constantly chasing the next update or device, switched on Millennials and Gen Z are quick to lap up the latest apps, games, and platforms, while Gen Z and Boomers are generally slower to ***embrace*** technology - both at home and in the workplace.

Question 32. *The word "**it**" in paragraph 1 refers to*_____.

A. window B. media C. society D. technology

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

In the near term, the goal of keeping AI's impact on society beneficial motivates research in many areas, from economics and law to technical topics such as verification, validity, security and control. Whereas it may be little more than a minor nuisance if your laptop crashes or gets hacked, it becomes all the more important that an AI system does what you want it to do if it controls your car, your airplane, your pacemaker, your automated trading system or your power grid. Another short-term challenge is preventing a devastating arms race in lethal autonomous weapons.

In the long term, an important question is what will happen if the quest for strong AI succeeds and an AI system becomes better than humans at all cognitive tasks. Such a system could potentially undergo ***recursive*** self-improvement, triggering an intelligence explosion leaving human intellect far behind. By inventing revolutionary new technologies, such a super-intelligence might help us eradicate war, disease, and poverty, and so the creation of strong AI might be the biggest event in human history. Some experts have expressed concern, though, that it might also be the last, unless we learn to align the goals of the AI with ours before ***it*** becomes super-intelligent.

There are some who question whether strong AI will ever be achieved, and others who insist that the creation of super-intelligent AI is guaranteed to be beneficial. At FLI we recognize both of these possibilities, but also recognize the potential for an artificial intelligence system to intentionally or unintentionally cause great harm. We believe research today will help us better prepare for and prevent such potentially negative consequences in the future, thus enjoying the benefits of AI while avoiding pitfalls. *(source: https://www.beyondteaching.com/)*

Question 41. The word "***it***" in paragraph 2 refers to_____.

A. event B. human C. history D. poverty

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

Question 43. That the trees lose their leaves are a sign of winter.

A. lose B. a C. are D. their

Question 44. One of the most popular holiday is Thanksgiving, which is celebrated in November.

A. holiday B. the most C. is D. in

Question 45. Would you mind not to smoke on the bus? It disturbs other people.

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A. other B. not C. to smoke D. disturbs

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Question 46. *Jane refused to attend his birthday party, which made him feel sad.*

A. Jane's refusal to attend his birthday party made him feel sad.
B. He felt sad not to be able to attend his birthday party.
C. Jane made him sad despite her refusal to attend his birthday party.
D. Jane refused to attend his birthday party because it made him feel sad.

Question 47. *Michael took a deep breath and dived into the water.*

A. After Michael had taken a deep breath, he dived into the water.
B. Having taken a deep breath, Michael dived into the water.
C. After Michael took a deep breath, he had dived into the water.
D. A & B are correct.

Question 48. *"Get out of my room now." She said.*

A. She suggested me getting out of her room.
C. She urged me to get out of her room immediately.
B. She explained the way to get out of her room.
D. She complained about me getting out of her room.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 49. *There are many things I want for Christmas. Some are clothes, toys and money.*

A. If there are clothes, toys and money, I will want them for Christmas.
B. Although I want many things for Christmas, I have clothes, toys and money.
C. There are many things I want for Christmas including clothes, toys and money.
D. Clothes, toys and money are all the things I want for Christmas.

Question 50. *He is a rich man. He leads a simple life.*

A. Rich as he is, he leads a simple life. B. If he were rich, he would lead a simple life.
C. As he is rich, he leads a simple life. D. Until he leads a simple life, he is a rich man.

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