

SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO KIỂM TRA CUỐI HỌC KỲ I NĂM HỌC 2020 - 2021
ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC MÔN TIẾNG ANH LỚP 8-MÃ ĐỀ A8201

Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút (Không kể thời gian phát đề và nghe.)

Đề kiểm tra gồm 04 trang. Học sinh làm bài trên giấy trả lời.

A. LISTENING (1.5 ms)

Part 1. Listen to a talk about living in the countryside. Fill each of the gaps with no more than TWO words. You will listen TWICE. (1m)

1. When you live in the countryside, you can enjoy the _____ surroundings.
2. The city lacks space for _____ activities.
3. In the city you may not know your _____ neighbour's name.
4. The living standard is not _____ in the countryside.
5. The low crime rate is _____ for families with small children.

Part 2. Listen to the conversation between David and Son about David's trip to Sa Pa. Decide whether the sentences are true (T) or false (F). Circle T or F. You will listen TWICE. (0.5m)

	STATEMENTS	TRUE	FALSE
6.	David likes Sa Pa very much.	T	F
7.	Ham Rong Mountain has a charming landscape.	T	F
8.	Son hasn't come to Cat Cat village.	T	F
9.	Cat Cat villagers make great handicrafts.	T	F
10.	David regretted trekking in the valleys.	T	F

B. PHONETICS, VOCABULARY and GRAMMAR. (3ms)

Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others.

11. A. sculpture B. mask C. school D. costume
12. A. attention B. majority C. ancestor D. tradition

Choose the word whose main stress pattern is not the same as that of the others.

13. A. magician B. carnival C. harmony D. architect
14. A. significant B. optimistic C. hospitable D. convenient

15. Linh fancies _____ but she hates _____

- A. cook - washing up B. to cook - wash up
C. cooking - washed up D. cooking - washing up

16. Everyone looks much _____ than they did yesterday.
A. happy B. happily C. more happily D. happier
17. Nam sings _____ than Jack does.
A. beautifully B. more beautiful
C. more beautifully D. beautiful
18. _____ museum do you prefer, Da Nang Museum or Da Nang Museum of Cham Sculpture?
A. What B. Which C. When D. How
19. It takes us _____ hour to get to _____ Museum of Ethnology.
A. the-the B. an-the C. a-the D. an - a
20. Which is the best definition of the word “host”
A. a person who has people staying at their house.
B. someone who lives very near your house.
C. a talk giving information about something.
D. a present or something which is given to someone.
21. Find a mistake in one of the four underlined parts of the following sentence.
During Tet, Vietnamese people decorate their houses, so they make *chung* cake as well.
A B C D
22. We were talking about the test when the bus _____.
A. was arriving B. arrives C. is arriving D. arrived
23. _____ the Glastonbury Festival is loud and wild, you should not miss this exciting music festival.
A. While B. If C. Even though D. When
24. When my parents were young, they _____ stand in a row to greet guests.
A. had to B. have to C. don't have to D. doesn't have to
25. I _____ my homework at 9 p.m. last night.
A. was doing B. were doing C. did D. have done

C. READING. (2ms)

I. Read the passage, and then choose the word (A, B, c, or D) that best fits each of the blank spaces. (1m)

Ooc-Om-Bok Festival is a religious festival that worships the moon deity of the Khmer minority group and prays for good luck, happiness, good weather and bumper crops. The festival is usually held (26) _____ the dry season begins and rice is ripening on the fields.

The Moon-worshipping ceremony (27) _____ on the 14th evening of tenth lunar month before the moon goes to the top. The ceremony is held in the yards of the pagoda or of residents' houses. People erect bamboo poles with a crossbar on which they (28) _____ with flowers and leaves. Below is a table of offerings that include green rice flakes, potatoes, bananas, coconuts, grapefruits, oranges and cakes. People sit (29) _____ the ground with crossed legs, clasp their hands before the altar and look up the moon. An old master of ceremonies says his prayers, asks the moon deity to receive the offerings and bless people with the best.

At the pagodas of the Khmer, locals hold paper-lanterns releasing into the sky and putting on the rivers. The custom of realizing flying lights is believed to sweep away the darkness, impure and sadness from the village. Many (30) _____ activities of the Khmer are organized on the 14th evening.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|
| 26. A. when | B. if | C. although | D. while |
| 27. A. took place | B. takes place | C. take place | D. has taken place |
| 28. A. have | B. make | C. paint | D. decorate |
| 29. A. by | B. in | C. under | D. on |
| 30. A. tradition | B. traditions | C. traditional | D. traditionally |

II. Read the following passage and choose the items (A, B, c, or D) that best answers each of the questions about it. (1m)

The Tay is the largest minority in Viet Nam with a population of about 1.7 million people. They live mainly in Northern provinces such as Cao Bang, Lang Son, Bac Can, Thai Nguyen, etc. Their language belongs to the Tay-Thai group. Tay farmers are very experienced in wet rice cultivation. Tay men sometimes hunt or cut wood in the forests; Tay women raise cattle and poultry. Their specialities include five-coloured sticky rice and sticky rice with black ants' eggs. Tay villages are usually at the feet of mountains. Each village comprises 15 to 20 households. The Tay live in stilt houses or earthen houses with different rooms for men and women.

Tay traditional costume is well-known for being the simplest among 54 ethnic groups in Vietnam. There is usually not much embroidery or other decorations. The Tay weave cloth for

their own use and dye all cloth dark indigo for both men and women. Tay women wear skirts or trousers with short blouses inside and long ones outside. They also put on some ornaments such as silver necklaces and bracelets. Tay men prefer to wear the Kinh's clothes daily but their own costume at **significant** festivals. The Tay worship three generations of their ancestors and the gods of nature. Their famous festival is “Lồng tồng” or “Going down the paddy fields”, which is held after Lunar New Year to pray for good crops.

31. What is the Tay's special food?

- A. It is five-coloured sticky rice and sticky rice with black ants' eggs.
- B. It is five-colour sticky rice and sticky rice with black ants' eggs.
- C. It is five-colours sticky rice and sticky rice with black ants' eggs.
- D. It five-coloured sticky rice and sticky rice with black ants' eggs.

32. Which house do the Tay live in, stilt or earthen one?

- A. stilt house only.
- B. Both of them.
- C. stilt house not earthen house.
- D. earthen house only.

33. Which of the following is NOT true?

- A. Tay villages are sometimes at the feet of mountains
- B. Tay farmers are very good at growing wet rice.
- C. Tay traditional costume is the simplest among 54 ethnic groups in Vietnam.
- D. “Lồng tồng” famous festival is held after Lunar New Year.

34. The Tay worship _____.

- A. The gods of nature and two generations of their ancestors
- B. The gods of nature or two generations of their ancestors.
- C. Three generations of their ancestors and the gods of nature.
- D. Three generations of their ancestors or the gods of nature.

35. The word “significant” in paragraph 2 is closet meaning to_____.

- A. ineffective B. unimportant C. effective D. important

D. COMMUNICATION. (0,5m)

Rearrange the sentences to make a complete conversation by writing the correct number (38- 42) in each blank. The conversation starts with number 36 & 37.

_____ **A. Jack:** The X-factor. It's an action film.

_____ **B. Jack:** Sounds great! But Nick and I are going to the cinema at 6.30. Perhaps you want to come with us ...

_____ **C. Daisy:** Hmm... not my cup of tea. Action films are a bit tiring for me ... So I'll see you for badminton only.

__37__ **D. Jack:** Certainly. I love badminton. What time are you meeting?

_____ **E. Daisy:** What film are you watching?

_____ **F. Daisy:** Three. We're doing it in the schoolyard. After that we're going swimming.

__36__ **G. Daisy:** Hi Jack. Do you want to join us for badminton this Saturday?

E. WRITING

Part 1.

Choose the correct sentence among A, B, C, D which has the same meaning as the given one. (0.5m)

43. Duong was very busy; however, he spent the whole day at the Lim festival.

- A. Although Duong was very busy, he spent the whole day at the Lim festival.
- B. Although Duong was very busy, but he spent the whole day at the Lim festival.
- C. Duong was very busy although he spent the whole day at the Lim festival.
- D. Duong was very busy, he spent the whole day at the Lim festival.

44. My Japanese is now better than in the past

- A. In the past, my Japanese is worse than now.
- B. In the past, my Japanese was worse than now.
- C. In the past, my Japanese was better than now.
- D. In the past, my Japanese is better than now.

45. Jane hates to make crafts.

- A. Jane is fond of making crafts.
- B. Jane isn't fond making crafts.
- C. Jane isn't fond of make crafts.
- D. Jane isn't fond of making crafts.

46. Choose the correct question among A, B, C, D which matches with the answer given.

After retiring, my grandmother took up gardening as her hobby.

- A. When did your grandmother take up gardening?
- B. When do your grandmother take up gardening?
- C. When did your grandmother took up gardening?
- D. When does your grandmother take up gardening?

47. Choose the correct sentence among A, B, C, D which matches with the cues given.

There/ tradition of/ not empty/ rubbish/ during/first 3 days of Tet.

- A. There a tradition of not emptying rubbish during the first 3 days of Tet.
- B. There's a tradition of not empty rubbish during first 3 days of Tet.
- C. There's a tradition of not empty rubbish during the first 3 days of Tet.
- D. There's a tradition of not emptying rubbish during the first 3 days of Tet.

Part 2. Paragraph writing.

Write a short paragraph (60 - 80 words) to give your opinion about the following topic:

Is playing computer games a good leisure activity for teenager?

Note:

The paragraph includes:

- one sentence to introduce the topic
- one sentence to conclude it
- connectors to organize your ideas

—THE END—