

Chủ ngữ của hai danh từ nối với nhau bằng *and*

. Hai danh từ cùng chỉ một người hoặc 1 vật + V(số ít).

Eg: The teacher and father in the film is tolerant.

(S=1 person)

V(số ít)

. Hai danh từ chỉ 2 người hoặc 2 vật khác nhau + V(số nhiều)

Eg: The teacher and the father in the film are kind.

S=2 people

V(số nhiều)

. Chủ ngữ có hai danh từ (N1, N2) nối với nhau bằng: *with/ together with/ along with/ accompanied by/ added to/ in addition to/ as well as/ including* +V(chia theo N1).

Eg: Lina as well as her classmates working hard for the final exam.

III. Chủ ngữ có hai danh từ (N1, N2) nối với nhau bằng:
or, not only...but also..., either...or..., neither...nor...+V(N2).

Eg1: Either her sister she ... a volunteer.

N1 N2 V(N2-> số ít)

Eg2: Neither the children nor their mom plays any sports.

Ex 1: Circle the best answer to complete each sentence

1. Many _____ finds it difficult to get away from the crowd.
A. pop stars B. a pop star C. pop star D. a pop stars
2. Tom as well as his dog _____ here now.
A. is B. are C. was D. were
3. Two billion dollars _____ not enough for the victims of the tsunami
A. is B. were C. is D. was
4. My old friend and colleague, John, _____ married.
A. just has got B. just have got C. have just got D. has just got
5. Neither the mother nor the children _____ aware of the danger.
A. has been B. is C. were D. was

Ex 2: Put the verbs in brackets into the correct form

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1. The money that (spend) on education every year (be) not enough.
2. The plan as well as the proposals (be) presented in the last meeting.
3. Mathematics (require) hard work?
4. Skating (become) popular over the past few years.
5. Two-thirds of these books (be) novels.
6. Both Ron and Bob (pass) the exam successfully.
7. The majority of pollution in this city (come) from factories
8. The rich (not mind) taking the hard road.

Change the following sentences into Passive form.

1. I don't like people looking at me.

- I don't like

2. They expect he will win the election.

- He

3. They decided to give all the money to the poor.

- They decided that

4. He let me use his computer yesterday.

- I

5. It is said that he is the best student in his school.

- He

TENSE	ACTIVE	PASSIVE
SIMPLE PRESENT	S + V / V(e/es) + O	S + IS/ARE/AM + PP+ BY O
PRESENT CONTINUOUS	S + IS/ARE/AM + V- ING + O	S + IS/ARE/AM + BEING + PP+ BY + O
PRESENT PERFECT	S + HAS/HAVE + PP +O	S + HAS/HAVE + BEEN + PP + BY + O
SIMPLE PAST	S + V- ED/V-SIMPLE PAST + O	S + WAS/WERE + PP + BY + O
PAST CONTINUOUS	S + WAS/WERE + V-ING + O	S + WAS/WERE + BEING + PP + BY+O
SIMPLE FUTURE	S + WILL + V + O	S + WILL + BE + PP + BY + O

REVIEW

1. **Modal verb passive:** CAN/COULD/MAY/MUST/SHOULD...
S + can/could/may/must/should + V + O...
→ S + can/could/may/must/should + be + PP + by O
2. S + make + O + V... → S + to be + made + to_V...
3. S + let + O + V... → S + to be + allowed + to_V...
4. S + used to + V + O... → S + used to + be + PP...
5. S + suggest + V-ing + O...
→ S + suggest (that) + S + should + be + PP...

REVIEW

6. S + **decide** + **to_V**... → S + **decide (that)** S + **should** + **be** + **PP**...
7. S + **remember** + **O** + **V_Ing** ... → S + **remember** + **being** + **PP**...
8. S + **like/love/dislike/hate/mind** + **O** + **V_Ing**...
→ S + **like/love/dislike/hate/mind** + **being** + **PP**...
9. **Have** + **O (sb)** + **V** → **Have** + **O (smt)** + **PP**...
10. **Get** + **O (sb)** + **to_V** → **Get** + **O (smt)** + **PP**...