

**PHÒNG GD & ĐT QUẬN HOÀNG MAI**  
**TRƯỜNG THCS MAI ĐỘNG**

**ĐỀ CƯƠNG ÔN TẬP CUỐI HỌC KỲ I- TIẾNG ANH 6**  
**NĂM HỌC 2021 – 2022**

**A. THEORY**

**UNIT 4: MY NEIGHBOURHOOD**

**1. /i/ and /i:/.**

**2. Grammar: Comparative (So sánh hơn)**

**3. Everyday English:**

Asking for and giving directions

**Structure:** 1. Could you tell me the way to ...?  
2. Where's the nearest ...?  
3. go along  
4. on your left/ right  
5. take the first turning

**UNIT 5: NATURAL WONDERS OF VIET NAM**

**1. /t/ and /d/.**

**2. Grammar:**

- uncountable nouns/countable nouns can be singular
- some/ many/ a few + countable nouns  
some/ much/ a little + uncountable nouns

**\*Must (Phải, cần phải)**

**3. Everyday English:**

- **Making appointments:** Let's + V./How about ...?
- **Accepting appointments:** That's fine. /Sure.

**UNIT 6: OUR TET HOLIDAY**

**1. /s/ and /ʃ/.**

**2. Grammar** - should / shouldn't

- some / any

**3. Everyday English**

Saying New Year's wishes

## B. PRACTICE

### I. PRONUNCIATION.

**A. Find the word which has a different sound in the underlined part.**

- |                       |                      |                   |                    |
|-----------------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| 1. A. <u>peaceful</u> | B. <u>pleasure</u>   | C. <u>sleepy</u>  | D. <u>cheap</u>    |
| 2. A. <u>exciting</u> | B. <u>quiet</u>      | C. <u>wide</u>    | D. <u>terrible</u> |
| 3. A. <u>crowded</u>  | B. <u>interested</u> | C. <u>bored</u>   | D. <u>polluted</u> |
| 4. A. <u>shops</u>    | B. <u>theatres</u>   | C. <u>streets</u> | D. <u>parks</u>    |
| 5. A. <u>narrow</u>   | B. <u>crowd</u>      | C. <u>now</u>     | D. <u>about</u>    |

**B. Choose a word in each line that has different stress pattern.**

- |                |              |              |              |
|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1.A. flower    | B. lettuce   | C. police    | D. architect |
| 2.A. dentist   | B. chocolate | C. difficult | D. engineer  |
| 3.A. never     | B. unusual   | C. usually   | D. after     |
| 4.A. hotel     | B. garlic    | C. morning   | D. company   |
| 5.A. telephone | B. apartment | C. shoulder  | D. market    |

### II. MISTAKE CORRECTION.

*Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.*

- Mr Nhu doesn't watching TV in the living-room now.  
A. doesn't      B. watching      C. in      D. living-room
- How many milk would you like?  
A. How      B. many      C. would      D. like
- The Browns are traveling to Ho Chi Minh City in train.  
A. the      B. are      C. to      D. in
- Are they many students in your class?  
A. they      B. students      C. in      D. your
- There are two bookshelf in my sister's bedroom.  
A. are      B. bookshelf      C. my      D. bedroom
- You must taking off your shoes before entering this room.  
A. taking      B. your      C. before      D. this
- How height is the PETRONAS Twin Towers?  
A. How      B. height      C. the      D. Towers
- Hambleton is the prettier village in England.  
A. is      B. the      C. prettier      D. in
- My brother often spends a hour playing sports after school.  
A. spends      B. a      C. sports      D. after school
- The cat is among the lamp and the bed.  
A. cat      B. among      C. and      D. the

### III. VOCAB AND GRAMMAR

**Choose the best answer a, b, c or d to complete the sentence.**

- When hiking overnight, don't forget to bring the \_\_\_\_\_. It will keep you warm at night.

- A. sleeping bag    B. hiking boots    C. sun cream    D. painkillers
2. The Amazon River is \_\_\_\_\_ river in the world.  
A. the wider    B. wider than    C. the widest    D. widest
3. \_\_\_\_\_ is the coldest place in Vietnam?  
A. Who    B. What    C. Which    D. When
4. Peter must \_\_\_\_\_ this essay today. He's going out tomorrow.  
A. finish    B. finishes    C. finishing    D. to finish
5. Which is \_\_\_\_\_, the West Lake or the Sword Lake?  
A. large    B. larger    C. largest    D. the largest
6. The Grand Canyon is one of the natural \_\_\_\_\_ of the world.  
A. materials    B. sights    C. scenery    D. wonders
7. Vietnamese people usually return to their families \_\_\_\_\_ Tet.  
A. in    B. on    C. for    D. during
8. When the clock strikes midnight, colorful fireworks light \_\_\_\_\_ the sky.  
A. in    B. up    C. on    D. over
9. You shouldn't \_\_\_\_\_ things on the first day of Tet.  
A. makes    B. hang    C. break    D. cook
10. Tet is the \_\_\_\_\_ time of the year.  
A. busy    B. busier    C. busiest    D. most busy
11. Tet is the biggest and most important \_\_\_\_\_ in Vietnam.  
A. festival    B. decoration    C. occasion    D. tradition
12. Tet is coming. We \_\_\_\_\_ clean and decorate our house.  
A. should    B. shouldn't    C. mustn't    D. are
13. I always \_\_\_\_\_ my grandparents a long life and good health.  
A. celebrate    B. wish    C. make    D. bring
14. The \_\_\_\_\_ is the first person to enter your house in the New Year.  
A. relative    B. first cousin    C. first footer    D. rooster
15. '\_\_\_\_\_ do Vietnamese people prepare for Tet?' 'They decorate their houses and cook special food.'  
A. What    B. Where    C. How    D. How often
16. 'In which country do people throw water at one another?' '\_\_\_\_\_',  
A. Scotland    B. Thailand    C. The USA    D. Denmark
17. People often clean and decorate their houses \_\_\_\_\_ Tet.  
A. during    B. after    C. before    D. on
18. Turn left at the first traffic lights, and you'll see the supermarket straight \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. away    B. ahead    C. aside    D. again
19. Mekong River is \_\_\_\_\_ river in South East Asia.  
A. long    B. longer    C. longest    D. the longest
20. You \_\_\_\_\_ speak during the exam - it's forbidden.  
A. should    B. shouldn't    C. must    D. mustn't



21. Some of her paintings are displayed at the local \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. art gallery                      B. museum                      C. stadium                      D. hospital
22. The Vietnamese \_\_\_\_\_ Tet at different times each year.  
 A. decorate                      B. watch                      C. celebrate                      D. welcome
23. \_\_\_\_\_ we go out for dinner tonight? - Great!  
 A. Must                      B. Can                      C. Will                      D. Shall
24. \_\_\_\_\_ does Tet last? ~ About 10 days.  
 A. When                      B. How long                      C. What time                      D. How often
25. Life in the countryside is \_\_\_\_\_. There aren't many things to do there.  
 A. interesting                      B. inconvenient                      C. boring                      D. noisy

#### IV. ENGLISH SPEAKING EVERYDAY

*Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.*

1. Tom: "You've got a lovely singing voice, Mary."    Mary: " \_\_\_\_\_ "  
 A. It's all right.                      B. Congratulations!  
 C. Thank you.                      D. No, thanks.
2. - "You look nice today. I like your new hair style." - " \_\_\_\_\_."  
 A. It's nice of you to say so                      B. Shall I? Thanks.  
 C. Oh, well done!                      D. I feel interesting to hear that.
3. Mary: "Do you think it will rain?"  
 Jenny: "Oh! \_\_\_\_\_ "  
 A. I don't hope.                      B. I hope not.  
 C. I don't hope so                      D. It's hopeless
4. "Don't forget to do as I have told you."  
 - " \_\_\_\_\_ "  
 A. Yes, I won't                      B. No, I will remember  
 C. Yes, I will                      D. No, I won't
5. Hung: "I think we should save energy at home as well as at school." Lan: " \_\_\_\_\_."  
 A. Yes, we think.                      B. That's a good idea.  
 C. Yes, we do.                      D. No, we don't
6. "Is there a square in your neighbour hood?" \_\_\_\_\_ "  
 A. The square is beautiful.                      B. No, there isn't.  
 C. My neighbour hood is big.                      D. The square is in the neighbour hood.
7. "Excuse me. Could you tell us the way to the cinema?" \_\_\_\_\_ "  
 A. Don't do that.                      B. I'm sorry I don't like films.  
 C. Sure. Go straight ahead. Then turn right.                      D. I have a class.
8. "Let's go to Chua Cau!" " \_\_\_\_\_ "  
 A. Go straight and turn right.                      C. I think we're lost.  
 B. That's a great idea.                      D. There's girl. Let's ask her.

9. "Excuse me. Where is the nearest gym, please?" \_\_\_\_\_ "

- A. Yes, there's one next to the supermarket.
- B. Cross the road. Then go straight. It's right on your left.
- C. Oh, I am sorry. I can't go to the gym.
- D. So if there is, what will you do?

10. "Is your city green?" \_\_\_\_\_ "

- A. Yes, it is. It has a lot of trees.
- B. No, our city is blue.
- C. I don't talk to you.
- D. I am colouring it.

## V. SYNONYM AND ANTONYM

**I. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

1. This park is more beautiful than that park.

- A. kind
- B. nice
- C. big
- D. small

2. This city is very historic.

- A. old
- B. quiet
- C. peaceful
- D. boring

3. The streets are very busy with a lot of traffic.

- A. modern
- B. peaceful
- C. noisy
- D. crowded

4. I think living in the countryside is peaceful.

- A. old
- B. quiet
- C. fresh
- D. boring

5. I like my bedroom very much because it's a wide room.

- A. large
- B. small
- C. great
- D. convenient

**II. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

1. Is a house in the city more expensive than a house in the countryside?

- A. cheap
- B. convenient
- C. beautiful
- D. interesting

2. The weather here is very hot in the summer.

- A. cool
- B. warm
- C. cold
- D. fresh

3. She likes travelling to the historic places.

- A. quiet
- B. noisy
- C. beautiful
- D. modern

4. Living in the city is more interesting than living in the country.

- A. boring
- B. happy
- C. exciting
- D. inconvenient

5. It's too polluted for me to live in this area.

- A. interesting
- B. fresh
- C. convenient
- D. comfortable



## VI. READING

**Ex1: Read the text and circle the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.**

My neighbour is John. He is from Australia. We have been friends for over a year. We both live in the countryside (1) \_\_\_\_\_ our family. John's parents are farmers. He often helps (2) \_\_\_\_\_ to look after vegetables in the garden in his free time. He likes growing vegetables and flowers. He'd like to be a farmer in the future and to work on a farm. He thinks farming (3) \_\_\_\_\_ exciting and interesting. Now he (4) \_\_\_\_\_ biology hard at school. He wants to be good at biology (5) \_\_\_\_\_ it's important for his future job.

- |             |            |                |               |
|-------------|------------|----------------|---------------|
| 1. A. with  | B. of      | C. for         | D. at         |
| 2. A. him   | B. they    | C. them        | D. her        |
| 3. A. are   | B. be      | C. is          | D. has        |
| 4. A. study | B. studied | C. is studying | D. will study |
| 5. A. or    | B. because | C. but         | D. and        |

**Ex 2: Read the text and circle the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.**

Tet or lunar New Year is the most important (1) \_\_\_\_\_ in Viet Nam. It usually happens in late January or early February. Tet holiday is the best occasion for family (2) \_\_\_\_\_. Before Tet, Vietnamese people often go (3) \_\_\_\_\_. The items of shopping are: food, new clothes, peach flowers and household decorations. People often make banh Chung, the main food for Tet and other (4) foods. During Tet, they always smile and behave nicely.

They (5) \_\_\_\_\_ family member, relatives and friends' good luck and give lucky money to children. The Vietnamese believe that Tet is an occasion to enjoy life after a hard-working year.

- |                 |                |               |              |
|-----------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|
| 1. A. holiday   | B. festival    | C. holidays   | D. festivals |
| 2. A. gathering | B. gatherings. | C. collect    | D. collects  |
| 3. A. shops     | B. shopping    | C. shopping   | D. buying    |
| 4. A. specially | B. important   | C. speciality | D. special   |
| 5. A. wishes    | B. wish        | C. wished     | D. wishing   |

**Ex1: Read the passage and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D for each question.**

If you are the type of person who loves to meet many different people from different cultures and social status, then the city is better for you. The city is where people from all different background and status come to work and live because everything so centralized in the city. The city's population is also more concentrated, so you also have a higher chance of meeting people. In the country, the distance between other people is harder, so it is less convenient to meet other people. Hence, if you want a busy social life, the city is better.

If you have asthma or you are really sensitive to population, then the country lifestyle is best for you. In the country there is much less population because there are fewer cars, traffic and industrial **plants** in the country. There are also more trees, rivers and other natural scenery. If you want your kids to run around in open safe environments, then the country is also much better.

1. You should live in the city if \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. you have asthma
  - B. you have problems with breathing diseases
  - C. you want to meet people from different social status
  - D. you want your children to run around in open environments

2. The country life is better for you if \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. you love to meet people from different cultures
  - B. you want a busy social life
  - C. you would like to work for international companies
  - D. you are really sensitive to pollution
3. There is much less pollution in the country than in the city because
  - A. everything is so centralized in the city
  - B. there are not as many cars in the country as in the city
  - C. the distance between other people is harder
  - D. there are much more trees in the city
4. The word "plants" in the passage means
  - A. factories
  - B. trees
  - C. buildings
  - D. restaurants
5. Which of the following statements is NOT true?
  - A. The population in the city is concentrated.
  - B. You have higher opportunities of meeting people in the city.
  - C. There is more traffic in the country than in the city.
  - D. The environment in the country is safer than in the city.

**Ex2: Read the passage and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D for each question.**

When people talk about Nha Trang, the biggest city in Khanh Hoa Province, they often think of a tropical paradise. Nha Trang is a famous seaside resort. It has a long coastline with beautiful white sandy beaches.

In the morning and afternoon, tourists can take part in various fascinating outdoor activities such as mud bathing, swimming, snorkeling or scuba diving. Snorkeling and scuba diving are both interesting sports, as swimmers may swim underwater and admire the lives at the bottom of the sea. Besides, tourist can also take boat trips to the islands. One of the most enjoyable trips is the trip to Mieu Island, where Tri Nguyen Aquarium was built in 1999. This aquarium is now home to different kinds of colorful fish and even a few sharks.

In addition, tourists can spend an evening visiting a fishing village, where they could get a taste of the local seafood. There are crabs, shrimps, lobsters, clams, oysters, and several other kind of fish - all are fresh and delicious.

1. Nha Trang is \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. famous for its fresh and delicious seafood.
  - B. located in Khanh Hoa Province.
  - C. a paradise for swimmers.
  - D. not a resort.
2. Tourists can take part in some outdoor activities such as \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. visiting Nha Trang Pasteur Institute.
  - B. eating the local seafood.
  - C. visiting Tri Nguyen Aquarium.
  - D. scuba diving.
3. At Tri Nguyen Aquarium, visitors can enjoy \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. watching a few sharks only.
  - B. a taste of the local seafood.
  - C. watching sharks and various kinds of colorful fish.
  - D. feeding the fish.
4. At a fishing village, tourist can \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. get a taste of the local seafood
  - B. catch the fish and cook them
  - C. choose crabs, shrimps
  - D. enjoy fishing
5. Which of the following sentences is NOT mentioned in the passage?



- A. Nha Trang is a nice seaside resort.
- B. Tri Nguyen Aquarium is on an island.
- C. Most tourists are interested in snorkeling and scuba diving.
- D. The local seafood is fresh and delicious.

## VII. WRITING

### A. Reorder the words and phrases to make meaningful sentences.

1. Viet Nam / beautiful / a / Phu Quoc / very / is / island / in /.  
☞
2. excellent / fresh seafood / an / place / This is / to enjoy /.  
☞
3. me/ you/ can/ the/ to/ tell/ way/ Ben Thanh Market?  
☞
4. The / very / friendly / are / here / and / helpful / people /.  
☞

### B. Use the following sets of words / phrases to write complete sentences.

1. You / must / careful / when / cut / food / with a knife.  
☞
2. the test/ we/ talk/ during/ mustn't  
☞
3. Viet Nam/ people/ give/ lucky/ money/ old people/ children/.  
☞
4. My mother/ usually/ cook. Special food/ Tet.  
☞

### C. Rewrite the following sentences, beginning as shown, so that the meaning stays the same.

1. It is necessary for us to review the lessons for the test.  
☞ We
2. There are some chairs and a table in the kitchen.  
☞ We have
3. It's not a good idea when students copy other students' work.  
☞ Students
4. It's a good for you to take exercise every day.  
☞ You

### D. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it is as similarly as possible in meaning to the original sentence. Use the word given and other words if necessary. Do not change the form of the given words.

1. It's important that you follow all the rules at the national park. (must)  
☞
2. Ha Long Bay has many islands and caves. (there)  
☞
3. There are more high-rise buildings in Shanghai than in Ha Noi. (modern)  
☞
4. Her mother is 37 years old. Her father is 38 years old. (old)  
☞