

TIẾNG ANH LỚP 7
REVISION FOR 1ST SEMESTER TEST – GRADE 7

A. THEORY

	Vocabulary	Pronunciation	Grammar	Speaking
Unit 1: My Hobbies	Types of hobbies; action verbs.	Sound /ə/ and /ɜ:/	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The Present Simple (Thời hiện tại đơn). - The Future Simple (Thời tương lai đơn). - Verbs of liking. 	Talk about types of hobbies.
Unit 2: Health	Different kinds of health problems; health tips.	Sound /f/ and /v/	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Compound sentences: <i>and</i> : for addition <i>or</i> : for choice <i>but</i> : for contrast <i>so</i> : for a result. - <i>Imperative with MORE and LESS.</i> 	Talk about calories used for everyday activities.
Unit 3: Community Service	Young people doing community service; volunteer work/ activities.	Sound /g/ and /k/	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Present Perfect (Thì Hiện tại hoàn thành). - Past Simple (Thì Quá khứ đơn). 	Talk about how to contribute to community activities.
Unit 4: Music and Arts	Types of traditional art.	Sound /ʃ/ and /ʒ/	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Comparisons: (not) as... as, The same as, different from. - Express agreement: too, either 	Ask and answer questions about music.
Unit 5: Vietnamese food and drink	Typical traditional food and drink.	Sound /ɒ/ and /ɔ:/	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Uncountable and countable nouns. - How much/ How many...? - a/an, some, any 	Talk about ways to make a kind of food/ drink.

B. PRACTICE EXERCISES

A. LANGUAGE

I. Find the word which has a different sound in the part underlined.

1. A. division	B. occasion	C. leisure	D. ensure
2. A. sing	B. shoes	C. sugar	D. dish
3. A. hobby	B. colour	C. money	D. other
4. A. chemistry	B. school	C. mechanic	D. charity
5. A. great	B. group	C. generous	D. organization
6. A. opened	B. stayed	C. played	D. stopped
7. A. watched	B. worked	C. tried	D. asked
9. A. laughed	B. succeeded	C. helped	D. walked
10. A. machine	B. children	C. champion	D. cheapness
11. A. practices	B. plays	C. leaves	D. sends
12. A. dishes	B. concerts	C. horses	D. watches

II. Choose the correct answer A, B, C, or D to complete the sentences.

1. How _____ cheese do we need to make a cheese cake? ~ About 250 grams.
A. few B. many. C. much D. little
2. My lemonade is a bit _____. Can you give me some sugar, please?
A. sour B. sweet C. spicy D. salty
3. Pho is always served _____ fresh herbs, bean sprouts, sliced-up chiles, and lime.
A. for B. with C. in D. on
4. My sister hates rock music, and she hates rap _____.
A. either B. also C. neither D. too
5. How much _____ should I use to make the cake?
A. pineapple B. flour C. egg D. carton of milk
6. You don't need to take _____ food on the trip.
A. a B. some C. any D. an
7. What _____ do I need to cook an omelette?
A. food B. material C. menu D. ingredients
8. Juan and Patricia are not the same height Juan is _____ Patricia.
A. as tall as B. not as tall as C. more tall than D. not tall than.
9. They have decided to ride to work _____ it is good for their health and the environment.
A. so B. but C. although D. because
10. My brother and I _____ a white tiger already.
A. are seeing B. have seen C. has seen D. see
11. There _____ yogurt in this carton.
A. isn't any B. isn't some C. aren't any D. aren't some
12. **Nam:** ' _____ to England?' **Lan:** 'Yes, I went there 3 years ago.'
A. Did you ever go B. Have you ever gone
C. Were you ever D. Have you ever been
13. _____ organic food in the supermarket?
A. Were there any B. Were there some C. Was there any D. Were there a
14. His daughter wants to become a well-known _____ but she has no talent at all.
A. act B. actor C. actress D. action
15. Stay outdoors _____ and do _____ physical exercises.
A. more / less B. less/ less C. more / more D. less / more
16. Have you ever taken part _____ volunteer work?
A. for B. to C. in D. with
17. We have raised money for people in need _____ 2015.
A. in B. since C. at D. for.

18. I spend more time _____ gardening.
 A.to do B.doing C.will do D.do.

19. Jack enjoys _____ pottery in his free time.
 A.to make B.make C.making D.both A & C

20. Don't read in bed, _____ you'll harm your eyes.
 A.or B.and C.but D.so

III. Find one mistake in each sentence and correct it.

1. Do you still play football next year?
 A. Do B. still C. play D. year

2. My mother doesn't like rock music and I don't too.
 A. doesn't B. rock music C. and D. too

3. They didn't used to go to the cinema every Sunday.
 A. didn't B. used to C. to D. every

4. Every student in my class likes eat fast food.
 A. Every B. in C. likes D. eat

5. My husband likes mango, and my brother does, either.
 A. likes B. mango C. does D. either

6. Her hobbies are different to mine.
 A. Her B. are C. to D. mine

7. Would you like going to a water puppet show tomorrow?
 A. like B. going to C. water puppet. D. tomorrow

8. To keep fit, you should eat less fast food however they contain a lot of calories.
 A. to keep B. less C. however D. a lot of

9. How much calories do you burn when you play football?
 A. How much B. do you burn C. when D. play

10. If you're thirsty, there is any milk in the fridge.
 A. if B. thirsty C. there is. D. any

IV. Choose the best option A, B, C or D to indicate the most suitable respond to complete each of the following exchanges.

1. Nam: "Why don't we go to the zoo?" - Hoa: "_____."
 A. Because we don't have enough money C. That's a good idea
 B. I couldn't agree more D. Yes, I'd love to

2. Lan: "Excuse me. Is anybody sitting here?" - Mai: "_____."
 A. No, thanks C. Yes. I am so glad
 B. Sorry, the seat is taken D. Yes, yes. You can sit here

3. Peter: "Would you like something to eat tonight?" - Ngan "_____."
 A. Yes, I do B. No, I hate it C. Yes, it's expensive D. Sure

4. Linda: "Shall I open the door for you?" - Laura: "_____."
 A. Go ahead B. Never mind C. Thanks D. Yes, if you win

5. Mai: "Thank for the wonderful party!" - Nam: "_____."
 A. You're welcomed B. In fact, I don't like it
 C. But do you know how much it cost D. It's a pleasure. I'm glad you like it

6. Huy: "What about playing basketball tomorrow, Tom?" - Tom: "_____."
 A. Not at all. I'll stay at home B. I feel very sick
 C. That's a good idea D. I will have sunburns

7. Mr Tan: "_____." - Miss Nga: "No, thank you. That will be all."
 A. What kind of beer do you like? B. It's very good of you to help me
 C. What would you like? D. Would you like anything else?

8. Bin: "Thanks a lot for the lovely dinner."
 - Tam: "_____."
 A. You're welcome B. It's all right. C. Thank you too D. Please don't say so.

9. Mai: "Would you like something to eat tonight?" - Hung "_____."
 A. Yes, I do B. No, I hate it C. Yes, it's expensive D. Sure

10. Quan: "I like folk music very much." Mai "_____."
 A. Me too. It sounds good. B. No problem. It isn't my thing.
 C. Let me think about it. D. I like the lyrics of this song.

V. Put the verbs in brackets in the correct verb form.

- Water puppetry _____ (begin) in the 11th century.
- We _____ (not work) at the moment. Please call back later.
- We encouraged people _____ (recycle) bottles, cans and paper.
- Pho _____ (become) more and more popular in Saigon since 1954.
- My house is very dirty. I _____ (clean) it tomorrow.
- Would you like _____ (go) to Huong Pagoda with me?
- Are you interested in _____ (do) community service?
- I (go) _____ fishing with you next Saturday morning.
- I (already/read) _____ that book. It's fantastic.
- Many young people enjoy _____ (watch) Korean dramas.

B. SKILLS: READING - WRITING

I. Choose the correct answer A, B, c or D to fill each blank in the following passage.

While art may not be vital to fulfill our basic needs, it does make life (1) _____. When you look at a painting or poster hang on your living room wall, you feel happy. The sculpture on the kitchen windowsill create a (2) _____ of joy. These varieties of art forms that we are surrounded by all come (3) _____ to create the atmosphere that we want to live in.

Just like art, music can make life extremely joyful and can have a huge effect (4) _____ our mood. If you have something hard or difficult to work on or are feeling tired, an energetic song will likely (5) _____ you up and add some enthusiasm to the situation. Similarly when stress is high, many people find that relaxing to calming music is (6) _____ that eases the mind.

1. a. boring	b. beautiful	c. joyful	d. helpful
2. a. sense	b. feel	c. cause	d. way
3. a. away	b. along	c. down	d. together
4. a. on	b. in	c. at	d. of
5. a. take	b. wake	c. pick	d. bring
6. a. something	b. anything	c. everything	d. nothing

II. Read the passage, and then choose the correct answer.

Charlie Chaplin was an English actor, director, producer, and composer. He is known as the most creative person of the silent-film era. Charlie Chaplin's portrayal of the tramp won the hearts of people all over the world.

Chaplin was born in London on the 16th of April, 1889. He spent his childhood in poverty and hardship. In 1910 he began to perform pantomime in the United States. He first appeared on screen in 1914. He created his world-famous character, the Tramp, and he played this classic role in more than 70 films during his career. He also composed background music for most of his films. In 1972 Chaplin received an Honorary Academy Award for 'the incalculable effect he has had in making motion pictures the art form of this century'. Chaplin died on the 25th of December, 1977, at his home in Switzerland.

1. What did Charlie Chaplin work as?

A. an actor B. a director C. a composer D. all are correct

2. When did he start appearing in films?

A. In 1910 B. In 1914 C. In 1972 D. 1889

3. In about how many films did he play the Tramp?

A. seventeen B. seventy C. twenty five D. sixteen

4. Charlie Chaplin is very famous for _____.

- A.his stage performance
- B.his background music
- C.his character “the Tramp”
- D. his childhood

5. Which of the following is not True?

- A. He played classical music.
- B. Charlie Chaplin was an English artist.
- C. He received an award in 1972.
- D. He died in Switzerland

III. Read the text carefully then choose the correct answers.

Vietnamese food culture varies by regions from the north to the south. In Northern Vietnam, food is characterized by light and balanced. Northern Vietnam is seen to be the cradle of Vietnamese cuisine with many notable dishes like Pho, Bun Rieu, Bun Thang, Bun Cha, Banh Cuon, etc. Then, food culture in Northern Vietnam became popular in Central and Southern Vietnam with suitable flavors in each regions.

The regional cuisine of Central Vietnam is famous for its spicy food. Hue cuisine is typical Central Vietnam’s food culture. Food in the region is often used with chili peppers and shrimp sauces, namely, Bun Bo Hue, Banh Khoai, Banh Beo, etc.

In Southern Vietnam, the warm weather and fertile soil create an ideal condition for planting a variety of fruit, vegetables and livestock. Thus, food in the region is often added with garlic, shallots and fresh herbs. Particularly, Southerners are favored of sugar; they add sugar in almost dishes. Some signature dishes from Southern Vietnam include Banh Khot and Bun Mam.

1. It is considered that Vietnamese cuisine _____.

- a. originated from the North
- b. became more and more popular
- c. always combines taste and colour
- d. can be found only in Northern Vietnam

2. What are the features of Northern Vietnamese food?

- a. It's delicious and healthy. b. It's sweet and sour.
- c. It's light and balanced. d. It's a bit fatty and salty.

3. Hue cuisine is notable for its _____.

- a. colorful food b. spicy taste c. bitter taste d. light flavor

4. In Southern Vietnam, _____.

- a. the warm weather makes it hard to plant fruit and vegetables
- b. fresh herbs are always used in cooking
- c. people love sweet food
- d. sugar is often added to dishes

5. Which of the followings is NOT true?

- a. Food in Vietnam changes region to region.
- b. Southerners do not like northern food due to its light flavor.
- c. Chill peppers and shrimp sauces are among the frequently used ingredients.
- d. Bun Bo Hue is a typical dish of the Central Vietnam cuisine.

IV. Mark letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closet in meaning

1. Watching TV all day is not as interesting as playing outside.

- A. Playing outside is not more interesting than watching TV all day.
- B. Playing outside is more interesting than watching TV all day.
- C. Playing outside is not as interesting as watching TV all day.
- D. Playing outside is the same interesting to watching TV all day.

2. My best friend likes travelling around the world.

- A. My best friend is interested to travell around the world.
- B. My best friend is interested in travelling around the world.
- C. My best friend enjoys to travel around the world.

D. My best friend hates in travelling around the world.

3. John hasn't done any housework for a month.

A. The last time John did housework was one month ago.

B. The last time John did housework one month ago.

C. John has done housework for a month.

D. John hates doing housework.

4. The new building is the same height as the old one.

A. The new building is as high as the old one.

B. The new building is not as high as the old one.

C. The new building is different from the old one.

D. The new building is higher than the old one.

5. His new guitar isn't different from his old one.

A. His new guitar is the same his old one.

B. His new guitar is not the same as his old one.

C. His new guitar is as expensive as his old one.

D. His new guitar is the same as his old one.

6. Money is not as important as health.

A. Health is as important as money.

B. Health is not more important than money.

C. Health is more important than money.

D. Health is the same as money.

7. I'm interested in playing sports.

A. I am like playing sports.

B. I find playing sports interesting.

C. I enjoy to play sports

D. I am interested in play sports.

8. Tom plays football because he wants to keep fit.

A. Tom wants to keep fit, but he plays football.

B. Tom wants to keep fit, or he plays football.

C. Tom wants to keep fit because of he plays football.

D. Tom wants to keep fit, so he plays football.

V. Choose the best sentence that can be made from the cues given.

1. Your grandfather / old / my grandfather.

A. Your grandfather is the same old as my grandfather.

B. Your grandfather is as old as my grandfather.

C. Your grandfather is old as my grandfather.

D. Your grandfather is as old my grandfather.

2. What / kind / music / you / like?

A. What do the kind of music you like?

B. What does the kind of music you like?

C. What kind of music does you like?

D. What kind of music do you like?

3. I / interested / draw / pictures.

A. I interested in drawing pictures.

B. I am interest in drawing pictures.

C. I am interested in drawing pictures.

D. I am interested in draw pictures.

4. He / not / like / rock music / his friend / not.

A. He doesn't like rock music, and his friend doesn't too.

B. He doesn't like rock music, and his friend doesn't either.

C. He doesn't like rock music, and his friend don't too.

D. He doesn't like rock music, and his friends don't too.

5. I / not/ visited / parents /three months.

- A. I haven't visited my parents three months ago.
- B. I haven't visited my parents for three months.
- C. I didn't visited my parents for three months.
- D. I haven't visited my parents since three months.

6. My best friend/ have/ same/ hobby/ me

- A. My best friend have the same hobby as me.
- B. My best friend has the same hobby as me.
- C. My best friend have the same hobby to me.
- D. My best friend has the same hobby to me.

7. How/ banana / you / need/ make / a cake?

- A. How much banana do you need to make a cake?
- B. How much bananas do you need to make a cake?
- C. How many bananas do you need to make a cake?
- D. How many bananas you need to make a cake?

-----THE END-----