INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL OF MONTERREY

Learn Vocabulary

NAME: _____ DATE: _____ Trim. #: ___ LIST #: ___ - ___

9.6.5 A Bet

1. 

alternate [ˈɔːltərneit] v.

To **alternate** means to switch back and forth between two things.

→ *The best exercise **alternates** muscle and heart strengthening.*

2. 

apologetic [əˌpɒləˈdʒetik] adj.

If someone is **apologetic**, they are sorry about something.

→ *The boy felt **apologetic** after losing his sister's favorite toy.*

LIVEWORKSHEETS

3. 

benign [biˈnain] adj.

If something or someone is **benign**, they do not hurt anyone.

→ *Many spiders look scary, but most are actually **benign**.*

4. 

char [tʃɑːr] v.

To **char** means to burn something so that it turns black.

→ *While Frank went inside to get the mustard, he accidentally **charred** the hotdogs.*

LIVEWORKSHEETS

5. 

clarify [ˈklærəfai] v.

To **clarify** means to make something easier to understand by explaining it.

→ *Drew tried to clarify all the functions of Michelle's new computer.*

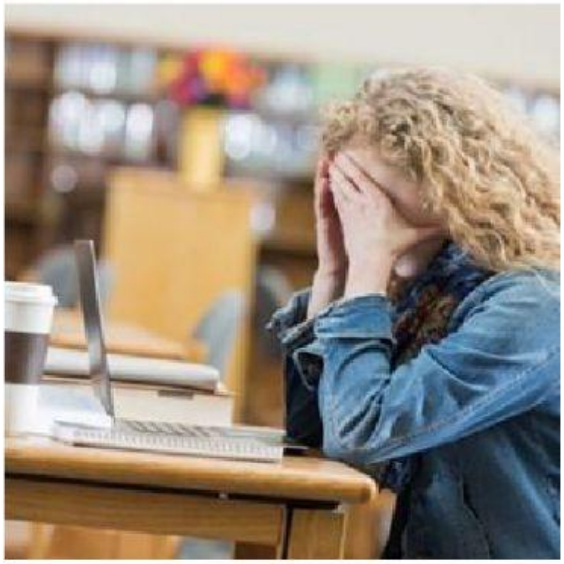
6. 

dogged [ˈdɔ(:)gid] adj.

When someone's actions are **dogged**, they try hard to continue something.

→ *Her dad bought her a new jacket after her **dogged** requests for one.*

LIVEWORKSHEETS

7. 

distress [dis'tres] n.

Distress is the feeling of being upset or worried.

→ *Failing a class caused the student a lot of* ***distress****.*

8. 

ensue [in'su:] v.

To **ensue** means to happen after something.

→ *After a few minutes of lightening, thunder* ***ensued****.*

LIVEWORKSHEETS

9. 

gasp [gæsp] v.

To **gasp** means to make a noise by quickly breathing in when surprised.

→ *John always **gasps** when watching a scary movie.*

10. 

negotiate [niˈgouʃieit] v.

To **negotiate** means to try to make an agreement through discussion.

→ *Mario and Joe took a long time **negotiating** the contract between the companies.*

LIVEWORKSHEETS

11. 

overdose [ˈouvərdous] n.

An **overdose** is an instance of taking or having too much of something.

→ *John's skin was burned from an **overdose** of sunshine.*

12. 

persuasion [pərˈsweiʒən] n.

Persuasion is the act of making someone do or believe something.

→ *The **persuasion** of his argument convinced the customer to buy the laptop.*

LIVEWORKSHEETS

13. 

relay [ˈriːlei] n.

A **relay** is a race in which teams of runners or swimmers race against each other.

→ *Jerry was the fastest on his team, so he ran the last part of the **relay**.*

14. 

reluctance [riˈlʌktəns] n.

Reluctance is a feeling of not wanting to do something.

→ *Jesse took out the trash with great **reluctance**.*

LIVEWORKSHEETS

15. 

restate [ri:ˈsteit] v.

To **restate** something means to say it again or in a different way.

→ *Mrs. Jones **restated** the test question to the class.*

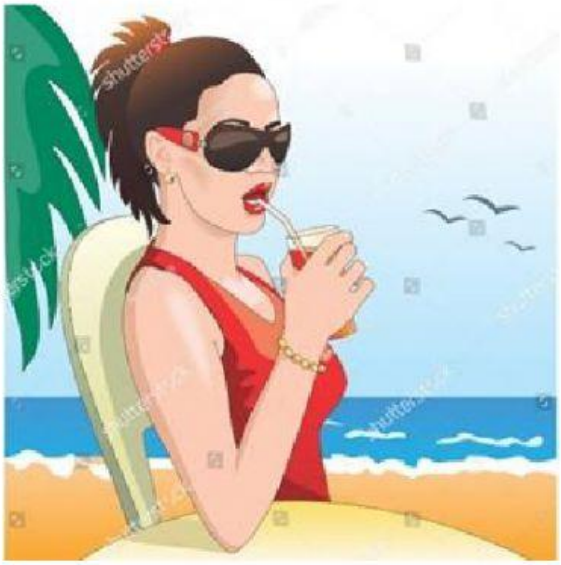
16. 

sesame [ˈsesəmi] n.

Sesame is an herb that is grown for its small seeds and its oil.

→ *I used the buns with the **sesame** seeds on them.*

LIVEWORKSHEETS

17. 

sip [sip] v.

To **sip** something means to drink a small amount at a time.

→ *Liza relaxed on the beach, **sipping** fruit juice through a straw.*

18. 

verge [vəːrdʒ] n.

The **verge** is the point at which something is about to happen.

→ *Joan was on the **verge** of leaving her house when the phone rang.*

LIVEWORKSHEETS