

Sarasas Pattana School
Exercise
Subject: Social Studies
Topic: Unit 6: Europe's Geography
Class: 8

Name: _____

No. _____

Class: _____

Part A: Fill in the blanks.

1. Europe is the smallest continent in the world, apart from Australia. It stretches westwards from the _____ Mountains to the _____ Ocean. The Urals form the border between Europe and _____, which share the same piece of land. (Asia, Ural, Atlantic)
2. North of Europe lies in the _____, snowy wilderness from where the _____ Peninsula curves south around the _____ Sea. (Baltic, Scandinavian, cold)
3. Much of central Europe is a huge _____. The weather is hot in _____ but bitterly cold in _____. This plain stretches from Russia across to France and southern England, covering the countries of Poland, Germany, the Netherlands, and Belgium. (Summers, winters, Plain)
4. The climate is milder in the west. It has rain-bearing _____ from the _____ Ocean and a warm ocean _____ called the *North Atlantic Drift*. (Atlantic, winds, current)

5. Southern Europe is divided from the _____ of the continent by the _____ ranges of the Pyrenees, _____ and Carpathians. (Alps, north, mountain)
6. In the southwest, much of the area is a _____, dry plateau. It is separated from North Africa by the narrow _____ of *Gibraltar*. The arid, rugged mountains as well as many rocky _____ can be found in *Greece*, in the far southeast of Europe. (Strait, hot, islands)

Part B: Matching type. Match Column A to Column B.

Column A

1. Snowy trees in cold North Europe winter. •
2. Snow covers bicycles in Antwerp, Belgium. •
3. Europe's coastline is deeply intended with many peninsulas, bays, and islands. •
4. Part of a huge plain in Central Europe. •

Column B

