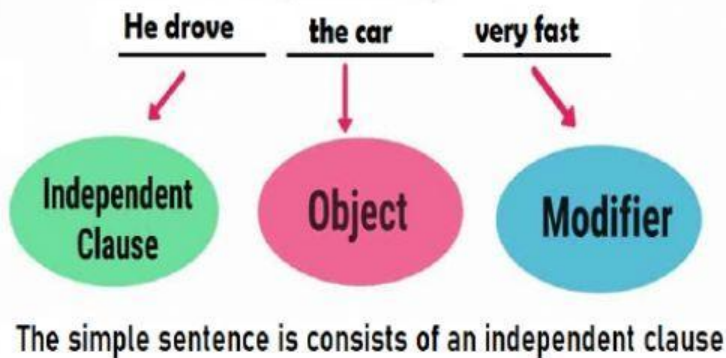


# Simple sentences



## Compound Sentences

A compound sentence consists of two independent clauses, joined together by a comma and a coordinating conjunction.

The coordinating conjunctions are:

For, And, Nor, But, Or, Yet, So

FANBOYS

Examples:

He was tired, **for** he went to bed early.

I cooked dinner, **and** he washed the dishes.

Jane has a red car, **but** Jill has a blue car.

A. Identify whether the following sentences are simple (S) or compound (C) sentences.

- Hockey is a popular sport in many countries around the world. ☐
- Hockey is a fast game, and fans scream with excitement. ☐
- We bought tickets to the hockey game. ☐
- Players obey the rules, or they receive penalties. ☐
- Hockey players move quickly, or they miss the goal. ☐
- Rao, Cheng and I formed a hockey team last month. ☐
- Teachers, pupils and friends came to our first match. ☐
- Boys and girls played on each team. ☐
- The boys won the match. ☐
- Hockey players are careful, but they still get hurt often. ☐



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B. Make compound sentences using the words given in brackets.

1. The cat drink some water. It was thirsty. (for)

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2. It was toing to rain. She took an umbrella with her. (so)

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3. Your room is so tidy. I am proud of you. (and)

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4. Shirley wants to go to school. Shirley has a fever. (but)

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5. Tina did not want to go to the doctor's. Tina went anyway. (yet)

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6. Norin does not eat apples. Norin does not eat any other fruit. (nor)

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7. Azam must save money. He will not be able to buy the watch. (or)

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