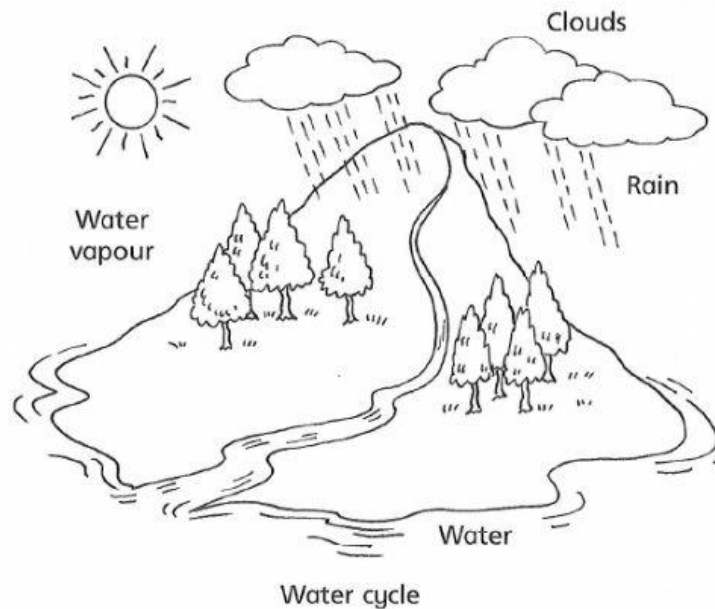


Notes

Fill in each blank with the correct word.

5.1 Water cycle

1. The water cycle is the _____ movement of water from Earth to the sky and back to Earth.
2. The heat from the _____ is the driving force for the water cycle.



3. _____ evaporates from the ground and water bodies such as seas and rivers.
4. _____ things also release water vapour through breathing, perspiration and urination.

5. The _____ condenses to form tiny water droplets.
6. The water droplets gather to form _____.
7. When the water droplets in the clouds get too heavy, they fall as _____.
8. Some rain seeps into the _____ and some rain is collected in the water bodies such as rivers and lakes.

5.2 Processes in the water cycle

1. _____ and _____ are two important processes that enable the water cycle to occur.
2. Water changes its _____ during these two processes.
3. During evaporation, _____ (liquid state) gains heat from the Sun and evaporates into _____ (gaseous state).
4. During condensation, _____ (gaseous state) loses heat to the surrounding air and condenses back into _____ (liquid state).
5. Other than rain (liquid state), water can also fall back to Earth as snow (_____ state) and hailstones (_____ state).