



Áreas y perímetros de polígonos regulares

Se denominan polígonos regulares porque tienen lados y ángulos iguales

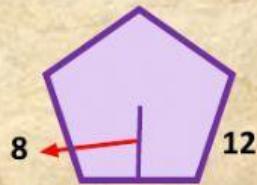
Para hallar el perímetro, puedes sumar las cifras que dan valor a cada lado o también multiplicar el valor asignado a cada lado por el número de lado.

Para hallar el área multiplicamos el perímetro de cada polígono por su apotema cuyo resultado lo dividimos entre dos.

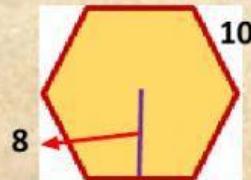
Empecemos a hallar el Perímetro y el área de cada polígono:



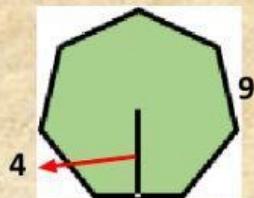
$$P = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} u$$
$$A = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} u^2$$



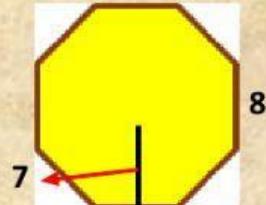
$$P = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} u$$
$$A = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} u^2$$



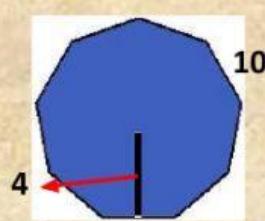
$$P = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} u$$
$$A = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} u^2$$



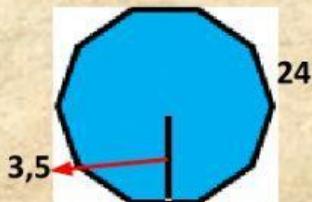
$$P = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} m$$
$$A = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} m^2$$



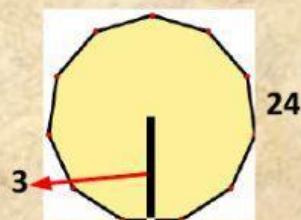
$$P = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} u$$
$$A = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} u^2$$



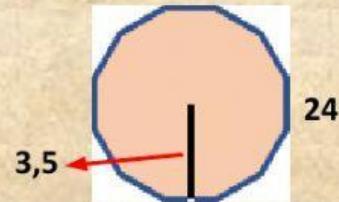
$$P = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} u$$
$$A = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} u^2$$



$$P = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} u$$
$$A = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} u^2$$



$$P = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} u$$
$$A = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} u^2$$



$$P = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} u$$
$$A = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} u^2$$