Test 3

LISTENING

Task 1 Перед Вами 5 предложений A-E с пропусками и варианты слов или словосочетаний для заполнения этих пропусков, обозначенные цифрами 1-3. Внимательно прочитайте их. Вы услышите диалог. Для каждого предложения A-E выберите слово или словосочетание, соответствующее содержанию диалога. К каждому пропуску подходит только один вариант ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды. При повторном прослушивании проверьте себя. У вас есть 45 секунд, чтобы ознакомиться с предложениями.

A. Andy has a new _____ teacher.
B. Andy is _____
C. Andy does NOT have swimming lessons on _____.
D. Andy has swimming lessons _____.
E. Basketball practice ends at _____.

READING

Task 4 Установите соответствие между текстами A-E и их темами, выбрав тему 1-6 из списка. Используйте каждую тему только один раз. В задании одна тема лишняя.
This text deals with …

A. The Republic of South Africa is the southernmost country in Africa. The area was originally occupied by an ethnic group of people called the Zulu who had migrated to the south from other parts of Africa over a thousand years ago. South Africa later became a Dutch colony and after that – a British colony. In 1961, the country gained independence from Britain and became a republic.

B. In 1948, the government classified the South African population into races and gave them different rights. This legal segregation known as apartheid ended in1993 with the release of Nelson Mandela, an anti-apartheid revolutionary, after 27 years of prison. Nelson Mandela became the first black president of South Africa.

C. The Boer Wars were a series of conflicts between the Dutch and settlers of South Africa (the Boers) and the British colonists. After France invaded the Dutch Republic during the Napoleonic Wars, the British invaded South Africa and took control. This caused a lot of tension between the Dutch and British colonists and resulted in several wars of independence.

D. South Africa has eleven official languages including Zulu (the language of the Zulu tribes, native to the area), Afrikaans (a Germanic language that evolved from Dutch) and English. The three most spoken languages are Zulu, Xhosa (a native African Bantu language, notable for its use of click consonants) and Afrikaans, although English is recognized as the language of commerce and science.

E. The majority of South Africa consists of flat plateaus surrounded by steep slopes called the Great Escarpment. As you go further north the climate becomes drier and drier until the landscapes fades completely into the Kalahari Desert.

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LIVEWORKSHEETS