

# Crime Stories

## Topic vocabulary

- 1.
- a) Find the words in bold into the dictionary. What do these words mean?
- Attend:  
Theft:  
Enter:  
Jewellery:  
Valuable:

b) Complete the sentences with the words and phrases below.

*Prevent / suspects / thieves / robbery / patrol / safe*

### Thefts at Cannes film festival

When glamorous celebrities **attend** the annual Cannes film festival, police and security \_\_\_\_\_ the streets and hotels. However, at the 2013 festival, that wasn't enough to \_\_\_\_\_ two major **thefts**. In the first theft, \_\_\_\_\_ **entered** a hotel room and stole an entire \_\_\_\_\_ full of **jewellery**. In the second \_\_\_\_\_ a **valuable** necklace was stolen. So far, the police haven't arrested any \_\_\_\_\_.

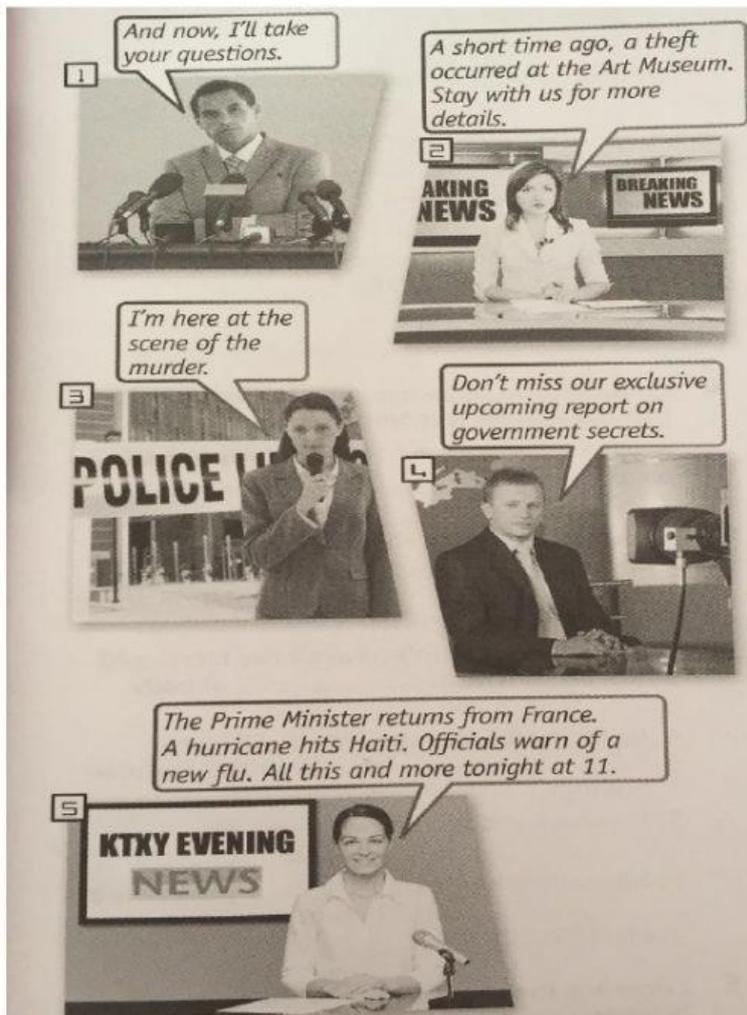
2. Match A to B to form sentences. Pay attention to the words in **bold**.

1. The **robber** was **masked**, so I couldn't see his...
2. We have got a **burglar alarm** in our...
3. They found no **evidence** of a...
4. Stop those boys! They **grabbed** my...
5. He **attacked** someone with a...

B	
___	a) wallet
___	b) face
___	c) knife
___	d) car
___	e) crime

3. Choose the sentence that best follows each first sentence. Pay attention to the words in **bold**.

1. The **witness** spoke to the police
    - a) She needed information in order to write her newspaper article.
    - b) She explained how she robbed the bank.
    - c) She described what she saw.
  2. You **broke the law**, sir.
    - a) Thank you. Now people will drive more slowly on this road.
    - b) You were driving much too fast.
    - c) I think we need more laws like this one.
  3. I set my alarm to **go off** at 7.00 tomorrow.
    - a) That way, it won't wake me up.
    - b) I hope I'll hear it.
    - c) It will start at 6.50.
  4. He **got away**.
    - a) He ran faster than the police.
    - b) He's in prison now.
    - c) The police are interviewing him now.
  5. I bought a new lock for my door.
    - a) It makes a loud noise.
    - b) I can carry more things on it now.
    - c) It will make it harder for **thieves** to **break in**.
4. Read the speech bubbles and then match each photo to the words and phrases below.



- \_\_\_ a) breaking news
- \_\_\_ b) scoop
- \_\_\_ c) live broadcast
- \_\_\_ d) holding a press conference
- \_\_\_ e) news bulletin

5. Complete the sentences with the words below. Pay attention to the words in **bold**.

Published / cover the news / front page / tabloid / news resources

1. **Reporters** \_\_\_\_\_.
2. The **headlines** on the \_\_\_\_\_ of a \_\_\_\_\_ are often about celebrity gossip or strange or untrue things.
3. The *New York Times*, a respected American **daily newspaper**, has been \_\_\_\_\_ since 1851.
4. You have to be careful about what you read in **the press**. Not all \_\_\_\_\_ are reliable.

6. A) Find the words in bold in the dictionary. What do these words mean?

Neighbourhood:

Quick:

On foot:

To have left outside:

To appear:

Hit:

To raise:

Shelter:

Advert:

Pants:

B) Complete the text with the words and phrases below.

**Skilful** / **evidence** / **thief** / headlines / the press / locks / **grabs** / **gets away**

### A Real Cat Burglar

This \_\_\_\_\_ works only at night and in one **neighbourhood** in Luton, England. He's **quick**, \_\_\_\_\_ and always \_\_\_\_\_ **on foot**. He doesn't break \_\_\_\_\_ or windows to get into people's homes, and never steals money or computers. Instead, he \_\_\_\_\_ things people **have left outside**, including clothing, shoes and small toys. And every day, he brings the \_\_\_\_\_ of his crimes home. He's a cat named Denis, and he's quite a celebrity now. The public and \_\_\_\_\_ love him. He's been in the \_\_\_\_\_ of British newspapers, **appeared** on BBC television and videos of him bringing things home are **hits** on YouTube. Denis' popularity is helping to **raise** money for a local cat **shelter**, too, from **adverts** on YouTube and sales of T-shirts that say "Denis stole my **pants**".