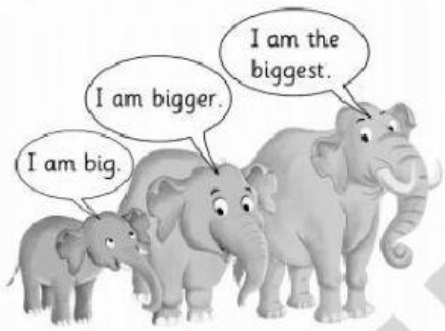
› 3.3 Comparing things

Language detective

When we compare things, we can use the endings **–er** and **–est**. Look at how we can compare these elephants:



When we compare things using longer adjectives like **dangerous** or **poisonous**, we use the words **more** and **the most**. Look at how we compare these snakes:



Focus

1 **Read the desert reptiles fact files on pages 48–49 of your Learner's Book. Then answer the questions.**

a Which animal is the smallest? _____

b Is the Gila monster more dangerous than the shovel-snouted lizard? _____

c Do you think the Gila monster is faster than the shovel-snouted lizard? _____

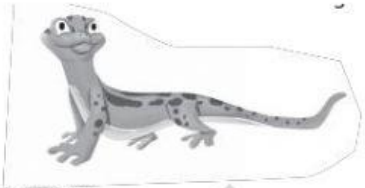
d Which animals are bigger than the thorny devil? _____

e Which animal is heavier, the Gila monster or the Indian sand boa? _____

f Which animal is the strangest? _____

SAMPLE

LIVEWORKSHEETS



Practice

2 **Complete the sentences.**
Use the adjectives in brackets.

a The Antarctic is _____ than the Sahara. (**cold**)

b The Atacama Desert is **the** _____ place on Earth. (**dry**)



c The Saguaro cactus is **the** _____ cactus on Earth. (**tall**)

d An elephant is _____ than a horse. (**big**)

e A parrot is _____ than a bee. (**colourful**)

f A mouse is _____ than an elephant. (**small**)

Get it right!

You can say **smaller** or **bigger**, but you can't say ~~more smaller~~ or ~~more bigger~~.

You can say **more dangerous** or **more colourful**, but you can't say ~~dangerouser~~ or ~~colourfuler~~.



PDF

LIVEWORKSHEETS