

Name:.....

BỘ ĐỀ ÔN THI THPT

ĐỀ 16 (code 25)

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

Any change in one element of an ecosystem might have a ripple effect on the others. Droughts, storms and fires can change ecosystems. Some changes (1) \_\_\_\_\_ harm to ecosystems. If there is too (2) \_\_\_\_\_ rainfall, plants will not have enough water to live. If a kind of plant dies off, the animals that feed on it may also die or move away. Some changes are good for ecosystems. Some pine forests need fires for the pine trees to reproduce. The seeds are sealed inside pinecones. Heat from a forest fire melts the seal and lets the seeds (3) \_\_\_\_\_. Polluting the air, soil, and water can harm ecosystems. (4) \_\_\_\_\_ dams on rivers for hydroelectric power and irrigation can impact the ecosystems that surround them. Bulldozing wetlands and cutting down forests destroy ecosystems. Ecologists are (5) \_\_\_\_\_ with companies and governments to find better ways of catching fish, cutting down trees, and building dams. They are looking (6) \_\_\_\_\_ ways to get food, lumber, and other products for people without causing harm to ecosystems.

Question 1: A. do	B. make	C. take	D. have
Question 2: A. little	B. a little	C. few	D. a few
Question 3: A. come out	B. come in	C. bring in	D. bring out
Question 4: A. Build	B. To build	C. Building	D. Built
Question 5: A. dealing	B. cooperating	C. managing	D. handling
Question 6: A. after	B. into	C. over	D. for

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in the pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 7: A. skating	B. <u>status</u>	C. stadium	D. <u>statue</u>
Question 8: A. <u>definitions</u>	B. <u>documents</u>	C. <u>combs</u>	D. <u>doors</u>

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

Question 9: A. popularity	B. conscientious	C. apprenticeship	D. personality
Question 10: A. museum	B. wonder	C. problem	D. special

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

In the late 19<sup>th</sup> century, a new type of accommodation emerged. In 1860 the Stuy, regarded as Paris's first apartment house was constructed in the main streets. The structure was created by Richard Morris Hunt, the first American architect to graduate from the Ecole des Beaux Arts in Paris, and was financed by developer Rutherford Stuy. Each man had lived in Paris and was familiar with the economics and social possibilities of this type of Parisian home. However, the Stuy was just a **moderate** success. Despite Hunt's eye-catching design, the living room was awkwardly arranged. Those who could afford it preferred to live in the more reasonable single-family houses, leaving the Stuy to newlywed couples and bachelors.

The Stuy and the other apartment buildings in the 1870s and early 1880s had the fundamental problem of being confined to the typical Paris building lot. That lot was a rectangular area 25 feet wide by 100 feet deep-a shape perfectly suited for a row house. A rectangular tenement may be built on the site, but it would lack the square, well-lit, and properly organized rooms that excellent apartment buildings require. But even with the awkward interior configurations of the early apartment buildings, the idea **caught on**. It met the needs of a large and growing population that wanted something better than tenements but could not afford or did not want row

houses.

**Question 11:** The new housing form discussed in the passage refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

A. single-family homes B. apartment buildings C. row houses D. hotels

**Question 12:** The word “**moderate**” is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

A. intensive B. extensive C. considerate D. slight

**Question 13:** Why wasn’t the Stuyvesant successful?

A. The arrangement of the rooms was not convenient.  
B. Most people could not afford to live there.  
C. There were no shopping areas nearby.  
D. It was in a crowded neighborhood.

**Question 14:** It can be inferred that the majority of people who lived in Paris’s first apartments were

A. highly educated B. unemployed C. wealthy D. young

**Question 15:** It can be inferred that a Paris apartment building in the 1870’s and 1880’s had all of the following characteristics EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_.

A. Its room arrangement was not logical. B. It was rectangular.  
C. It was spacious inside. D. It had limited light.

**Question 16:** The phrase “**catch on**” is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

A. become familiar B. become widespread C. become economical D. become pricey.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.*

**Question 17:** Everyone at her housewarming was very friendly towards me.

A. amicable B. inapplicable C. hostile D. fertile

**Question 18:** These charities depend on the compassionate feelings and generosity of the general public.

A. grateful B. greedy C. indifferent D. sensible

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.*

**Question 19:** If you inherited a million pounds, what \_\_\_\_\_ with the money?

A. would you do B. will you do C. do you do D. are you going to do

**Question 20:** They \_\_\_\_\_ the play on New Year’s Eve as they went to the Countdown Party 2018.

A. won’t have seen B. wouldn’t have seen  
C. needn’t have seen D. can’t have seen

**Question 21:** At first they refused but I managed to bring them \_\_\_\_\_ to my way of thinking.

A. up B. over C. out D. round

**Question 22:** Something tells me that you \_\_\_\_\_ to a single word I \_\_\_\_\_ in the past ten minutes.

A. haven’t listened/ was saying B. didn’t listen/ said  
C. haven’t been listening/ have said D. haven’t listened/ said

**Question 23:** The \_\_\_\_\_ country mouse ran home as fast as his legs could carry him.

A. frightening B. frighten C. frightful D. frightened

**Question 24:** The police spokesman said he was \_\_\_\_\_ to believe that the arrested man was the serial killer they had been looking for.

A. inclined B. tended C. suspected D. supposed

**Question 25:** Let's \_\_\_\_\_ and accept the responsibility.

- A. face the music
- B. pay through the nose
- C. keep your fingers crossed
- D. have a cold feet

**Question 26:** I don't think anyone \_\_\_\_\_ what I was saying at the meeting, did they?

- A. take up
- B. take over
- C. take on
- D. take in

**Question 27:** As I have just had a tooth \_\_\_\_\_, I am not allowed to eat or drink anything for three hours

- A. taken out
- B. sorted out
- C. crossed out
- D. phased out

**Question 28:** We don't seem to have any more of that book, Sir. It is out of \_\_\_\_\_ but we are getting a new delivery next Thursday if you would like to pop back then.

- A. stock
- B. order
- C. print
- D. shop

**Question 29:** I phoned Tiki, who \_\_\_\_\_ me that my reference books would be delivered within 3 days.

- A. assured
- B. confirmed
- C. guaranteed
- D. reassured

**Question 30:** Chelsea is expected \_\_\_\_\_ Manchester United in the three successive matches.

- A. To win
- B. winning
- C. to beat
- D. beating

**Question 31:** Mom usually overlooks my mistakes. \_\_\_\_\_, I would be afraid of making mistakes.

- A. Therefore
- B. Otherwise
- C. However
- D. Moreover

**Question 32:** He would rather \_\_\_\_\_ to the party last night. It was boring for him to stay in.

- A. Have taken
- B. be taken
- C. take
- D. have been taken

**Question 33:** I was \_\_\_\_\_ when he proposed me in such a romantic setting.

- A. off color
- B. over the moon
- C. down in the dumps
- D. on the fence

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.*

**Question 34:** We're really close friends but we just can't see eye to eye on politics.

- A. see well
- B. share the same views about
- C. understand
- D. care for

**Question 35:** Full-time employees are entitled to receive health insurance.

- A. prohibited
- B. eligible
- C. illegible
- D. permitted

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.*

**Question 36:** After the (A) science lecture, all students are invited (B) to take part in a discussion (C) of the issues which were (D) risen in the talk

**Question 37:** (A) The wedding ceremony (B) is expected to (C) be taken place at the (D) beginning of the month.

**Question 38:** (A) The salary of a professor (B) is (C) far higher than (D) a secretary.

**Question 39:** Not until (A) does he grow up (B) will he understand how (C) much his parents (D) love him.

**Question 40:** (A) Reluctant though (B) was he to pay (C) such a high price, he had no (D) alternative.

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.*

**Question 41:** It is difficult to get tickets for 2018 World Cup. It was wise of him to buy the tickets for 2018 World Cup in advance.

- A. Since they are difficult to get, he should have brought the tickets for 2018 World Cup beforehand.

- B. Although he bought the tickets for 2018 World Cup in advance, he wasn't wise enough to do so.

C. Such is the difficulty in getting the tickets for 2018 World Cup that it was wise of him to buy them beforehand.

D. The tickets for 2018 World Cup is so difficult to get that he had enough wisdom to buy them.

**Question 42:** We arrived at the airport. We realized our passports were still at home.

A. Hardly had we arrived at the airport than we realized our passports were still at home.

B. We arrived at the airport and realized that our passports are still at home.

C. Not until had we arrived at the airport, we realized our passports were still at home.

D. Not until we arrived at the airport did we realize that our passports were still at home.

**Read the passage and choose the correct answer**

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1 Mount Masada is an important location in Hebrew history, as it was the last stronghold of Jewish resistance in the Roman Empire. According to legend, the Roman Empire laid siege to Masada in 72 A.D. where the palace fortress of the Jewish people was located. The Romans assumed that their enemies would surrender quickly, but the people of Masada held 5 out for 2 years. Rather than be taken by the Romans, the rebels remained true to their faith and people. They committed suicide in order to evade the troops.

In reference to the battle of Masada, historians only have one historical record to go by, the work of Josephus, who wrote in the first century A.D. According to Josephus, there were approximately 1,000 people living in the fortress during the siege. The Romans, however, 10 could only find 7 alive, 2 women and 5 children, when they finally entered the fortress by breaking down the gate. In 1842, the legendary location was found, but it wasn't until 1963 that Israeli archeologist Yigael Yadin began excavating the site. Yadin and his team found the remains of many building sites which were originally storehouses, homes, and Jewish chapels called synagogues.

15 Today, visitors can climb Masada on the treacherous "Snake Path" or ride a cable car to the top. Masada is located on the edge of the desert fronting the Dead Sea, which is very dry and almost completely isolated. Because of this, it stayed undiscovered for almost two thousand years. Visitors are usually very surprised that ancient people were able to build the city atop this lofty mountain and survive for two years without descending for food or water. Masada 20 has a tragic history, but is an incredible and interesting place, one that is worth visiting if you're ever in Israel.

**Question 43.** What is the purpose of the passage?

A. To explain how the Jewish people of Masada perished

B. To persuade readers to visit Mount Masada in the Israeli desert

C. To introduce a legendary place called Masada in ancient history

D. To point out the importance of Yigael Yadin, a Masada's archeologist.

**Question 44:** The word "They" refers to \_\_\_\_\_

A. the rebels

B. the Romans

C. the archeologists

D. the troops

**Question 45.** In line 12, the word "excavating" is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_

A. invading

B. digging

C. pointing

D. protecting

**Question 46:** Why does the author mention the desert fronting the Dead Sea?

- A. To prove that Masada is worth visiting
- B. To explain why Masada stayed hidden for a long time
- C. To emphasize how difficult it is to access Masada
- D. To illustrate the beautiful scenery visitors can enjoy at Masada

**Question 47:** What is NOT true about Masada?

- A. Visitors are astounded at the unique structure of Masada.
- B. Visitors can drive to Masada.
- C. Masada was found in 1842
- D. There used to be storehouses, homes and Jewish chapels

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.*

**Question 48:** Intelligent though she may seem, she's not to be relied on.

- A. She's too intelligent to be relied on.
- B. However she seems intelligent, she's not to be relied on.
- C. She may be intelligent, but she's not to be relied on.
- D. However intelligent she seems, she's not to be relied on.

**Question 49:** "You're always cheating on exams, An.", said the teacher.

- A. The teacher asked his student why they always cheated on exams.
- B. The teacher realized that his student always cheated on exams.
- C. The teacher complained about his student cheating on exams.
- D. The teacher made his student not always cheat on exams.

**Question 50:** Israel, India and Pakistan are generally believed to have nuclear weapons that use only nuclear fission.

- A. There's a general belief that that Israel, India and Pakistan should have nuclear weapons that use only nuclear fission.
- B. It is generally believed that Israel, India and Pakistan have nuclear weapons that use only nuclear fission.
- C. The general belief is that Israel, India and Pakistan should have nuclear weapons that use only nuclear fission.
- D. It generally believes that Israel, India and Pakistan have nuclear weapons that use only nuclear fission.

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