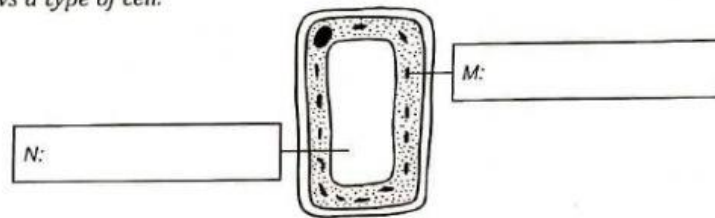


BAHAGIAN B

ARAHAN: Jawab semua soalan

1. Rajah 1 menunjukkan sejenis sel.
Diagram 1 shows a type of cell.



Rajah 1 / Diagram 1

- (a) Labelkan struktur M dan N dengan nama yang betul.
Label the structure M and N with the correct name.

[2 markah / 2 marks]

- (b) Padankan bahagian sel dengan fungsinya yang betul.
Match the parts of the cell with their correct function.

Bahagian sel <i>Part of the cell</i>	Fungsi <i>Function</i>
Dinding sel <i>Cell wall</i>	Mengawal semua aktiviti sel <i>Controls all the cell activities</i>
Nukleus <i>Nucleus</i>	Mengekalkan bentuk sel <i>Maintains the shape of cell</i>
Sitoplasma <i>Cytoplasm</i>	

[2 markah / 2 marks]

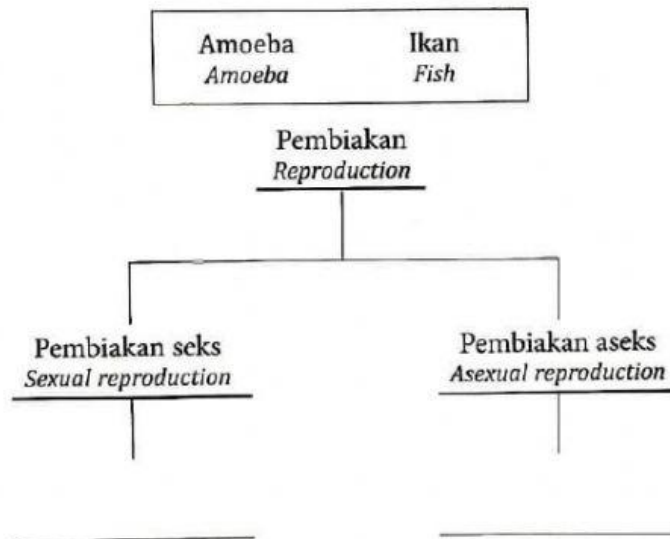
2. (a) Benda hidup perlu membiak untuk memastikan spesiesnya tidak pupus.
Living things need to reproduce to ensure their species do not extinct.

Gariskan jawapan yang betul dalam kurungan yang disediakan.
Underline the correct answer in the bracket provided.

- (i) Pembiakan (seks, aseks) melibatkan dua induk.
(Sexual, asexual) reproduction involves two parents.
- (ii) Lobak membiak melalui (batang, akar)
Carrot reproduces through its (stem, root)

[2 markah / 2 marks]

- (b) Lengkapkan peta pokok dengan menggunakan organisma yang diberi untuk mengelaskan jenis pembiakan.
Complete the tree map using the organisms given to classify types of reproduction.



[2 markah / 2 marks]

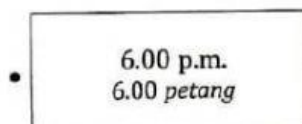
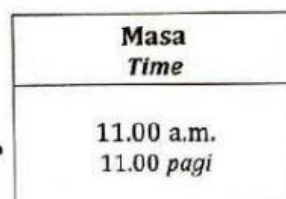
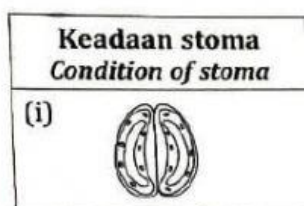
3. (a) Tandakan (✓) pada pernyataan yang betul.
Mark (✓) the correct statement.

(i) Stoma dikawal oleh sepasang sel pengawal. <i>Stoma controlled by a pair of guard cells.</i>	
(ii) Stoma tutup apabila suhu persekitaran rendah. <i>Stoma close when the surrounding temperature are lower.</i>	

- (iii) Stoma membenarkan pertukaran gas berlaku antara tumbuhan dan atmosfera.
Stoma allows gas exchanges between plants and atmosphere.

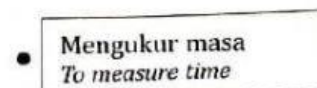
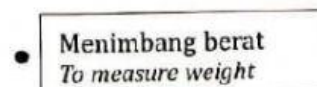
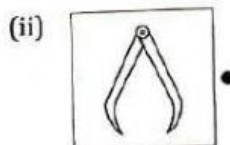
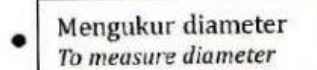
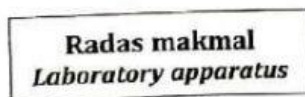
[2 markah / 2 marks]

- (b) Dua rajah berikut menunjukkan dua keadaan stoma yang berlainan. Padankan keadaan stoma dengan masa yang betul.
The two following diagrams show two different condition of a stoma. Match the condition of stoma with the correct time.



[2 markah / 2 marks]

4. (a) Padankan radas makmal dengan fungsi yang betul.
Match the laboratory apparatus with its function.



[2 markah / 2 marks]

- (b) Rajah 4 menunjukkan tiga radas makmal P, Q dan R.

Diagram 4 shows three laboratory apparatus P, Q and R.

Namakan P, Q dan R dengan menggunakan perkataan-perkataan di bawah.

Name P, Q and R by using the words given.

Bikar <i>Beaker</i>	Penunu Bunsen <i>Bunsen burner</i>	Tungku kaki tiga <i>Tripod stand</i>
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P: _____



Q: _____

Rajah 4 / Diagram 4

[2 markah / 2 marks]

5. (a) Rajah 5 menunjukkan secawan kopi. Dalam Rajah 5, label keadaan jirim bagi setiap bahan dengan menggunakan perkataan yang diberikan dalam kotak di bawah.

Diagram 5 shows a cup of coffee. In Diagram 5, label the state of matter of each substance by using the words given in the box below.

Cecair <i>Liquid</i>	Gelombang <i>Wave</i>	Gas <i>Gas</i>	Pepejal <i>Solid</i>
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Rajah 5 / Diagram 5

[2 markah / 2 marks]

- (b) Tandakan (✓) pada ayat yang menunjukkan berlakunya sifat kimia.

Mark (✓) on the sentences that indicate the occurrence of chemical properties.

(i) Garam larut dalam air membentuk larutan garam. <i>Salt dissolves in water to form salt solution.</i>	
(ii) Paku pada meja itu telah berkarat. <i>The nails on the table had rusted.</i>	