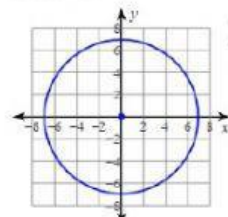


Relación la ecuación con su solución representada en el plano cartesiano.

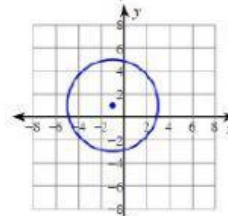
Ecuación

$$x^2 + (y + 2)^2 = 4$$

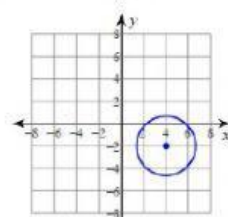
Solución



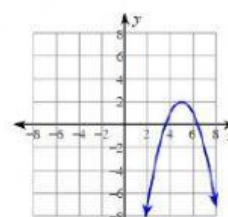
$$-(y - 2) = (x - 5)^2$$



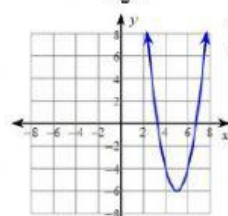
$$x^2 + y^2 = 48$$



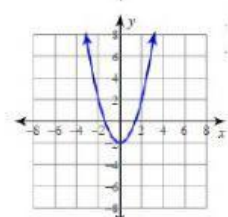
$$\frac{1}{2}(y + 6) = (x - 5)^2$$



$$y + 2 = x^2$$



$$(x + 1)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 16$$



$$(x - 4)^2 + (y + 2)^2 = 7$$

