

## Research Skills Class: Review Quiz

1. What is the first thing you should do when you summarize a passage?
2. Should you include many examples and details in a summary?
3. Do you need to add your own ideas?
4. How long should a summary be?
5. What is plagiarism?
6. Is plagiarism the same as paraphrasing?

7. List 3 common consequences of plagiarism.

a. \_\_\_\_\_

b. \_\_\_\_\_

c. \_\_\_\_\_

8. List 2 ways you can avoid plagiarism.

a. \_\_\_\_\_

b. \_\_\_\_\_

9. List 2 common types of brainstorming.

a. \_\_\_\_\_

b. \_\_\_\_\_

10. Give examples of each type of research source.

a. Primary sources

i. \_\_\_\_\_

ii. \_\_\_\_\_

iii. \_\_\_\_\_

b. Secondary sources

i. \_\_\_\_\_

ii. \_\_\_\_\_

iii. \_\_\_\_\_

11. What is a SMART objective?

a. S= \_\_\_\_\_

b. M= \_\_\_\_\_

c. A= \_\_\_\_\_

d. R= \_\_\_\_\_

e. T= \_\_\_\_\_

12. Explain how a goal is different than an objective.

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Use these words to fill in the blanks.

Scrutiny

Valid

Data

Evaluate

Research

Credible

13. You must evaluate your conclusions to see if they are \_\_\_\_\_.

14. Drawing valid conclusions involves carefully collecting \_\_\_\_\_.

15. Drawing valid conclusions involves making judgements that will withstand

\_\_\_\_\_.

16. You should evaluate your sources to see if the source is \_\_\_\_\_.

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17. If your research sources do not agree with each other what should you do?

18. Describe a General-to-Specific pattern for presenting research.

19. Describe a Problem-Cause-Solution pattern for presenting research.

20. List 3 questions you could ask when evaluating the conclusions you arrived at after  
doing your research.

a. \_\_\_\_\_

b. \_\_\_\_\_

c. \_\_\_\_\_