

HOMEWORK

Exercise 1. Choose the right answer

The table below gives information about the average annual spending of university students in three different countries.

Countries	Country A	Country B	Country C
Total spending	\$5000	\$4500	\$1500
Different living costs			
Accommodation	45%	35%	30%
Food	22%	28%	36%
Books	3%	9%	21%
Leisure	22%	23%	12%
Others	8%	5%	1%

The given table **1. (compares/compared)** the percentage of expenditure which college students from 3 countries spend on different living expenses each year.

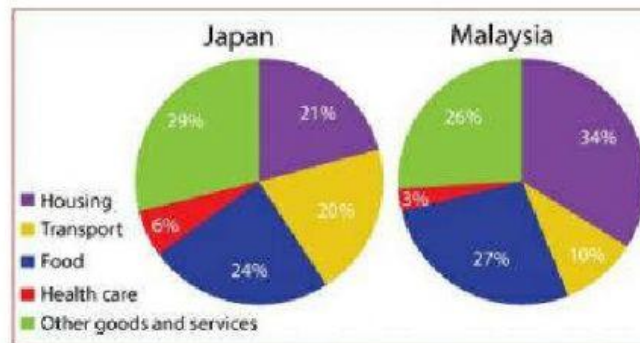
Overall, the total spending of students in country A was **2. (lower/higher)** than the expenditure of students in countries B and C. In all the countries, students spent **3. (higher/the highest)** proportion of their budgets on accommodation and food.

In country A, the total spending of students is **4. (lowest/highest)**, at 5000\$ per year, compared with \$4500 and \$1500 for students in countries B and C respectively.

Accommodation accounted for 45% of the total expenditure of students in country A, **5. (but/while)** the proportions were lower for students in country B at 35%, and country C, at only 30%. **6. (However/Although)** in terms of food, students in country C spent the **7. (largest/lowest)** percentage of their money on it, accounting for 36%. The figures for country A and B were only 22% and 28% respectively. Students in country C also spent a high **8. (number/percentage)** of their budgets on books, at 21%, compared with 9% for students in country B and just 3% for students in country A. **9. (At the same time/In contrast)**, students in countries A and B spent 22% and 23% respectively of their budgets on leisure, **10. (but/while)** students in country C spent only 12% of their total money on this category.

Exercise 2. Describe the chart based on the given words

The pie charts below show the average household expenditures in Japan and Malaysia in the year 2010.



1. Overall / Japanese and Malaysian people / spent / largest / proportion / budget / housing, food and other goods and services.

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2. In Malaysia, proportion / spending / housing / was / highest.

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3. Japanese householders / spent / largest / amount / money / other goods and services.

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4. In Japan, / percentage / spending / on / transport / lower / the amount of money / spent / housing.

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5. The amount of money / spent / food / Malaysia and / Japan / nearly similar.

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