

Full name:

Class:

UNIT 4**MY NEIGHBOURHOOD****A. PHONETICS****I. Use the dictionary. Write the vowel sound /i:/ or /ɪ/ of the underlined letter(s).**

1. historic / /	6. convenient / /	11. village / /	16. beach / /
2. <u>keep</u> / /	7. <u>buil</u> ding / /	12. <u>chea</u> p / /	17. <u>eveni</u> ng / /
3. <u>peace</u> ful / /	8. <u>stre</u> et / /	13. <u>delici</u> ous / /	18. <u>sea</u> food / /
4. <u>thi</u> nk / /	9. <u>busi</u> / /	14. <u>slim</u> / /	19. <u>city</u> / /
5. <u>cin</u> ema / /	10. <u>excit</u> ing / /	15. <u>differe</u> nt / /	20. <u>shee</u> p / /

B. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR**II. Choose the correct adjectives to complete the sentences.**

- The road is not _____ (wide / narrow) enough for two cars to pass comfortably.
- Inside the cathedral, it's _____ (noisy / peaceful) and quiet.
- Those shoes are really _____ (cheap / expensive) - they only cost £25.
- My house is rather far from my school, so it's a bit _____ (convenient / inconvenient).
- Kids always find Christmas _____ (exciting / boring). They are always looking forward to Christmas.
- The air in the countryside is fresh and _____ (polluted / unpolluted).
- Hoi An is a(n) _____ (old / modern) town near Da Nang.
- There are a lot of shops nearby, so the streets are always busy and _____ (noisy / quiet) during the day.

III. Complete the sentences with the correct comparative form of the words in the box.

friendly	useful	important	cold	crowded
bad	high	exciting	thin	narrow

- In Canada, January is _____ than March.
- I think that good health is _____ than money.
- You look _____. Have you lost weight?
- I couldn't get a seat in the restaurant. It was _____ than usual.
- Mountains are _____ than hills.
- I think that people who live in villages are _____ than people in big cities.
- My exam results were _____ than I expected.
- I think New York is _____ than Houston.
- These trousers are too wide. Do you have any that are _____?
- I like my new dictionary. It is _____ than the last one.

IV. Complete the sentences with the comparative form of the adjectives in brackets. Add than where necessary.

1. I think she is still ill. She looks even _____ last week. (bad)
2. Her job is a lot _____ mine. (stressful)
3. He thinks Charlie Chaplin is _____ Mr Bean. (funny)
4. I can't study in this room. It's too noisy. I'm going to find a _____ place. (quiet)
5. Smart phones make our lives _____ and _____. (easy - convenient)
6. Life in a city is a lot _____ life in the countryside. (good)
7. My Math class is _____ my English class. (boring)
8. I like this school because it is _____ the other one. (big)
9. A car is much _____ a bike. (expensive)
10. We need _____ actors for this film. (young)

V. Complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first sentence, using the adjective in capitals.

1. The first question is easier than the second one. (DIFFICULT)
The second question _____
2. The black coat is smaller than the brown one. (BIG)
The brown coat _____
3. The chair is less comfortable than the sofa. (COMFORTABLE)
The sofa _____
4. Jim's suitcase is lighter than Jack's suitcase. (HEAVY)
Jack's suitcase _____
5. His homework is better than mine. (BAD)
My homework _____
6. The big television is more expensive than the small one. (CHEAP)
The small television _____
7. The Royal Hotel is more old-fashioned than the Holton Hotel. (MODERN)
The Holton Hotel _____
8. The weather here is worse than it is there. (GOOD)
The weather there _____
9. People in the city are less friendly than those in the country. (FRIENDLY)
People in the country _____
10. Life in the city is more interesting than life in the country. (BORING)
Life in the country _____