Środki językowe matura podstawowa

LEKCJA 5

Ćwiczenie 1.

Wypełnij luki odpowiednimi słowami.

OUR PARENTS

When we are children and teenagers, we hardly ever think about how patient our parents must be to **1** ..... us up properly. We tend to think that everything our parents do is **2** ..... obvious that there is nothing to think about and to be **3** ..... for. We often object to the rules which our parents try to **4** ..... to keep everything more or less in order. Teenagers are especially rebellious and think they know the best solutions to all problems and generally don't need any "guides" in their lives. If they decide to have some guides, they are usually **5** ..... other teenagers who don't have any life experience **6** ..... or adults who are frequently not a good example to follow. Only when teenagers experience something really traumatic in their lives can they appreciate the presence of their loving parents who are **7** ..... to help them in every situation **8** ..... – the worst one.

1.	a. put	b. make	c. bring
2.	a. so	b. such	c. very
3.	a. afraid	b. keen	c. grateful
4.	a. realise	b. introduce	c. postpone
5.	a. either	b. none	c. too
6.	a. other	b. another	c. themselves
7.	a. possible	b. eager	c. unwilling
8.	a. some	b. even	c. many



LIVEWORKSHEETS

Ćwiczenie 2.

Uzupełnij minidialogi. Z podanych odpowiedzi A, B lub C wybierz właściwą wypowiedź jednej z osób.

Dialog 1.

X: May I come in?
Y: .....

A. Yes please, do it again.
B. Yes, please take a seat.
C. Yes, you can take it away.

Dialog 2.

X: I wonder who this book is written by.
Y: .....

A. He booked it by mistake.
B. Look at the cover, and you will find out.
C. This book belongs to me.

Dialog 3.

X: That was a delicious dinner, thank you very much indeed.
Y: .....

A. It was my pleasure.
B. I didn't mean to do it.
C. I couldn't help you.

Dialog 4.

X: I'm Polish, and you?
Y: .....

A. Yes, I do.
B. So am I.
C. So do I.

Ćwiczenie 3.

Wybierz odpowiedź, która najlepiej oddaje polski fragment zdania zarówno pod względem gramatycznym, jak i znaczeniowym.

1.	I will visit my friend after (skończę) my dinner.		
	a. I will finish	b. I finished	c. I finish
2.	(Co robisz) in the dining room now?		
	a. What are you doing	b. What you are doing	c. What have you done
3.	He asked me (czy) I knew that man.		
	a. do	b. does	c. if
4.	Tom wanted to know (gdzie jest poczta).		
	a. where was the post office	b. where the post office was	c. what about the post office
5.	(Nikt nie zna) our new teacher.		
	a. Nobody knows	b. Nobody know	c. Somebody knows

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Ćwiczenie 4.

Wybierz słowo pasujące znaczeniowo do obu zdań.

1. You may ..... very big problems if you borrow money from dishonest people.
   His grandmother has many wrinkles on her .....

   a. eye b. cheek c. face

2. He behaves like a macho, but ..... down he is a sensitive man.
   Before you jump, make sure this water is ..... enough.

   a. deep b. upside c. warm

3. It took him a long time to ..... a reputation for being an honest politician.
   I would like to ..... more money; that's why I want to change my job.

   a. afford b. digest c. earn

4. My parents live in a very picturesque .....
   If you want to sell your car, you should ..... an ad in a newspaper.

   a. place b. village c. square

5. Her ..... of view is very unusual but interesting.
   I didn't mean it, you missed the .....

   a. opinion b. point c. word

6. Chemicals are very dangerous. Keep them out of ..... of your children.
   We should ..... our destination at about 6 p.m.

   a. get b. reach c. arrive

7. Have they ..... all exams?
   Our grandfather ..... away two months ago.

   a. failed b. taken c. passed

8. What does the abbreviation PKP ..... for?
   Your behaviour is terrible! I can't ..... it any more!

   a. stand b. mean c. put

9. If we leave too late, we may ..... our train.
   When I'm away, I ..... you very much.

   a. miss b. late c. catch

10. Is this a direct connection or do we have to ..... trains?
    I saw that beggar but didn't have any small ..... to give him.

    a. swap b. coin c. change

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Ćwiczenie 5.

Wybierz słowo lub zwrot, który **jest najbliższy znaczeniowo wytłuszczonemu** fragmentowi zdania.

1.	**My preference would be to buy** a cheaper car.		
	a. I'd rather buy	b. I'm likely to buy	c. I'm afraid of buying
2.	Their parents **split up** last year.		
	a. got divorced	b. got married	c. got angry
3.	We have been **trekking** in the mountains for over a week.		
	a. smashing	b. devouring	c. hiking
4.	Playing with matches can be **dangerous**.		
	a. pleasant	b. hazardous	c. exciting
5.	I have found a very old **chest** in our attic.		
	a. walnut	b. device	c. trunk
6.	We **got lost** in the forest last Sunday.		
	a. lost our wallet	b. lost our way	c. lost our mind
7.	He **is similar to** his grandfather.		
	a. takes after	b. takes away	c. takes up

LIVEWORKSHEETS