

Subject and Predicate

Subject: What the sentence is about.

Predicate: The action of a sentence, often including a verb.

Example: The very tall man drank the hot tea.

The very tall man is the subject because the sentence is about him.

Drank all the hot tea is the predicate because this is where the verb is.

Look at the part of the sentence that has been underlined and write if it is a subject or predicate.

- 1) The motorbike went faster than a speeding bullet. _____
- 2) The massive elephant ate all the leaves. _____
- 3) I went to school as quickly as I could. _____
- 4) The funny monkey laughed at the big green banana. _____
- 5) The clever student completed all the difficult homework. _____
- 6) Ben received a phone call. _____

Prefixes

Select the correct answer.

Prefixes go on the front of the root word.

For example: **P**regame, **S**ubmarine, **dis**agree, **re**write

- | | | | |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 1) What does the word re read mean? | A) to read again | B) To read before | C) Not read |
| 2) What does the word pre view mean? | A) To view before | B) To view after | C) To never view |
| 3) What is the opposite of the word agree? | A) disagree | B) Unagree | C) Reagree |
| 4) If something dis appears, does it mean.. | A) It has gone | B) It has come back | C) It never left |
| 5) If something is im polite does it mean.... | A) Not polite | B) Very polite | C) Never polite |