

UBND HUYỆN ABC TRƯỜNG THCS XYZ (Đề thi này gồm có 09 trang)	ĐỀ THI HSG VÒNG TRƯỜNG NĂM HỌC 2021 - 2022 ĐỀ THI MÔN : Tiếng Anh 9 Thời gian làm bài: 120 phút Ngày thi:/2021
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Họ và tên thí sinh: số báo danh:

SECTION I: LISTENING (3.0 POINTS) (You will hear twice for each part)

Part 1: Questions from 1 to 9. (1.8 point - 0.2/ each)

You will hear someone talking on the radio about a Language Study Fair and fill in the missing information in the numbered space.

The Language Study Fair

Dates: 17th to 19th (1)

Place: National Education Centre

Fair includes: - stands with textbooks

- (2)by educational speakers.

- exhibition of (3)

- demonstrations of latest computer (4)

Opening hours: 9.30 a.m – (5) p.m. Thursday and Friday

9.30 a.m – 4.00 p.m (6)

Tickets: £5 or £3 for (7)

Tickets can be (8)by ringing the hotline on (9)

Part 2: Questions from 10 to 15. (1.2 points - 0.2/ each)

You will hear a radio interview with Jack Williams, who is talking about a town called Swanton and choose the best answer.

10. Where is the town of Swanton located?

A. near the sea

B. by a lake

C. on a hill

11. What does Jack like most about living in Swanton?

A. There are opportunities for climbing nearby.

B. There is plenty of activity in the town.

C. There is interesting wildlife near the town.

12. What does Jack say about entertainment in Swanton?

A. A music festival takes place in the town.

B. Its football club has done well this year.

C. An arts centre has recently opened.

13. Jack is worried about the environment of Swanton because

A. the water in the river is dirty.

B. there are few wild birds around today.

C. pollution has destroyed the plants in one area.

14. What does Jack say about the way Swanton has changed?

A. He preferred the town when it was smaller.

B. He thinks it is a more interesting place.

C. He is sorry that there are fewer jobs available.

15. Jack is positive about the future of Swanton because

A. there is a successful new shopping centre.

B. there will soon be a new airport.

C. a new university is opening

SECTION II: LEXICO – GRAMMAR (7.0 points)

Part 1: Questions from 16 to 35. (3.0 points - 0.15/ each)

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

16. The new manager explained to the staff that she hoped to _____ new procedures to save time and money.
A. manufacture B. establish C. control D. restore
17. There is a fault at our television station. Please do not _____ your television set.
A. change B. repair C. switch D. adjust
18. The crowd at a football match are often _____.
A. excite B. excited C. exciting D. excitement
19. I'm very _____ in the information you have given me.
A. concerned B. surprised C. bored D. interested
20. The university administrations are introducing new measures to _____ that the enrolment process runs smoothly.
A. maintain B. improve C. facilitate D. ensure
21. Sorry for being late. I was _____ in the traffic for more than an hour.
A. carried on B. held up C. put off D. taken after
22. She was tired and couldn't keep _____ the group.
A. up with B. up against C. on to D. out of
23. –“Would you like a drink?” –“_____.”
A. Certain! B. I do
C. That's very kind of you! D. Don't mention it!
24. _____ David brings the money for lunch, we'll go right down to the cafeteria.
A. Since B. As soon as C. Now that D. Until
25. How can I know _____ dictionary is yours? - They are so alike.
A. what B. which C. this D. the
26. You will have to _____ your holiday if you feel too tired.
A. put down B. put out C. put off D. put up
27. It is recommended that he _____ this course
A. took B. takes C. take D. taking
28. John! Pass me the _____ cups, please.
A. plastic big blue cups B. plastic cups big blue
C. big plastic blue cups D. big blue plastic cups
29. The teacher told the students _____.
A. what to do that B. which to do that C. how to do that D. by how to do that
30. I told her she could stay with us. That's what I _____.
A. said to her B. said her C. told to her D. told
31. The population of the world is growing at an alarming _____.
A. rate B. measure C. step D. cost
32. _____ call the police.
A. Either you leave at once or I B. Leave at once or I'll
C. You either leave at once or I will D. Or you leave at once, or I will
33. Bob: “You make a lot of noise last night.” Jane: “_____.”
A. Really B. It's kind of you to say so
C. What a pity! D. Oh! I'm really sorry
34. Ray: “I wouldn't do that if I were you.” John: “_____.”

A. Wouldn't you? Why?

B. Would you? really?

C. I'd rather you didn't.

D. It's out of question.

35. He was only nine, but he ate _____ his father did.

A. much than

B. more than that

C. as much as

D. as much than

Part 2. Questions from 36 to 45. (2 points - 0.2/ each)

Use the correct form of the word in brackets to complete each sentence.

36. All houses in that village are _____ decorated. **beauty**

37. Mexico achieved _____ from France totally in 1954. **(depend)**

38. We were shocked by the _____ of the staff of that firm. **(friend)**

39. Every week, there are two _____ from Hanoi to Nha Trang. **(fly)**

40. The song has _____ been selected for the Sea Games 22nd, Vietnam. **(office)**

41. There wasn't any _____ in our village two years ago. **(electric)**

42. He's very _____ about German literature. **(know)**

43. It is absolutely dishonest and _____ to cheat your parents. **(honour)**

44. If you behave with this sort of _____ to your other customers, I don't think you will remain in business long. **(polite)**

45. We apologize for the _____ caused by the late arrival of the train. **(convenient)**

Part 3: Questions from 46 to 50. (1 points - 0.2/ each)

Each of the following sentences has an error. Find the errors and correct them.

46. The president refuses to accept neither of the four new proposals made by the contractors.

47. Many American childrens learned to read the more than 120 million copies of McGuffey's Reader.

48. All planes will be checking before departure.

49. Peter suggested Mary goes to the doctor if she had got a pain in her neck.

50. Drug addiction has resulted of many destroyed careers, and expulsions from school or college.

Part 4: Questions from 51 to 55. (1 point - 0.2/ each)

Fill in each blank with a suitable preposition.

51. The city was covered _____ smoke from the burns nearby.

52. The police said a notorious criminal was involved _____ the robbery.

53. For most North American household lighting accounts for 10 percent to 15 percent of the electricity bill. However, this amount can be reduced by replacing an ordinary 100 watt light bulb _____ an energy saving bulb.

54. The weather is terribly hot, so many boys run to the rivers, jump _____ and swim.

55. Ho Chi Minh devoted all his life to the struggle _____ the liberation of our country.

SECTION III: READING (6.0 points)

Part 1. Questions 56 – 65 (2 points - 0.2/ each)

Read the passage below and choose the best answer to each question.

The first question we might ask is: What can you learn in college that will help you in being an employee? The schools teach a (56) _____ many things of value to the future accountant, doctor or electrician. Do they also teach anything of value to the future employee? Yes, they teach the one thing that it is perhaps most valuable for the future employee to know. But very few students bother (57) _____ it. This basic is the skill ability to organize and express ideas in writing and in speaking. This means that your success as an employee will depend on your ability to communicate, with people and to (58) _____ your own thoughts and ideas to them so they will (59) _____ understand what you are driving at and be persuaded.

Of course, skill in expression is not enough (60) _____ itself. You must have something to say in the first place. The effectiveness of your job depends (61) _____ your ability to make other people

understand your work as they do on the quality of the work itself.

Expressing one's thoughts is one skill that the school can (62) _____ teach. The foundations for skill in expression have to be (63) _____ early: an interest in and an ear (64) _____ language; experience in organizing ideas and data, in brushing aside the irrelevant, and above all the habit of verbal expression. If you do not lay these foundations (65) _____ your school years, you may never have an opportunity again.

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|-----------------|------------|-----------------|-----------|
| 56. A.large | B.great | C.far | D.lots |
| 57. A.learning | B.to learn | C.with learning | D.learn |
| 58. A.interpret | B.give out | C.transfer | D.present |
| 59. A.both | B.not | C.as well | D.either |
| 60. A.on | B.for | C.by | D.in |
| 61. A.on most | B.most on | C.much on | D.on much |
| 62. A.quite | B.hardly | C.truly | D.really |
| 63. A.lied | B.laid | C.lain | D.lay |
| 64. A.by | B.in | C.for | D.of |
| 65. A.during | B.of | C.for | D.when |

Part 2. Questions 66 – 75 (2.0 points - 0.2/ each)

Read the passage below and choose the best answer to each question

In 1826, a Frenchman named Niépce needed pictures for his business. He was not a good artist, so he invented a very simple camera. He put it in a window of his house and took a picture of his yard. That was the first photograph. The next important date in the history of photography was 1837. That year, Daguerre, another Frenchman, took a picture of his studio. He used a new kind of camera and a different process. In his pictures, you could see everything clearly, even the smallest details. This kind of photograph was called a daguerreotype.

Soon, other people began to use Daguerre's process. Travelers brought back daguerreotypes from all around the world. People photographed famous buildings, cities, and mountains. In about 1840, the process was improved. Then photographers could take pictures of people and moving things. The process was not simple and photographers had to carry lots of film and processing equipment. However, **this** did not stop photographers, especially in the United States. After 1840, daguerreotype artists were popular in most cities.

Matthew Brady was one well-known American photographer. He took many portraits of famous people. The portraits were unusual because they were **lifelike** and full of personality. Brady was also the first person to take pictures of a war. His 1862 Civil War pictures showed dead soldiers and **ruined** cities. They made the war seem more real and more terrible.

In the 1880s, new inventions began to change photography. Photographers could buy film ready-made in rolls, instead of having to make the film themselves. Also, they did not have to process the film immediately. They could bring it back to their studios and develop it later. They did not have to carry lots of equipment. And finally, the invention of the small **handheld** camera made photography less expensive.

With a small camera, anyone could be a photographer. People began to use cameras just for fun. They took pictures of their families, friends, and favorite places. They called these pictures "snapshots".

Documentary photographs became popular in newspapers in the 1890s. Soon magazines and books also used them. These pictures showed true events and people. They were much more real than drawings.

Some people began to think of photography as a form of art. They thought that photography could do more than show the real world. It could also show ideas and feelings, like other art forms.

66. The first photograph was taken with _____.
 A. a small handheld camera B. a very simple camera
 C. a daguerreotype D. new types of film
67. Daguerre took a picture of his studio with _____.
 A. a new kind of camera B. a very simple camera
 C. special equipment D. an electronic camera
68. The word “**this**” in the passage refers to the _____.
 A. carrying of lots of film and processing equipment
 B. stopping of photographers from taking photos
 C. fact that daguerreotype artists were popular in most cities
 D. taking of pictures of people and moving things
69. The word “**ruined**” in the passage is closest in meaning to “_____”.
 A. poorly-painted B. heavily-polluted C. terribly spoiled D. badly damaged
70. The word “**lifelike**” in the passage is closest in meaning to “_____”.
 A. moving B. realistic C. touching D. manlike
71. The latest invention mentioned in the passage is the invention of _____.
 A. handheld cameras B. processing equipment
 C. daguerreotypes D. rolls of film
72. The word “**handheld**” in the passage is closest in meaning to “_____”.
 A. handling manually B. held by hand C. controlling hands D. operated by hand
73. Matthew Brady was well-known for _____.
 A. inventing daguerreotypes B. the small handheld camera
 C. taking pictures of French cities D. portraits and war photographs
74. As mentioned in the passage, photography can _____.
 A. print old pictures B. convey ideas and feelings
 C. show the underworld D. replace drawings
75. Which of the following could best serve as the title of the passage?
 A. Different Steps in Film Processing B. Story of Photography
 C. Photography and Painting D. Story of Famous Photographers

Part 3: Questions 76 – 85 (2.0 points - 0.2/ each)

Read the text and fill in one word which best fits each gap.

SAFE CAMPING

Camping in the country is usually great fun, but sometimes things can go wrong. Accidents can happen, so it is essential to think about safety both before you go (76) while you are there. This will prevent your fun camping trip turning (77) something less pleasant.

Firstly, you need to plan ahead. Check out the weather (78) a few days in advance and watch out for any reports of fires in the area you are thinking of going to. Bring an emergency kit in (79) you or anyone with you has an accident or illness while you are there.

Choose your camp (80) carefully, avoiding any places where there is risk of flooding before you put up your tent, make (81) there are no sharp objects on the ground, or ants' or wasps' nests nearby.

In order to keep insects out of the tent, close it whenever you go in or out. If you need a camp (82) for cooking, be careful not to build it anywhere near your tent, and before you go to bed, remember to put it (83) completely, preferably with lots of water.

After meals, pick up any bits of food that may (84) left on the ground, as these can attract insects – or larger creatures. It also makes sense, for the same reason, to keep unused food

.....suddenly appearing in your tent!

SECTION IV. WRITING (4 POINTS)

Part 1: Questions from 86 to 90. (1 point- 0.2/ each)

printed before it.

86. Children learn a lot about how to behave in a situation like this.

Only

87. It was wrong of you to allow a three-year-old child to walk home alone.

You should

88. My sister finds commuting everyday annoying.

✂ It's difficult for my sister to put

89. People believed that they was left on an isolated island.

They

90. Regarding payment, most major credit cards are acceptable..

✎ As far as

Part 2: Questions from 91 to 92. (0.5 point - 0.25/ each)

word given. Do not change the word given.

91. If Alice hadn't been delayed in the traffic, she would be here by now. (**prevented**)

~~☞~~ The traffic _____ on time.

92. I was strongly impressed by the performance of that young singer. (**impression**)

~~The~~ The performance of that singer _____ me.

Part 3: Essay writing (2.5 points)

disadvantages. Do you agree or disagree with this opinion?

experience or knowledge. You should write at least 150 words to express your opinions.

[illegible]

THE END