SCIENCE GRADE 4 - WATER CYCLE

Name:	Class:	Date:		

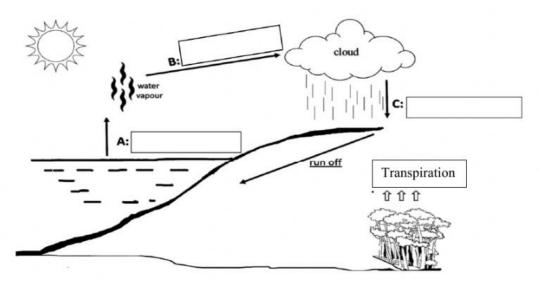
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The Water Cycle





Q1. Label the processes that take place on the diagram of the water cycle



Q2. Draw a line to match the word with its correct meaning.

run off

evaporation

precipitation

condensation

- the flowing back of water to streams, lakes, rivers and seas.
- · water vapor turning into a liquid.
- · liquid turning into water vapor.
- · raining or snowing



Q3. Fill in the blanks below with words from this box:

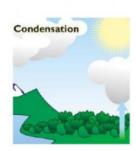
gaining	precipitate	rain	evaporation	heavy	atmosphere
streams	runoff	vapor	evaporates	sunny	cold
condenses	energy	faster			

Eva	pora	tion
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On a warm,	day, water in a glass of	
water seems to slowly dis	appear. This is because the	80
particles in the liquid are	heat energy from	EVAPORATION
the Sun. They start to mo	ove that they can	3 3 3 3 3
escape from the surface of	f liquid into water	3 3 3 3 3
This proce	ess is called	ocmen
When the water	, it becomes an invisible a	gas in the

Co	n	d	e	n	s	a	ti	o	n

As the water vapor rises, it cools off a	nd
Condensation	happens because the
particles of water vapor lose	and move
slower when they get cooler. If the wa	ter vapor becomes
extremely, it will form ice of	crystals instead of water
droplets.	



Precipitation



When the particles inside move closer together, water droplets or ice crystals grow bigger. When water droplets or ice crystals become too _______, they can't stay in the air. They _______. Water droplets precipitate as ______ and ice crystals precipitate as snow.

Runoff

Thi	s precipitation gathers into	
	and rivers that flow down to	o
the	lakes and oceans. This is called	

