TEST (UNIT 3)

I. Find the word which has a different sound in the part underlined.

1.	**A.** volunteer	**B.** engineer	**C.** committee	**D.** clear
2.	**A.** population	**B.** volunteer	**C.** offer	**D.** provide
3.	**A.** tutor	**B.** volunteer	**C.** computer	**D.** community
4.	**A.** certain	**B.** compare	**C.** encourage	**D.** community
5.	**A.** charity	**B.** chemistry	**C.** chemical	**D.** mechanic

II. Choose the word does not belong to each group.

6.	**A.** donate	**B.** rubbish	**C.** blood	**D.** money
7.	**A.** green	**B.** trees	**C.** collect	**D.** plant
8.	**A.** bank	**B.** environment	**C.** community	**D.** neighbourhood
9.	**A.** blood	**B.** homework	**C.** students	**D.** tutors
10.	**A.** elderly	**B.** grandparents	**C.** nursing home	**D.** orphan

III. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentences.

11. We came to the remote village and _____ meals for homeless children .
A. cook **B.** offered **C.** do **D.** made

12. You should think of _____ the volunteer activities in your community.
A. taking in **B.** taking part in **C.** participating **D.** making

13. Traditional volunteer activities include _____ money for people in need, cooking and giving food.
A. rising **B.** raising **C.** getting **D.** taking

14. You can help young children by _____ them to do homework before or after school.
A. doing **B.** offering **C.** teaching **D.** helping

15. Let's collect and _____ warm clothes to homeless children in our city.
A. give away **B.** give back **C.** take off **D.** put on

16. To help people in remote areas, we can _____ transportation, such as giving rides to the elderly.
A. give **B.** bring **C.** provide **D.** donate

17. Let's help the sweet children because they have bad _____.
A. live **B.** living conditions **C.** ways of life **D.** earnings

18. They have decided to ride to work _____ it is good for their health and the environment.
A. so **B.** but **C.** although **D.** because

19. Our school has a programme to _____ children from poor families in Ho Chi Minh City.
A. ask **B.** offer **C.** tutor **D.** volunteer

20. Americans _____ the tradition of volunteering and helping one another since the early days of the country.
A. have had **B.** has had **C.** had **D.** to have

21. Volunteers can do general _____ such as clean-up projects or home repair.
A. activities **B.** things **C.** labour **D.** jobs

22. My brother and I _____ a white tiger already.
A. have seen **B.** has seen **C.** see **D.** are seeing

23. I _____ blood twice, and _____ presents to sick children in the hospital recently.
A. donate - give **B.** donated — gave
C. have donated - have given **D.** have donated - gave

24. Volunteering is special _____ me because I can help others.
A. at **B.** for **C.** with **D.** to

25. How many novels _____ Charles Dickens ____?
A. does - write **B.** have - written **C.** did - written **D.** did - write

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26. We _____ to Ha Noi several times, but last summer we _____ there by train.

A. flew - went **B.** has flown - went

C. have flown - have gone **D.** have flown - went

27.She _____ blood twenty times so far.

A. donates **B.** has donated **C.** is donating **D.** to donate

28. He _____lectures to foreign tourists about traditional food and games recently .

A. gives **B.** gave **C.** have given **D.** has given

29. They have decided to clean up the neighbourhood _____ it is full of rubbish.

A. so **B.** but **C.** although **D.** because

30. "Have you ever _____to Sa Pa?"

A. gone **B.** been **C.** seen **D.** visited

IV. Fill in each blank with ONE suitable word.

31. Community service is the work you do for the _____ of the community.

32. Our club offers _____ for free meals for the sick in this hospital.

33. College students can take part in our programme by _____ poor or homeless children in Ha Noi.

34. The activities of our organization include recycling things and teaching others _____ to do so.

35. Americans do volunteer work not _____ they are forced or paid to do it.

36. I have _____ a lot of old books for village children.

37. Start your own _____ project to make your school a better place.

38. Be *a Buddy* has _____ evening classes for street children in our city.

39. Last month our organization started a community garden _____ to protect the environment.

40. The members of the club _____ blankets for poor children who live in mountainous areas last year.

V. Put the verbs in brackets in the correct verb tense: the Present Perfect or Past Simple.

41. Someone (turn)_____ on the hi-fi. Do you know that song?

42. The match (just start)_____. Our team is playing very well.

43. My mother (do)_____ all the cleaning. The apartment is really clean now.

44. He (lose)_____ his credit card. He can't find it anywhere.

45. Prices (go)_____ up. Everything is more expensive nowadays.

46. (you/buy)_____ the laptop yet.

47. I (have)_____ this iPad for three years3. My father (give)_____ it to me when I was in grade 6.

48. I (watch)_____ the film Titanic already.

49. Miss White (work)_____ in Ha Noi from 2011 and 2014.

50. I (be)_____ to Sa Pa twice since 2000.

VI. Fill in each blank with the correct linking word.

51. Paul likes to help the sick _____ he has donated blood several times.

52. Take a coat _____ it's cold outside.

53. Homeless children are _____ they don't have enough food, warm clothes and schooling.

54. Nick went to bed early _____ he felt very tired.

55. We went to the nursing home _____ we talked and sang for the elderly.

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VII. Fill in each blank with *just' already* or *yet.*

56. I haven't had lunch _____.

57. I've _____ had my exam results.

58. My father has _____ returned from his trip to Australia.

59. I have _____ had three tests this week.

60. Have you played your new computer game _____?

VIII. Fill in each gap with the missing question or sentence in order to finish the conversation between the reporter (R) and the villager (V).

- What do you think of them?
- Would you like them to come back?
- Did they give you anything?
- Well, they'll come back soon, I guess. Well, I have to go. Have a good day.
- Do you still get wet after the repair?

V: My house had a hole in the roof and we got wet when it rained.

R: 61. _____

V: Well, it's good now. We don't get wet any more.

R: 62. _____

V: Yes. They gave US a big carton of 30 packets of instant noodles, 10 kilograms of rice, and some canned fish.

R: 63. _____

V: They were very kind and nice. I love them.

R: 64. _____

V: Do you know when they come back?

R: 65. _____

V: Sure. Thank you very much. Goodbye.

R: Goodbye.

IX. Choose the correct answer A, B, c or D to fill each blank In the following passage.

Each year volunteers from England work abroad: teachers, nurses, engineers, and people with special skills. They do not go for money. Volunteers from Voluntary Service Overseas (VSO) receive the (66)_____ pay as a local colleague.

VSO first (67) _____ in 1958 when 14 young school leavers went away for a year. Only three years later there were 176 volunteers in 25 different countries, and ten years later there were 15,000 volunteers. At first, almost everyone (68)_____ young, and without very much experience. But in the late 1960s, VSO reduced the number of young people, and more and more older, experienced people with different skills went abroad.

Now more than 20,000 people from England have worked abroad as volunteers, some are young, (69)_____ ___ are old. Abroad they live simply with the local people, and they return (70)_____ England with great understanding of other people in other parts of the world.

66. **A.** like	**B.** same	**C.** similar	**D.** average
67. **A.** was starting	**B.** has started	**C.** started	**D.** starts
68. **A.** was	**B.** is	**C.** were	**D.** are
69. **A.** other	**B.** another	**C.** the other	**D.** others
70. **A.** in	**B.** to	**C.** at	**D.** for

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X. Read the passage, and then choose the correct answer.

Scouting began in England in 1907. The Boy Scouts of America started three years later. Today, there are Boy Scout programmes in more than 140 countries. In the United States alone, there are over 4 million Scouts. Boy Scouts learn useful skills while having fun. Scouts swim and play sports, go camping and hiking, and learn how to survive in the outdoors. They also learn how to protect the environment. Other Scout activities include making arts and crafts, learning first aid, and learning how to use computers or fix cars. Scouts often do community service and volunteer work. Scouts learn teamwork by working together.



71. Scouting began in the United States in _____.
   A. 1907 **B.** 1910
   C. 1917 **D.** 1920
72. There are over 4 million Scouts in _____.
   A. England **B.** the USA
   C. the world **D.** North America
73. Scouts learn many skills except .
   A. swimming **B.** collecting
   C. going camping **D.** playing sports
74. Scouts activities include many except _____.
   A. learning how to make cars **B.** making arts and crafts
   C. learning first aid **D.** learning how to use computers
75. Scouts learn teamwork by _____.
   A. working one by one **B.** working alone
   C. working all year round **D.** working in groups

XI. Arrange these words to make meaningful sentences.

76. you/ have/ finished/ homework/ your/ yet?

_____

77. printer/ under/ this/ guarantee/ is.

_____

78. vacation/ since/ we/ haven't/ last/ had/ a/ year.

_____

79. Ha Noi/ homeless/ give/ in/ clothes/ away/ they/ warm/ to/ people.

_____

80. our/ a/ in/ makes/ volunteering/ difference/ community

_____

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