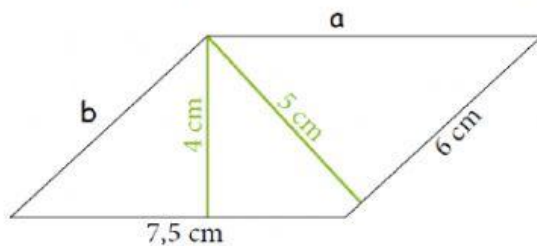


Na rysunku podano długości boków i wysokości równoległoboku. Do każdego boku dobierz odpowiednią wysokość i oblicz pole dwoma sposobami.



Sposób I

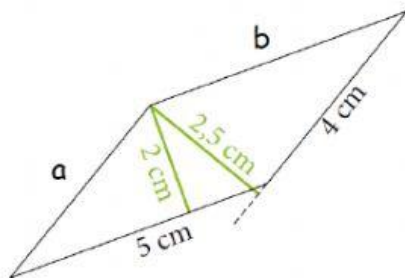
$$a = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad h_a = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$P = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Sposób II

$$b = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad h_b = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$P = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$



Sposób I

$$a = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad h_a = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

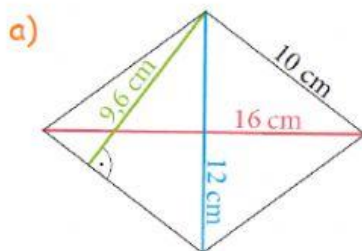
$$P = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Sposób II

$$b = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad h_b = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$P = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

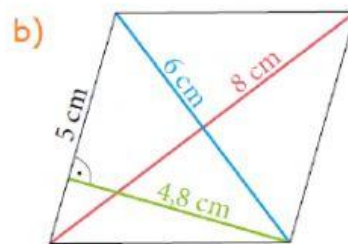
Na rysunku podano długości boków, przekątnych i wysokości rombu. Oblicz pole rombu dwoma sposobami.



Sposób I

$$a = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad h_a = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$P = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$



Sposób I

$$a = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad h_a = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$P = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Sposób II

$$d_1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad d_2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$P = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

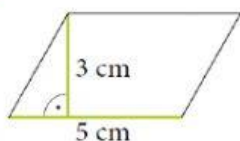
Sposób II

$$d_1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad d_2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$P = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Na rysunku podano długość podstawy równoległoboku i odpowiednią wysokość.
Oblicz pole równoległoboku.

a)

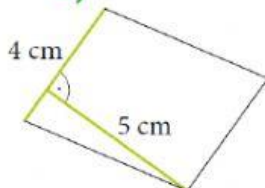


podstawa $a = 5 \text{ cm}$

wysokość $h = 3 \text{ cm}$

pole $P = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ cm}^2$

b)

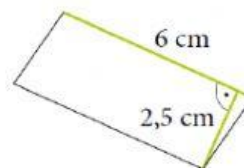


$a = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$h = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$P = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ cm}^2$

c)



$a = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$h = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$P = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ cm}^2$