

Crime and punishment

Task 1: Listen to your teacher and write the number of the definition

assassination	kidnapping
assault	misdemeanours
blackmailing	mugging
burglary	murder
disorderly conduct	rape
fraud	streaking
hijacking	theft
juvenile delinquency	trespassing

Task 2: The road of crime. Complete the missing words

Someonethe law and if it's something serious we can saya crime. Then the crime is to the police, often by the victim but not always. The police starts the crime by collecting the, questioning the and victims, and by forensic data. If ais identified, he or she is arrested, with a crime and the case is sent to court. There it is tried or heard by a or a panel of judges, often together with juries. The prosecution needs to prove that the accused is, whereas it is attorney's job (also known as the defense) to prove that the accused is innocent. It's up to the judges and the juries to make the final decision. If found guilty, the accused is to prison or to a fine. In some countries death (capital punishment) still exists. If the accused is not found guilty, he or she is For less serious crimes, people might be put on probation or given a sentence.

breaks	penalty
commit	released
evidence	reported
examining	sentenced
guilty	suspect
charged	suspended
investigating	witnesses
judge	