

ENGLISH 12 – TEST HKI

ĐỀ 4

Pick out the word which has different stress pattern from that of the rest.

1. A. interviewer B. preparation C. economics D. education
2. A. employment B. remember C. concentrate D. position
3. A. achievement B. communist C. constantly D. government

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

4. A. character B. teacher C. chemist D. technical
5. A. explained B. disappointed C. prepared D. intervieved

Choose the best answer to complete the blank in each of the following sentences.

6. Many people have objected to the use of animals in _____ experiments.
A. science B. scientist C. scientific D. scientifically
7. In Scotland, students transfer from primary to secondary education at approximately age 12.
A. compound B. base C. change D. move
8. Considering peasants make up nearly 80% of Vietnam's population.
A. specialists B. economists C. professors D. farmers
9. Although he has not got necessary experience, he used to take a _____ in business administration.
A. curriculum B. course C. school D. class
10. In England schooling is compulsory _____ all children from the age of 5 to 16.
A. with B. for C. to D. over
11. That machine is useless. It _____ not been used for a long time
A. is B. was C. did D. has
12. Beethoven's Fifth Symphony _____ next weekend.
A. is going to be performed B. has been performed
C. will be performing D. will have performed
13. The trees _____.
A. were grown by John yesterday in the backyard
B. were grown in the backyard by John yesterday
C. were grown in the backyard yesterday by John
D. in the backyard were grown yesterday by John
14. Mathematics, a required subject in all schools, is _____ into many branches.
A. grouped B. prepared C. divided D. added
15. The making of good habits _____ a determination to keep on training your child.
A. require B. requires C. requirement D. required
16. She had to have the operation _____.
A. unless she would dies B. if she would die
C. otherwise she will die D. or she would die
17. _____ he gets here soon, we will have to start the meeting without him.
A. Suppose B. Provided C. Unless D. If
18. If my client _____ me her fax number, I _____ to post a letter to her.
A. gave, / will not have B. will give / do not have
C. had given / wouldn't have had D. had given / will not have had
19. Ms Young, to _____ many of her students are writing, is living happily and peacefully in Canada.

20. We have learned English since we _____ in the sixth form.
A. are B. were C. had been D. have been

21. He is the man _____ car was stolen last week.
A. whom B. that C. which D. whose

22. Kim: "What _____ this weekend?" - Sally: "Oh, we're going hunting. It's fantastic!"
A. are you doing B. are you going C. would you do D. do you go

23. Nam: "Hello! My name is Nam. Nice to meet you" - Mai: "Hello _____"
A. I'm fine B. Really?
C. Good! D. I'm Mai. Glad to meet you

24. Tommy left high school _____ the age _____ seventeen.
A. at / of B. in / for C. on / with D. of / in

25. Maria: "Thanks for the lovely evening" - Diana: "_____.
A. No, it's not good B. I'm glad you enjoyed it
C. Yes, it's really great D. Oh, that's right

26. The preparations _____ by the time the guests _____.
A. had been finished / arrived B. have finished / arrived
C. had finished / were arriving D. have been finished / were arrived

27. Kevin: "Let's go to the movie now" - Lan: "Oh! _____"
A. I don't B. I need it C. Why's that D. It's a good idea

28. Nam: "Whose book is this?" - Mai: "_____.
A. No, It's over there B. It's my mother's C. It's just outside D. It's my mother

29. When I _____ to visit her yesterday, she _____ a party.
A. come / was prepared B. came / prepared C. came / was preparing D. came / has prepared

30. Reagan _____ an actor years ago.
A. is said to be B. is said to have been C. was said have been D. was said being

Choose the underlined part that needs correction.

- Choose the underlined part that needs correction.

32. We all know that we have to work hardly to earn a living ourselves and support the family.
A B C D

33. Anyone where works is regarded as a useful member of our society.
A B C D

34. Old people in my country always looks forward to their retirement so that they can travel.
A B C D

35. Economic reforms are often carried for to promote the developing of a country.
A B C D

36. He was so ill that he could not do his final examination and cancelled it to the next year.
A B C D

Choose the sentence that is closest in the meaning to the root one.

37. The last time when I saw her was three years ago.

 - A. I have often seen her for the last three years.
 - B. About three years ago, I used to meet her.
 - C. I have not seen her for three years.
 - D. I saw her three years ago and will never meet her again.

38. In spite of all our efforts, we failed in the final match.

- A. Although we tried very hard, we failed in the final match.
- B. We made all our efforts so that we could again success in the final match.
- C. Whatever efforts we had made, we weren't able to win in the final match.
- D. We failed in the final match as a result of all our great efforts.

39. Vietnam / almost / students / stay / universities / for / four / five / years.

- A. At Vietnam, almost students stay in universities for four or five years.
- B. In Vietnam, almost students stay at universities for four or five years.
- C. In Vietnam, almost students stay for four or five years at universities.
- D. Almost students stay at universities in Vietnam for four or five years.

40. You / find / much / possible / job / vacancy.

- A. You should find as much as possible about the job and the vacancy.
- B. You should find out much possible about the job and the vacancy.
- C. You should find out as much as possible about the job and the vacancy.
- D. You should find out much as possible about the job and the vacancy.

Read the passage and choose the best answers:

A student learning English occasionally meets the following problems when he (46) _____ to talks and lectures. It is difficult to decide where one word finishes and the next one starts. In speech, many sounds (47) _____ a student difficulty and he fails to identify them. Some words in English, which occur very commonly, have a weak form. An overseas student identifies them with difficulty. (48) _____ addition, many students sometimes do not hear the unstressed syllable in a word. This problem never arises in print.

The lecturer (49) _____ uses an informal style and who pronounces his vowels with a strong accent will be difficult to follow. A student takes notes more (50) _____ when the lecturer speaks with a BBC accent.

- | | | | | |
|-----|--------------|-----------|-------------|---------------|
| 41. | A. apeaks | B. hears | C. wants | D. listens |
| 42. | A. make | B. cause | C. do | D. create |
| 43. | A. In | B. For | C. On | D. With |
| 44. | A. which | B. who | C. whose | D. when |
| 45. | A. carefully | B. easily | C. terribly | D. carelessly |

Read the passage and choose the best answers:

Instructors at American colleges and universities use many different teaching methods. Some instructors give assignments every day. They grade homework. Students in their classes have to take many quizzes, a midterm exam, and a final test. Other instructors give only writing assignments. Some teachers always follow a course outline and usually use the text book. Others send students to the library for assignment.

The atmosphere in some classrooms is very formal. Students call their instructors "Professor Smith," "Mrs. Jones", and so on. Some teachers wear business clothes and give lectures. Others classrooms have an informal atmosphere. Students and teachers discuss their ideas. Instructors dress informally, and students call them by their first names. American teachers are not alike in their teaching styles.

At most American colleges and universities, facilities for learning and recreation are available to students. Students can often use type-writers, tape recorders, video machines, and computers at libraries and learning centres. They can buy books, notebooks, and other things at campus stores. They can get advice on their problems from counselors and individual help with their classes from tutors. Students can relax and have fun on campus, too. Some schools have swimming pools and tennis courts. Most have snack bars or cafeterias.

46. What is the first paragraph about?

- A. Ways of using the textbook
- C. Ways of teaching

- B. Ways of giving assignment
- D. Ways of taking an exam

47. Which of the following statements is true?

- A. American students can call their teachers by their first names.
- B. The atmosphere in the American classrooms is always relaxed and friendly.
- C. American teachers do not dress informally.
- D. The atmosphere in America classrooms is always formal.

48. What does the word “business clothes” in the paragraph 2 mean?

- A. clothes that only business people wear
- B. trendy clothes
- C. casual clothes
- D. formal clothes

49. What can't students do at most American colleges and universities?

- A. bring the computers at the libraries home.
- B. ask their counsellors and tutors for advice.
- C. use the computers that are linked to libraries.
- D. have tutors and councelors solved their problems.

50. Which of the following statements is false about schools in America?

- A. They are well equipped.
- B. They have stores on campus.
- C. They have no recreation facilities.
- D. They offer sports and leisure facilities for students.

-----THE END-----

ĐỀ 5

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest.

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|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. <u>advise</u> s | B. <u>raise</u> s | C. <u>devise</u> s | D. <u>go</u> e |
| 2. A. <u>rose</u> | B. <u>lose</u> | C. <u>close</u> | D. <u>chose</u> |

Choose the word (A, B, C or D) that has different stress from that of the rest.

- | | | | |
|----------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 3. A. express | B. effort | C. office | D. comment |
| 4. A. economic | B. experience | C. entertainment | D. introduction |
| 5. A. history | B. depression | C. invention | D. completely |

Choose the answer (A, B, C or D) that best completes each of the following sentences.

6. He has just come back from London, _____ is the capital of England.
- A. that
 - B. which
 - C. where
 - D. in which
7. No one can predict the future exactly. Things may happen _____.
- A. expected
 - B. unexpected
 - C. expectedly
 - D. unexpectedly
8. Ms Young, to _____ many of her students are writing, is living happily and peacefully in Canada.
- A. who
 - B. whom
 - C. that
 - D. whose
9. After a few decades of the economic reforms, Vietnam has increased the living _____ of people.
- A. surfaces
 - B. standards
 - C. levels
 - D. backgrounds
10. In five more minutes, they _____ for three hours on the phone.
- A. are talking
 - B. have talked
 - C. will have been talking
 - D. will talk

11. Nam: What do you think about his story? - Tan: _____, it's not true.
 A. In my opinion B. I think C. According to me D. I don't think
12. If she _____ the train last night, she _____ here now.
 A. took / were B. were taking / is
 C. had taken / would have been D. had taken / would be
13. _____ speaking, I do not really like my present job.
 A. Honest B. Honestly C. Honesty D. Dishonest
14. A letter of _____ is sometimes really necessary for you in a job interview.
 A. recommend B. recommended C. recommender D. recommendation
15. _____ if he comes late?
 A. What you would do B. What would you do C. What will you do D. What you will do
16. Some days of rest may help to _____ the pressure of work.
 A. reduce B. lower C. chop D. increase
17. A _____ is an official document that you receive when you have completed a course of study or training.
 A. vocation B. subject C. certificate D. grade
18. John: What a nice watch you are wearing, Mary! - Mary: _____.
 A. Thank you. I hope you like it. B. I don't think it's nice
 C. No, I don't think so D. Oh, that's right
19. He is very worried _____ his new job because he is not quite prepared _____ working.
 A. on / over B. to / off C. about / for D. in / at
20. Mai: Can you lend me some money, Lan? - Lan: _____.
 A. I don't have any money B. Certainly. Here you are.
 C. No, I can't D. Yes, I can
21. If I _____ 10 years younger, I _____ the job.
 A. am / will take B. was / have taken
 C. had been / will have taken D. were / would take
22. When I _____ up this morning, my roommate _____ already.
 A. am waking / leaves B. wake / has left C. woke / had left D. was waking / left
23. I think we _____ from her soon.
 A. hear B. will hear C. have heard D. will have heard
24. Robert wanted to know if I would leave the _____ Friday.
 A. following B. ago C. previous D. before
25. He is the man _____ car was stolen last week.
 A. whom B. that C. which D. whose
26. It is of great _____ to show your interest and politeness when you are having a job interview.
 A. importance B. important C. importantly D. unimportant
27. _____ instructed me how to make a good preparation for a job interview.
 A. John Robbins to that I spoke by telephone B. John Robbins, that I spoke to by telephone
 C. John Robbins, to who I spoke by telephone D. John Robbins, whom I spoke to by telephone
28. She is the eldest in her house, so she has to look _____ her brother when her parents go out.
 A. for B. at C. up D. after
29. A taxi crashed into _____ tree. _____ driver was badly injured.

A. a / a

B. a / the

C. the / a

D. the / the

30. The economic renovation in Vietnam _____ in December, 1986 by the Vietnamese Communist Party.

A. initiated

B. was initiating

C. was initiated

D. had initiated

Choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) for each of the following questions:

31. "What did you do last weekend, Tim?" Alice asked.

A. Alice asked Tim what did he do last weekend.

B. Alice asked Tim what he had done last weekend.

C. Alice asked Tim what he had done the previous weekend.

D. Alice asked Tim what had he done the previous weekend.

32. People say that Vietnamese students are not well-prepared for their future jobs.

A. Vietnamese students are said not to be well-prepared for their future jobs.

B. Vietnamese students are said to be not well-prepared for their future jobs.

C. Vietnamese students say not to be well-prepared for their future jobs.

D. Vietnamese students say to be not well-prepared for their future jobs.

33. "Why don't you ask the teacher for help?" Peter asked me.

A. Peter advised me to ask the teacher for help.

B. Peter recommended me not to ask the teacher for help.,

C. Peter told me the reason why I did not ask the teacher for help.

D. Peter suggested that he should ask the teacher for help.

34. If it does not rain tomorrow, we will water the garden.

A. Unless it rain tomorrow, we will water the garden.

B. Unless it does rain tomorrow, we will water the garden.

C. Unless it rains tomorrow, we will water the garden.

D. Unless it rains tomorrow, we will not water the garden.

35. Because he came to class late, the teacher punished him.

A. The teacher punished him if he came to class late.

B. The teacher would punish him if he came to class late

C. The teacher would not punish him if he did not come to class late.

D. The teacher would not have punished him if he had not come to class late.

36. Qualifications and experience / two elements / help us / get good jobs easily.

A. Qualifications and experience are two elements help us get good jobs easily.

B. Qualifications and experience are two elements helping us get good jobs easily.

C. Qualifications and experience are two elements which helps us get good jobs easily.

D. Qualifications and experience are two elements helped us get good jobs easily.

Choose the underlined part (A, B, C or D) in each sentence that needs correction.

37. Although they always argue with each other, but they are good friends.

A B C D

38. More school have been built recently to make it convenient for children to go to school.

A B C D

39. My sister works for a foreign company in Ho Chi Minh City, where is one of the biggest cities in Vietnam.

A B C D

40. Since they study in the same primary school, they have known each other.

A B C D

Choose the word or phrase that best fits each space in the following passage

Many people love boats. Going out on the water (41) _____ a warm summer day is a lot of fun. (42) _____, different people like different kinds of boats. Two of the most popular kinds of boat are sailboats and speedboats. Sailboats use the (43) _____ to give them power. They only have small engines. In contrast, speedboats have large engines and go very fast. Furthermore, speedboats are usually not as (44) _____ as sailboats. Speedboats are small so that they can go fast. Sailboats, on the other hand, are big so that they are more comfortable. (45) _____, sailboats can travel into the ocean, but this would be very dangerous in a speedboat. You can only use speedboats on rivers or lakes.

- | | | | | |
|-----|------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|
| 41. | A. at | B. on | C. in | D. while |
| 42. | A. However | B. Although | C. Because | D. Unless |
| 43. | A. water | B. speed | C. weather | D. wind |
| 44. | A. small | B. fast | C. warm | D. big |
| 45. | A. Unfortunately | B. At first | C. In addition | D. Except for |

Read the passage carefully and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D

Diwali is a main Hindu festival. It is known as the “Festival of Lights”. It makes the victory of good over evil. In other words, lights are symbols of victory of brightness over darkness. People in India turn on lamps in every house and watch firecrackers in the night sky. These lights are a way showing **honor** to the gods of India for giving the people health, knowledge, riches and peace.

On the day of Diwali, **children** get up at 3:00 a.m and take a bath. They dress up in festival clothes, light up the candles and share sweets. There is competition among the children to light the first firecracker and to make the loudest noise. Soon, the whole sky is bright. Children seem to have the most fun during this festival.

46. What does the passage mainly discuss ?

- A. Unity among the people in India
- B. A way that children in India have fun
- C. How a festival in India is celebrated
- D. The meaning of lamplighting and firecrackers in India.

47. The word **honor** in the first paragraph 1 is closet in meaning to

- A. pride
- B. respect
- C. satisfaction
- D. understanding

48. All of the following are true of the festival **EXCEPT** _____.

- A. giving thanks to Gods
- B. lighting up candles
- C. exploding firecrackers
- D. having sports competition between children

49. The author's main purpose in paragraph 1 is

- A. to show different types of lights in Diwali
- B. to point out that the Diwali is an unusual holiday
- C. to explain the meaning of Diwali
- D. to give evidence that Diwali is celebrated at night

50. Why does the author mention **children** in paragraph 2?

- A. To focus that Diwali is a noisy festival
- B. To indicate that children enjoy the holiday of Diwali a lot
- C. To explain that the Diwali is a time for competition
- D. To indicate that the holiday is dangerous for children

-----THE END-----

ĐỀ 6

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the rest.

1. A. nursery B. work C. excursion D. certificate
2. A. application B. applicate C. applicant D. applicator

Choose the word that has the main stress position differently from that of the rest.

3. A. campus B. certificate C. performance D. acceptance
4. A. impression B. existence C. compulsory D. creativity
5. A. reform B. improve C. dominate D. adopt

Choose the correct answer to each of the following questions.

6. He warned her _____ the wire.
A. not touching B. not touch C. touch D. not to touch
7. Hurry up! It's time we _____ for next week's examination.
A. have studied B. studied C. had studied D. will study
8. When Jack _____ me, I _____ a letter.
A. phoned/ has been writing B. has phoned/ was writing
C. phoned/ was writing D. was phoning/ wrote
9. Be quiet! The baby _____.
A. is sleeping B. slept C. was sleeping D. sleeps
10. You should find out as much as about the job and the vacancy.
A. jobs are advertised B. a job that is available.
C. a seat that is available D. an empty seat.
11. Would you mind show me _____ to work the lift?
A. where B. how C. what D. why
12. The academic year in England _____ into three terms.
A. has divided B. is divided C. divides D. is dividing
13. My mother tells me that she _____ since she was four.
A. has been singing B. has been sung C. sang D. had sung
14. We saw many soldiers and horses _____ were moving to the front line.
A. which B. whom C. who D. that
15. Try these cakes ! They are _____ from wheat flour.
A. done B. made C. taken D. baked
16. A surprise party _____ by my students tomorrow.
A. is going to be organized B. is gone to organize
C. is going to organize D. a and b are correct
17. Schooling is _____ for all English children from the age of five to sixteen.
A. compulsory B. advised C. selected D. encouraged
18. Because of the coming examination, I am under a lot of study _____.
A. responsibility B. pressure C. confidence D. activities

19. Had I known she was sick , I _____ her.
 A. visited B. had visited
 C. would have visited D. would visit
20. " _____ " the doctor advised his patient.
 A. You had better stop drinking
 C. You had better to drink
 B. I would like you to drink
 D. Please drink some more
21. "I will do it for you, Mary", Peter said.
 A. Peter advised Mary to do it
 C. Peter promised to do it for Mary
 B. Peter advised Mary not to do it.
 D. Peter wanted Mary to do it.
22. Some snakes are poisonous, _____ others are harmless.
 A. but B. so
 C. for D. although
 B. without
 C. except for
 D. by
23. Please don't enter _____ knocking.
 A. with B. without
 C. It's my pleasure D. All it is for you
24. " Thanks for your help!" " _____ "
 A. With all my heart B. Never mind me
 C. It's my pleasure D. All it is for you
25. " How do you get to work?" " _____ "
 A. It is very far B. About two kilometers.
 C. I walk, of course D. I was taken there.
26. " I have just passed my English proficiency test." " _____ "
 A. Congratulations ! B. It's nice of you to say so!
 C. That's a good idea! D. Ok! I'm enjoying in it!
27. " Happy New Year! " " _____ "
 A. Thank you, I am very happy to hear that.
 B. Thank you, I am too.
 C. Thank you, the same to you.
 D. Thank you. I wish you a happy birthday.
28. " I am expecting a baby." " _____ "
 A. Good luck! Boy or girl?
 B. Happy to hear that.
 C. When will you give birth to a baby?
 D. That's wonderful news! When's it due?
- Choose the sentence that is closest in the meaning to the root one.**
29. I can't do the test because it is too difficult.
 A. If the test weren't too difficult, I can do it.
 B. If the test hadn't been too difficult, I could do it.
 C. If the test weren't too difficult, I could do it.
 D. If the test isn't too difficult, I can do it.
30. They are *cleaning* the kitchen now.
 A. The kitchen is now cleaned.
 B. The kitchen is cleaning now.
 C. The kitchen is been cleaning now.
 D. The kitchen is being cleaned now.
31. Opinion/ his performance / good.
 A. My opinion was good at his performance.