1 1 1 1 1 1 1

1. (A) They are enjoying a visit after a long separation.
   (B) They don't see each other unless they have to.
   (C) They will not see each other again for a long time.
   (D) They aren't speaking to each other.

2. (A) Let's go to a movie.
   (B) Let's stay home.
   (C) Why should we go to a movie?
   (D) Why don't we go home?

3. (A) She could not afford to fly to Chicago.
   (B) She has taken the bus to Chicago only twice.
   (C) Taking a plane costs more but saves time.
   (D) It is better to go to Chicago on the bus.

4. (A) At an art exhibit.
   (B) In a supermarket.
   (C) In a shoe store.
   (D) In a clothing store.

5. (A) Ted didn't observe the speed limit.
   (B) Ted should go to the hospital.
   (C) More time is needed to evaluate Ted's condition.
   (D) Ted will soon end his emergency training.

6. (A) She doesn't want to practice any more.
   (B) They've been dancing since six o'clock.
   (C) The dance routine needs more right turns.
   (D) She will be ready to practice at six o'clock.

7. (A) It doesn't serve very good fish.
   (B) It is an excellent restaurant.
   (C) It has slow service.
   (D) He'd like to see it again.

8. (A) He ate too much and needs to go to sleep.
   (B) He can't wait to see his friends tomorrow.
   (C) The woman should wait until tomorrow to have her party.
   (D) He doesn't want to go to the party because it starts late.

9. (A) She didn't need a ride from the airport.
   (B) She might have missed her flight from Boston.
   (C) She was taking a trip to Boston.
   (D) She had decided not to make the trip.

10. (A) She knew the doctor was fifty years old.
    (B) She is not surprised by the man's statement.
    (C) The man should wait to see a doctor.
    (D) She is shocked by the man's statement.

11. (A) Be understanding toward the woman.
    (B) Lower the woman's final grade.
    (C) Work hard to get an extension.
    (D) Expect the woman to finish her paper first.

12. (A) It hasn't rained much lately.
    (B) The woman doesn't like Ray.
    (C) Ray is behaving differently than usual.
    (D) The class started late because of the rain.

13. (A) The woman doesn't need to type her English paper.
    (B) He doesn't want to type any papers.
    (C) Both of the woman's papers should be typed.
    (D) There are two papers this term.

14. (A) John's mother can't hear him very well right now.
    (B) John's mother isn't here right now.
    (C) The telephone belongs to John's mother.
    (D) The telephone is not available right now.

15. (A) She lives too far away to go to Jane's presentation.
    (B) Jane didn't appear nervous at all during her presentation.
    (C) Jane needs to take lessons in public speaking.
    (D) She didn't understand Jane's presentation.

16. (A) Biology 101 won't be offered next semester.
    (B) Biology 101 is not popular with students.
    (C) She has already taken Biology 101.
    (D) She hasn't heard anything about Biology 101.

17. (A) Open the door to the cafeteria.
    (B) Look at the lunch schedule.
    (C) Get a schedule from someone else.
    (D) Wait in the cafeteria for lunch to be served.

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18. (A) She might not graduate.
(B) She doesn't like to receive presents.
(C) She might prefer a different gift.
(D) She doesn't wear gold.

19. (A) Someone else prepared it for her.
(B) She had to deliver it.
(C) She had a great time preparing it.
(D) Someone will help her prepare it.

20. (A) He will help Jane with her work.
(B) He will work things out with Jane.
(C) He wishes Jane success in her new job.
(D) He wants to apologize to Jane.

21. (A) Joe paid too much for his new car.
(B) Joe is always in a good mood.
(C) Joe is happy with the price he paid.
(D) Joe is going to get a bargain on his purchase.

22. (A) He can't fix the television today.
(B) He hasn't had time to look at the television.
(C) He will refund the woman's money.
(D) He is willing to check the television again.

23. (A) Lend her his notes.
(B) Take her to class.
(C) Give her lecture for her.
(D) Tape record the whole lecture.

24. (A) He has been helping Linda prepare for her class.
(B) He thinks Linda is feeling better every day.
(C) He likes having Linda as a tutor.
(D) Linda would do better if she got a tutor.

25. (A) He has eaten too much.
(B) He disagrees with the woman.
(C) He feels cold.
(D) He would like to shut the door.

26. (A) He doesn't really want to move.
(B) He hasn't found an apartment he can afford.
(C) He will be moving very soon.
(D) He hasn't looked for an apartment yet.

27. (A) No one seems to have the book she needs.
(B) She wasn't able to reserve her ticket.
(C) She closed the travel agency early.
(D) She has two books to return tomorrow.

28. (A) They should order two more pizzas.
(B) The pizza isn't large enough.
(C) He won't eat any more pizza.
(D) There is enough pizza for everyone.

29. (A) The woman has enough tapes of jazz music already.
(B) The woman isn't really going to buy any more music.
(C) He hasn't heard any good jazz lately.
(D) He doesn't like jazz as well as other types of music.

30. (A) Elizabeth didn't go out of town after all.
(B) Elizabeth changed her schedule.
(C) The man was mistaken about Elizabeth's plans.
(D) Elizabeth will be out of town this week.

## Part B

31. (A) How to raise butterflies and moths.
(B) How to photograph insects in the wilderness.
(C) Butterflies and their physical development.
(D) The characteristics of black flies.

32. (A) Butterflies are bigger and more colorful than moths are.
(B) The antennae of butterflies and moths are different.
(C) Butterflies are faster flyers than moths are.
(D) Moths have bigger wings than butterflies do.

33. (A) They tickle and cause a rash.
(B) They swarm and bite.
(C) They are too small to see.
(D) They are difficult to catch.

34. (A) They develop inside of cocoons.
(B) They find mates and reproduce.
(C) They learn how to spin silk.
(D) They travel from plant to plant in search of food.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

35. (A) She slept through her alarm.
(B) She had to see a doctor.
(C) She was writing a paper for Professor Smith.
(D) She was too ill to leave her room.

36. (A) She needs a blood transfusion every eight weeks.
(B) She can't finish her work on time for the next class.
(C) She becomes ill when she eats cereal.
(D) She has an illness that many other women have.

37. (A) Eat iron-rich foods.
(B) Buy a new alarm clock.
(C) Stop eating cereal.
(D) Call Professor Smith.

38. (A) Her pills.
(B) The assignment.
(C) Professor Smith's handouts.
(D) The notes for Professor Smith's lecture.

## Part C

**Directions:** In this part of the test, you will hear several short talks. After each talk, you will hear some questions. The talks and questions will not be repeated.

After you hear a question, read the four possible answers in your test book and choose the best answer. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

Here is an example.

On the recording, you hear:

Now listen to a sample question.

**Sample Answer**



In your test book, you read:
(A) Only bumblebees can fertilize red clover plants.
(B) Bumblebees protect red clover from plant eating insects.
(C) Bumblebees bring water to red clover plants on their tongues.
(D) Bumblebees keep mice and other animals away from red clover plants.

The best answer to the question "Why is it impossible to raise red clover where there are no bumblebees?" is (A), "Only bumblebees can fertilize red clover plants." Therefore, the correct choice is (A).

Now listen to another sample question.

**Sample Answer**



In your test book, you read:
(A) They both make honey.
(B) They both build combs.
(C) Both of them are found in underground nests.
(D) They both live through the winter.

The best answer to the question "According to the speaker, in what way are the queen wasp and the queen bee similar?" is (D), "They both live through the winter." Therefore, the correct choice is (D).

Remember, you are **not** allowed to take notes or write in your test book.

39. (A) Someone who is trying to find a home for a cat.
(B) Someone who has lost a cat.
(C) Someone who might be interested in buying a cat.
(D) Someone who wants to work in a pet store.

40. (A) A common cat
(B) A hungry cat.
(C) A pure-bred cat.
(D) An expensive cat.

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41. (A) Loss of blood.
(B) Ancestry.
(C) Training.
(D) Reproducing.

42. (A) They are both very expensive.
(B) They both make good pets.
(C) The history of both can be traced.
(D) They both often go homeless.

43. (A) Life in Norway during Viking times.
(B) Different ocean routes taken by the Vikings.
(C) Methods used in Viking navigation.
(D) The importance of migrating geese in Viking navigation.

44. (A) The construction of Viking ships.
(B) Viking use of the stars in navigation.
(C) Ingenuity and technology in 900 A.D.
(D) Landmarks.

45. (A) They followed the route of migrating birds instead.
(B) They wanted to avoid pack-ice.
(C) Along the longer route, they could stop at islands.
(D) They followed the path of the stars instead.

46. (A) Their feeding ground could be used by the Vikings as a landmark.
(B) They were a good source of food for the Vikings.
(C) The Vikings could follow their migratory route to find land.
(D) They helped the Vikings find routes through the ice.

47. (A) They weren't able to travel very far from their homeland.
(B) They migrated south.
(C) They developed an advanced technology.
(D) They were expert sailors.

48. (A) Harvesting vegetables.
(B) Designing a garden.
(C) Choosing nutritious vegetables to plant in a garden.
(D) Soybeans.

49. (A) They contain Vitamin B.
(B) They are more nutritious than other bean varieties.
(C) They are better tasting than green and yellow beans.
(D) They are easy to plant and care for.

50. (A) It will be on the final exam.
(B) It is more important than the other vitamins.
(C) It could help decrease stress and fatigue during exams.
(D) It is found exclusively in soybeans.



1. The life of Benjamin Franklin, a practical man - - - - - - - many stories have been told, was unusually productive.
(A) of
(B) about whom
(C) about
(D) of which

2. Indiana University, one of the largest in the nation, is located - - - - - - - town.
(A) a small midwestern
(B) in a small midwestern
(C) small midwestern
(D) in small midwestern

3. - - - - - - - his life, Eugene O'Neill was regarded as the foremost American dramatist.
(A) It was the time of
(B) While
(C) During
(D) By the time of

4. - - - - - - - Social Security Act of 1935 was written to insure workers against unemployment.
(A) The
(B) What the
(C) For the
(D) After the

5. Chemists are not sure - - - - - - - .
(A) how precisely can cold fusion occur
(B) cold fusion can occur precisely how
(C) precisely how cold fusion can occur
(D) can cold fusion occur precisely how

6. Just off the Massachusetts coast - - - - - - - , a popular summer resort area.
(A) Martha's Vineyard is
(B) is where Martha's Vineyard
(C) Martha's Vineyard
(D) is Martha's Vineyard

LIVEWORKSHEETS

7. Franchising offers many advantages to small business owners - - - - - - - problematic.
   (A) however it is
   (B) even though it is
   (C) despite its
   (D) it is

8. Although most cats hate to swim, - - - - - - - if necessary.
   (A) can they do so
   (B) so can they do
   (C) they do so can
   (D) they can do so

9. American author John Updike, - - - - - - - , spent his boyhood in Shillington, Pennsylvania.
   (A) was the only child of a high school mathematics teacher
   (B) whom the only child of a high school mathematics teacher
   (C) the only child of a high school mathematics teacher
   (D) he was the only child of a high school mathematics teacher

10. In practice, setting up a chain of command in a business can be a very complicated task, - - - - - - - it involves the interaction of real human beings.
    (A) because of
    (B) how
    (C) as
    (D) due to

11. When linguists encounter a new language, - - - - - - - work to identify all of the sounds it contains.
    (A) who
    (B) they
    (C) and
    (D) those

12. According to recent investigations, unselfish motives, such as true empathy, - - - - - - - , and commitment to a principle, sometimes surpass self-interest in influencing human behavior.
    (A) to have solidarity with others
    (B) others with solidarity
    (C) solidarity with others
    (D) one has solidarity with others

13. - - - - - - - the lip of an open-pit copper mine, the huge tractors and cranes below look like toys, and people look like tiny ants scurrying about.
    (A) Where
    (B) While
    (C) That
    (D) From

14. Not only - - - - - - - atoms with their microscopes, but they now can also "feel" them with the aid of a versatile sensing device called the "magic wrist."
    (A) are today's scientists able to see
    (B) able to see today's scientists are
    (C) today's scientists are able to see
    (D) are able to see today's scientists

15. In the seventeenth century, North America was vast and unconquered, - - - - - - - only at great cost.
    (A) it promised riches but yielded its bounty
    (B) promising riches but yielding its bounty
    (C) by promising riches but by yielding its bounty
    (D) its riches were promised but its bounty yielded

## Written Expression

**Directions:** In questions 16–40 each sentence has four underlined words or phrases. The four underlined parts of the sentence are marked (A), (B), (C), and (D). Identify the **one** underlined word or phrase that must be changed in order for the sentence to be correct. Then, on your answer sheet, find the number of the question and fill in the space that corresponds to the letter of the answer you have chosen.

**Example I**

The octopus <u>is</u> (A) a unique animal <u>because</u> (B) <u>they</u> (C) has three <u>functioning</u> (D) hearts.

**Sample Answer**

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The sentence should read, "The octopus is a unique animal because it has three functioning hearts." Therefore, you should choose (C).

LIVEWORKSHEETS

16. For make (A) its (B) nest, the yellow-headed blackbird weaves (C) a small cup and fastens it (D) to reeds above water.

17. Native American beaded (A) designs are often characterized by (B) geometric shaped (C) and bright (D) colors.

18. The codfish lays (A) million (B) of eggs each year, only (C) a small percentage of which (D) actually hatch.

19. When the body becomes extremely (A) overheated, it failure (B) to cool itself (C) again, and sunstroke can occur. (D)

20. The preferring (A) of many (B) Western cultures for maintaining (C) a physical distance of at least (D) three feet during social interaction is well documented in anthropological studies.

21. In chronicling (A) her months as (B) a captive of the Wampanoag Indians, Mary Rowlandson demonstrated (C) his (D) narrative skill.

22. The nests of most (A) bird species (B) are strategic (C) placed to camouflage them against predators. (D)

23. Few synthetic vitamins and minerals in pill supplements are absorbed so efficiently by the body (A) that are (B) those occurring (C) naturally in foods. (D)

24. On the one hand, most Americans feel (A) that space exploration is a legitimate and important (B) national undertaking; on the contrary, (C) they worry about (D) the amount it costs.

25. Vitamin K providing (A) the necessary (B) impetus for the synthesis of at least (C) two proteins involved (D) in blood clotting.

26. If no fossil record were (A) available, the next strongest evidence of the kinship among organisms would to be (B) similarities in the embryonic (C) development of organisms today. (D)

27. The black cherry tree, from which (A) fine cabinets and furniture is (B) made, is found all across (C) North America, from Nova Scotia to (D) Texas.

28. Research and recommending (A) concerning (B) the dangers of smoking (C) are beginning to have an impact on the tobacco industry (D) in the United States.

29. Antarctic blue whales can be (A) 100 foot long (B) and weigh more than any (C) dinosaur that ever (D) lived.

30. Oil-base house paint is neither easy to work with or (A) quick to clean up, but (B) it is often preferred to (C) latex paint because of (D) its high sheen and durability.

31. The colonists who (A) first settled in New England did so (B) because (C) they felt there was none (D) social justice in their homeland of England.

32. Architect Louis Sullivan commanded (A) the respect of his (B) contemporaries for his work on the designed (C) of the first (D) American skyscrapers.

33. During (A) the 1850s, the Spanish colony of Cuba was of interest (B) to Southerners, who (C) felt they needed it for it (D) increasing political and economic power.

34. Glucose is different from fructose in its (A) structural formula, but (B) the molecular formula for these (C) two sugars is the similar. (D)

35. A sealer should be applied (A) at (B) wood surfaces before they are varnished; otherwise, (C) uneven absorption of the varnish may occur. (D)

LIVEWORKSHEETS

36. The high temperatures created (A) by fire are necessary for to split (B) open (C) the seed-bearing (D) cones of lodge pole pines.

37. Mormon leader Brigham Young was too (A) brilliant and strong-willed that he was able to organize (B) the (C) most remarkable religious migration in the annals of (D) American history.

38. Due to (A) her untimely death, the talented (B) writer Sylvia Plath was never to know how well would her work be (C) received by (D) the American public.

39. From the Mexican War toward (A) the Civil War, the major theme of American political (B) history was a growing sectionalism (C) interacting (D) with a vigorous nationalism.

40. In Western culture, much (A) attention been given (B) to the subject of social class conflict, which (C) may cause (D) revolution.

**This is the end of Section 2.**
**If you finish before time is called, check your work on Section 2 only.**




LIVEWORKSHEETS