

HANDOUT 8 (UNIT 8)

PART 1: VOCABULARY

Task 1: Look at the picture and write the correct word in the blank



1.....2.....3.....4.....



5.....6.....7.....8.....

Task 2: Fill in the blank with the correct noun in the box

lodge, silkworm, traditional craft, forest, orchards, brocade, village, ethnic minorities

- In the end, they reached the _____ after a two-day trekking across the mountains. They were so happy to find a place to sleep overnight.
- It will be a pity if you don't visit the fishing _____ by the Han river to experience the life of fishermen when travelling around Da Nang city.
- It is interesting to find out that the U Minh _____ is divided into 2 areas called High U Minh in Kien Giang province and Low U Minh in Ca Mau province.
- In the southern part of Vietnam, Lai Thieu gardens are home to delicious durian, jackfruit, custard, etc. which are grown in vast fruit _____.
- In almost the homestays in Mai Chau Hoa Binh, windows and doors are decorated with curtains made from _____, which is a special feature of the accommodation in this area.
- Our homeland - Viet Nam has 54 _____ such as: Mường, Thái, Tây, Nung, etc. Each of them has their own language, lifestyle and heritage.
- Silk weaving in Van Phuc was begun in the 9th century by A La Thi Nuong. She taught the people in this village how to grow mulberries, raise _____, and weave silk.

8. Bat Trang tour offers many exciting activities that tourists can join including sightseeing, shopping at the Bat Trang Porcelain and Pottery Market where tourist can experience such a special _____ of Vietnamese.

Task 3: Choose the best answer for the following questions

1. There are many activities for _____ tours like trekking, rafting, and nature-watching. All these activities help to make this a potential area for tourists all over the world.

- A. rural B. city C. urban

2. We would like to book a family _____ and a pitch for all 6 members in our family to stay outside during the tour in Mai Chau, Hoa Binh.

- A. lodge B. tent C. bed and breakfast

3. Bac Ninh province, the homeland of Quan Ho art, has many traditional _____ villages such as Xuan Lai village with bamboo products and Phu Lang village with pottery products.

- A. craft B. weave C. carve

4. Da Hoi, a 400- year- old trade village, is famous for its traditional silk cloth. Women here still raise silkworms and _____ fabulous fabrics and sell them in the market.

- A. carve B. weave C. experience

5. Located between the Tien and Hau rivers, Vinh Long cherishes thousands of fruit orchards along the small islands, which provide ideal conditions for ecotourism and _____ wildlife.

- A. looking B. observing C. creating

6. We recommend a visit to one of the vegetable farming villages near the town of Hoi An in the central province of Quang Nam, where hosts and guests work the land, plant rice or _____ vegetables and sell in the local market.

- A. collect B. pick C. cut

7. In Tho Ha – Bac Ninh village, visitors can have chance to see how wine is _____ and enjoyed traditional Van wine.

- A. created B. brewed C. bought

8. One of the attractions for visitors is to experience a daily life of farmers. In the morning, visitors help them around the farm, _____ cows or putting the sheep out to graze. In the afternoon, they help them with the field work.

- A. milking B. collecting C. rising

Task 4: Fill in each blank with the correct word that begin with the given letter

1. One of the attractions for the tourists here is to e _____ farmer's daily life. It means tourists stay, enjoy meals and help these farmers with everyday activities.

2. Van Phuc silk village in Hanoi's outlying Ha Dong district has a silk w _____ craft. Its silk products have inspired poetry, songs, and paintings.

3. Visitors enjoyed doing the gardening, planting rice and c _____ v _____ in the garden then sell in the local markets in Vinh Long rural tour.

4. This village is famous for traditional silk cloth. Women here still raise **s** _____ and weave fabrics themselves and then they sell them for foreigners.
5. During the tour to Vinh Long, you will be able to observe the centuries - old activities of Southern Vietnam, such as **p** _____ rice paper and traditional Vietnamese cooking.
6. We recommend a visit to one of the **f** _____ **v** _____ to meet fishermen by the Han river.
7. Bat Trang is a must-tell place that when talking about a traditional craft village in Vietnam, which is famous for its **p** _____ and ceramics.
8. Everybody should remember that the people in this area are happy to let visitors take pictures of making wine, but the **b** _____ process is a secret.
9. Visitors to Umphang, Thailand can see the way of life of the local hill people. This is considered as one of attractive activities of **r** _____ **t** _____ to this part of Thailand.
10. **B** _____ is a special activity for tourists to experience different kinds of bird during their stay in this forest.

PART 2: GRAMMAR

Task 1: Fill in the blanks with Simple Past or Present Perfect Tenses.

1. We _____ (just/come) back from a rural tour in Bac Ninh province. We _____ (have) a great time to experience their daily life there with friendly farmers.
2. They _____ (attend) an unforgettable tour to Vietnam to visit famous places such as Hanoi, Hue, Hoi An a few years ago, but they _____ (not return) there ever since.
3. The tourists _____ (have) a lot of teambuilding so far. I think it's time they take a break.
4. Josh _____ (experience) many rural attractions such as orchards, rice field, so on since he _____ (attend) this tour with us.
5. _____ (you/be) on a rural tour to Lai Chau province? – Yes, I have and I always want to come back there in the near future.
6. It is a pity that I _____ (not/visit) a fishing village yet. We _____ (cancel) our visit there because of bad weather yesterday.
7. Our journey to Bac Ninh province _____ (begin) for only 2 hours so far.
8. What _____ (you/do) on your rural tour in Mai Chau last month? Well, we _____ (stay) in homestay with local people and _____ (experience) their daily life.
9. We _____ (see) many piles of straw since they _____ (arrive) in this rural area.
10. I'm sorry, but the boss isn't here. She _____ (just/leave) for her long trip to Vinh Long.

Task 2: Choose the best answer for the following sentences

1. We _____ to this traditional craft village several times. It's always a wonderful trip.
A. were B. has been C. have been
2. _____ birdwatching in the mountain near your house?
A. Have you ever gone B. Have you gone ever C. Have ever you gone
3. Fred _____ an amazing funny story on bus tour to Bat Trang village yesterday morning.
A. has told B. told C. have told
4. I _____ here in this hotel for 14 years, so I think you should listen to me.
A. worked B. has worked C. have worked
5. _____ you _____ Sarah yet? She _____ while you _____ away to visit the traditional village.
A. Has...called/ has phoned/ were
B. Did ...call/ has phoned/ have been
C. Have...called/ phoned/ were
6. Last week, we _____ all day ploughing in the field during our rural tour in Quang Nam province.
A. spent B. have spent C. has spent
7. We _____ a rural tour to Pu Luong, in Ba Thuoc and Quan Hoa district, Thanh Hoa province a few days ago.
A. book B. booked C. have booked
8. Tourists _____ in producing local specialties such as "Che kho" or Mung Been Pudding Vietnamese, Doi Candy (Sausage Candy) in Duong Lan village walking tour since they _____ (finish) their lunch.
A. have joined/have finished B. have joined/finished C. joined/finished

Task 3: Identify one error in the following sentences and correct it.

0. Yesterday I go (A) to the disco with (B) my boyfriend and we had (C) a great time (D) there.

Answer: 0. A. went

1. Have you ever visited (A) any stilt houses before (B)? – Yes, I have visited (C) once when I was (D) in Sapa.
2. I have experienced (A) life of ethnic minorities during (B) the tour in (C) Pom Coong village, Mai Chau Hoa Binh last month. It is such a (D) great trip.
3. She opened (A) a brocade shop three years ago in (B) her village. Since then, she opened (C) two more thanks to the development of rural tourism around (D) her living place.
4. Did you visit (A) Cat Cat village to enjoy (B) the ancient beauty of houses there since you arrived (C)? – Yes, of course. We have (D) this morning.
5. How long (A) have (B) the artist carved (C) this giant statue? I think, it must be (D) more than one month

6. In (A) the past few years, rural tours became (B) more and more popular while (C) city tours have been (D) less common in our country.
7. Coming to (A) Mai Chau Hoa Binh, tourists have opportunity enjoying (B) great view of (C) the stretching endless mountains, scenery of (D) green rice field and flowing streams.
8. Rural tourism has brought (A) us a new life since my father read (B) about it in Europe and decide (C) to do the same with our farm in (D) a small village of Vietnam.
9. Exploring (A) the rural life for tourism recently changed (B) the lives of (C) women and their families (D) in this village in the past few years.
10. My family has worked (A) this land as farmers since (B) many years, and we still do, so one of the attractions (C) for our visitors is to experience (D) our daily life.

PART 3: LISTENING

Task 1: Listen to two speakers talking about rural tourism and do the tasks below

A: Match the benefits that each speaker or their region receives from rural tourism.

Speaker	Benefits
Speaker 1:	a. to make a new life to the old industry.
Speaker 2:	b. to make a potential place for ecotourism.

B: Listen again and fill in with NO MORE THAN TWO WORD from the recording.

Speaker 1: Visitors to Umphang Thailand can learn about the way of life from the (1) _____ hill people. People here use (2) _____ as a means of transportation and they live near (3) _____. There are many other activities related to (4) _____ tourism such as trekking, rafting and (5) _____. All of these activities make this a potential area for ecotourism.

Speaker 2: The old industry in Tami Nadu, India has a new life thanks to (6) _____ tourism. Previously, people made things from the banana (7) _____. Nowadays, lots of traditional (8) _____ are made from this kind of fruit. They also make baskets using fiber of the banana (9) _____. The speaker is also (10) _____ to make baskets too.

Task 2: You will hear some information about a farm. Listen and answer the following questions WITH NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS AND/OR A NUMBER from the recording.

- What can visitors see in Park Farm?
- In which room can they buy food and drinks?
- What time does Park Farm open?
- How much is a family ticket?
- What is not allowed to bring into the farm?

PART 4: READING

Task 1: Read the following passages about rural tours and do the task below



Welcome to rural Vietnam

Welcome to a corner of Asia where you will find a lifestyle that goes back for centuries. Fishing on the Mekong Delta, farming in Central Vietnam– whatever your own interest, we are sure you will find something to delight you in rural Vietnam.

Vinh Long Province

Located between the Tien and Hau rivers, the fertile lands of Vinh Long nourish thousands of fruit orchards, while the countless small islands provide ideal conditions for ecotourism and observing wildlife. In addition, you will be able to observe the centuries - old activities of Southern Vietnam, such as processing rice paper and traditional Vietnamese cooking. Especially interesting in Vinh Long is the opportunity to stay overnight in local residents' homes. There is a small but growing number of private homes that offer home stays. At the moment they provide accommodation and entertainment for up to 150 tourists per night.

Quang Nam Province

For visitors who want to be really active in their holidays, we recommend a visit to one of the vegetable farming villages near the town of Hoi An in the central province of Quang Nam. Here for a day you can **toil** shoulder to shoulder with a Vietnamese farmer. Hosts and guests work the land, planting rice or collecting vegetables that they sell in the local markets. For lunch you get to eat colocynth (similar to a bitter apple) and tom huu, which is a traditional dish made of vegetables.

Bac Ninh Province

The homeland of Quan Ho art has many traditional trade villages. In Xuan Lai village you can find excellent bamboo products, especially from black bamboo, while Phu Lang is famous for its pottery. Thousands of ancient pots have been found here, and even today there are about 300 families in the village doing pottery work.

Tho Ha is famous for pottery, but nowadays it has also started to produce wine. Another village that is well- known for traditional wines is Van, on the bank of the Cau River.

The villagers here are happy to let visitors photograph their wine being made, and to try it or to buy it, but the brewing process itself is a secret.

Finally, Da Hoi is a must. This 400- year- old trade village is famous for its traditional silk cloth, and women there still raise silkworms and weave fabulous fabrics that they sell.

A. Write the name of province (TWO WORDS ONLY) for following question “Which of the provinces is best for visitors who want to...”

1. do things during their stay in rural Vietnam?
2. get as close as possible to ordinary Vietnamese people
3. buy authentic souvenirs of rural Vietnamese products.

B. Read the text about Vinh Long Province and fill in each blank with NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS from the passage.

Vinh Long Province

Located between the Tien and Hau rivers, the fertile lands of Vinh Long nourish thousands of fruit orchards, while the countless small islands provide ideal conditions for ecotourism and observing wildlife. In addition, you will be able to observe the centuries - old activities of Southern Vietnam, such as processing rice paper and traditional Vietnamese cooking. Especially interesting in Vinh Long is the opportunity to stay overnight in local residents' homes. There is a small but growing number of private homes that offer staying places for travellers. At the moment they provide accommodation and entertainment for up to 150 tourists per night.

1. Vinh Long's land is so _____ that thousands of orchards are nourished.
2. A wide range of small islands are ideal for _____ and tourism.
3. Processing rice paper and traditional Vietnamese cooking is an example of _____.
4. Tourists can stay in _____ overnight.

C. Read the text about Quang Nam Province and choose the correct answer. Write your answer into the block.

Quang Nam Province

For visitors who want to be really active in their holidays, we recommend a visit to one of the vegetable farming villages near the town of Hoi An in the central province of Quang Nam. Here for a day you can **toil** shoulder to shoulder with a Vietnamese farmer. Hosts and guests work the land, planting rice or collecting vegetables that they sell in the local markets. For lunch you get to eat colocynth (similar to a bitter apple) and tom huu, which is a traditional dish made of vegetables.

1. To be active, visitors should visit to one of the galleries near the town of Hoi An.
A. True B. False
2. The word **toil** means **work hard for a long time**.
A. True B. False
3. Here, guests can do the farm and sell their products.
A. True B. False
4. You can enjoy local dishes in Hoi An - Quang Nam province.
A. True B. False

Task 2: Read the following passage and fill in the sentences WITH NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS from the passage

Beyond Thailand's beautiful islands, beaches and temples of Thai culture that are well worth exploring, as well as Thailand's rich agricultural heritage.

Thailand is after all, a kingdom of farmers, famous for its rice, silk and food products the world over. Tourists can have a great new opportunity to learn about Thailand's rural culture, meet the locals, experience a homestay.

The closest to Bangkok is the area along Khlong Mahasawat, a famous canal in Nakhon Pathom. Tours here are best done in the morning, to avoid the heat of the day on a long-tail boat visiting orchards, lotus farms and orchid plantations along the way.

The tours depart from the local temple, Wat Suwannaram, and while you're waiting, you can feed the canal's catfish, (all the nearby vendors sell bags of fish food). The first canal stop is the local lotus farms. Anyone who spends time in Thailand knows the lotus to be a symbol of spiritual purity. But lotus flowers have their uses in food and medicine and grow all year round making them a useful crop for local farmers. The local ponds specialise in pink and white blossoms, which are exported around Asia.

Mangos, guava, massive jackfruit and award-winning pomelo grow in abundance along the banks of Khlong Mahasawat, and you get the chance to admire them from a tractor-trailer commanded by a wannabe Grand Prix driver. It's a strange ride to experience in a sleepy orchard, and you'll be glad of the chance to sit down at the end and enjoy some of the sweet local produce.

1. Visiting Thailand, tourists can have chance to experience Thai's beautiful islands, beaches, temples, and _____.
2. Visitors can learn about rural culture, meet residents, and stay in _____.
3. The best time to have tours along the canal in Nakhon Pathom is _____ to visit orchards, lotus farms and orchid plantations.
4. The first stop of the canal tour is the _____. Local farmers use lotus to make food and medicine and export around Asia.
5. After that, tourists can admire the sleepy orchard along the banks of Khlong Mahasawat and eat the _____.