

Listen to a radio programme about a psychological condition known as "prosopagnosia".

TRUE or FALSE?

The speaker compares face-blindness to the inability to hear. T F

Scientists do not understand how normal people remember faces. T F

The face-blind subjects could not distinguish between the faces and the objects. T F

For questions 1 - 8, complete the gaps with a missing word or short phrase.

According to the speaker, the painting by René Magritte (1) the idea of face-blindness. (2 words)

People with face-blindness have no memory of a person's face once the person (2) their sight. (1 word)

Some people with this condition are so (3) that they cannot recognise members of their own family. (2 words)

It could help scientists to understand (4) if they knew more about face-blindness. (2 words)

Scientists do not yet know whether the ability to recognise faces has a (5) of its own or whether it is part of an individual's general ability. (3 words)

In an experiment, a number of (6) were shown images of people, places and objects. (3 words)

The experiment proved that the human brain processes (7) differently from faces. (2 words)

Other experiments have shown that people with this condition can improve their (8) (3 words)

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