

Instructions: Answer the questions below. Write C next to the correct answer(s) and X next to the incorrect answer(s). More than one can be correct. When there is no flow of electric current, electromagnets lose their ____ a. ___ electricity b. ___ magnetism c. ___ attraction are used in scrapyards to separate metal objects. Electromagnetic ____ a. ___ trains b. ___ mobiles c. ___ cranes 3. Loudspeakers use electromagnets to amplify ______. a. ___ sound b. ___ electricity c. ___ power _____, the magnet is turned _____. If the electric circuit is _ a. ___ closed, on b. ___ closed, off c. ___ open, off 5. What are examples of electromagnets in everyday life? a. ___ MRI machines b. ___ Microphones c. ___ Horseshoe magnets d. ___ Electric cables e. ___ Maglev trains f. ___ Mobiles Instructions: Write true or false next to the statements below. If false, write the correct sentence below the false sentence. If the sentence is true, just write true on the line below the sentence. Electromagnets are much weaker than ordinary magnets. 2. _____ An electromagnet is a magnet that only works with electricity. 3. When the switch opens, the electromagnet turns on. 4. _____ An electromagnet consists of an iron core surrounded by a magnet. 5. ____ Memory sticks store data in electromagnetic format.