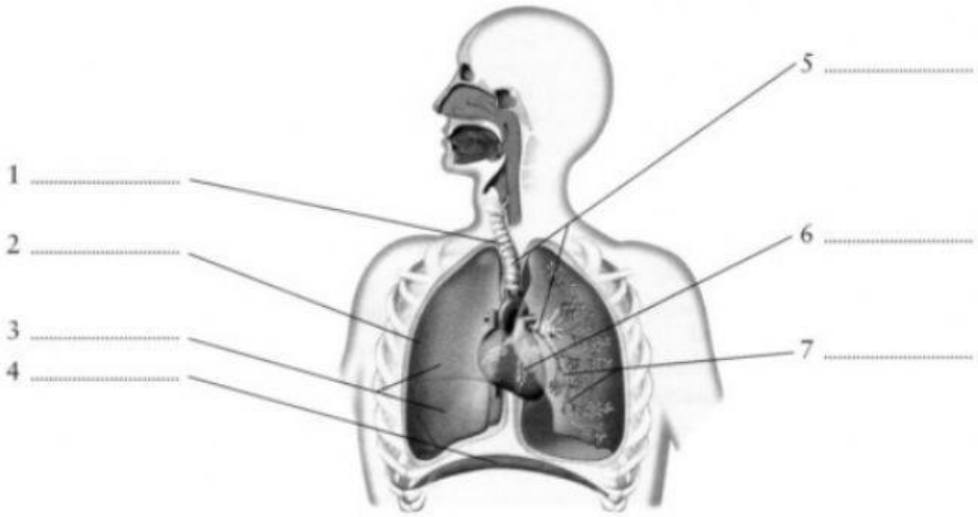
3.1 Label the diagram using words from the box. Look at B opposite to help you.

diaphragm	lobes	windpipe	heart
lung	airways	bronchioles	



3.2 Match the conditions (1–8) with the organs affected (a–h), using your medical knowledge.

1 hepatitis	a bladder
2 pneumonia	b gall bladder
3 nephritis	c heart
4 gastric ulcer	d kidney
5 cystitis	e liver
6 angina pectoris	f lung
7 cholecystitis	g stomach
8 ulcerative colitis	h large bowel

3.3 Complete the textbook extract. Look at A and C opposite to help you.

Examination of the abdomen

To examine the patient for enlarged abdominal (1) ..... , first feel for the (2) ..... and the (3) ..... on the right side. To do this, ask the patient to take a deep breath, while pressing with the fingers upwards and inwards. Next, feel for the right (4) ..... and then cross over to the other side for the left (5) ..... . Still on the left side, palpate for an enlarged (6) ..... . Finally, moving to the lower abdomen, feel for the (8) ..... which is only felt if it is full.

LIVEWORKSHEETS