



Name \_\_\_\_\_

## Social Studies

### The First Parliament

#### Parliament Square

Write the notes in your exercise books.

#### Vocabulary

- **Pardon** – to release from punishment
- **Parliament** – where a country's laws are discussed
- **Fort** – a strong fortified place occupied by troops



Woodes Rogers

#### Woodes Rogers

- the first Royal Governor, arrived in The Bahamas on 26th July 1718.
- The pirates knew of his coming and many of them fled. Some of those who stayed decided to put up a fight. One, Captain Charles Vane, attacked two of Woodes Rodgers' ships. He tried to stop Rodgers and his men entering the harbor, but his attempt failed. Governor Rodgers and his crew landed safely on New Providence.

#### Problems that was in the Bahamas when Woodes Rogers arrived:

- Island in a sad state
- Forts in ruins
- Roads overgrown
- Garbage pile high every where
- Plantation not producing enough crops

Rodgers' first aim was to rid New Providence of pirates. He planned to bring law and order to the island, so that the colony could grow and flourish.

Woodes Rodgers formed a council of 12 men to help him govern the islands. With the help of these men and other citizens, he cleared up and rebuilt the town. The fort was also repaired, because Rodgers knew that he might have to defend the islands against invaders. In 1720 the Spaniards tried to attack Nassau, but they were driven back by Fort Nassau's guns.

Governor Rodgers then offered a **pardon** to call pirates who would stop attacking ships. Nearly 300 pirates gave up their way of life. Those who refused to surrender were captured and put in prison. Many were tried and hanged at Fort Nassau.

The islands became a safer place to live, and trade with other countries increased. The motto of the Bahamas then was written in Latin. It read: *Expulsis pirates – Restituta Commercia*. This means 'When the pirates were driven out, trade was restored'.

**Parliament**, as we know it today, began when Woodes Rodgers came from England to New Providence for his second term as Governor, in August 1729. He called together a group of men whom he hoped would help him rule The Bahamas. The new parliament was called The House of Assembly. The Assembly first met on 29th September 1729. John Colebrooke was the first Speaker, or chairman. The Speaker ruled the House of Assembly. The House of assembly at that time was made up of 24 members elected from three islands; 16 were from New Providence, 4 from Eleuthera, and 4 from Harbor Island. From the time of that first Assembly, its members opposed the Governor on many issues.