WORKSHEET (8.10.2021)

I. Choose the best answer

1. What (did / do / will) you do yesterday? - I (help / helps / helped) my father in the garden.

2. What (will / is / did) he use to do when he was young? – He (use / used / uses) to climb the highest mountain when he was 20 years old.

3. We must (protect / protecting / protected) the oceans. We (must / mustn't/have to) throw garbage into the oceans.

4. (Where/ Who / How) do you use an umbrella? – (He / She / You) put it over your head when it's raining.

5. What do you do (in / with / to) a thermometer? – You put (them / it / him) in your mouth. It tells you if you have a fever.

II. Look and make questions or answers

1. What did people use to do? →...	2..? → My grandfather used to write letters. He didn't use to write e-mails.
3. ....? → You store food and drink in the fridge to keep them cool and fresh.	4. What do you do with a stove? →...

III. Read and do the task   GALILEO AND HIS TELESCOPE

Galileo Galilei was born way back in the year 1564 in the town of Pisa, Italy. When he was 20 years old, he was studying in Pisa. His father wanted him to be a doctor, but Galileo was bored with school except for Math because Math was the only subject where he was doing well. The court mathematician offered to tutor him privately so he could become a qualified mathematician. Galileo's father was disappointed, but he agreed.

Because he needed to earn money, Galileo began experimenting with different things, trying to come up with some sorts of invention that he could sell for money. He had a little bit of success with his invention that was kind of like the compass that could be used to measure plots of land. He had already experimented with pendulums, thermometers, and magnets.

When he heard that a Dutch inventor had invented something called a spyglass, but was keeping it secret, Galileo decided to work on one of his own. Within 24 hours, he had invented a telescope toward the sky and made his first of many space observations: The Moon was not smooth like everyone thought. The Moon was covered in bumps and craters. As technology has improved, first Galileo, and then many others, have made improvements on the telescope, the wonderful device that allows us to see from a distance.

1. When was Galileo Galilei born? →...

2. What was his best school subject? →...

3. Did Galileo Galilei invent a telescope within 24 hours? →..

4. What did Galileo discover about the Moon? →...

IV. Solve the problem

At the zoo, the ratio of monkeys to gorillas is 5:1.

1. If there were 100 monkeys, how many gorillas would there be?

      A. 20   B. 50   C. 10

2. If there were 15 gorillas, how many monkeys would there be?

      A. 60   B. 75   C. 100