

IL PERIMETRO

Il **perimetro** corrisponde alla somma di tutti i lati. **Ricorda**
A volte i lati sono tutti uguali oppure li sono a coppie...



$$P = l \times 4$$



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$$P = (b + h) \times 2$$



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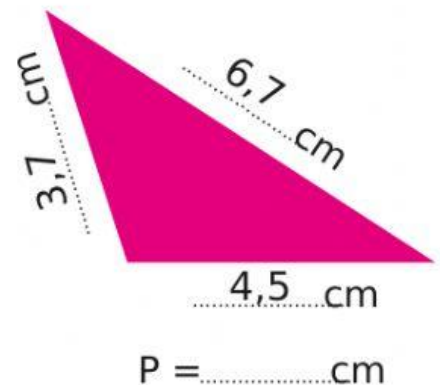
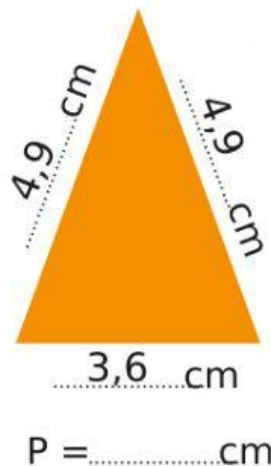
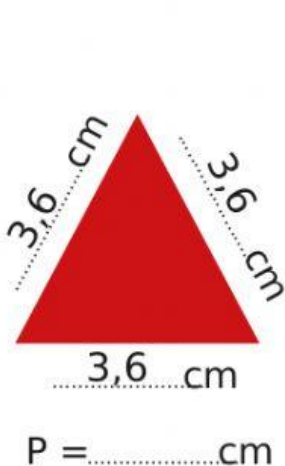
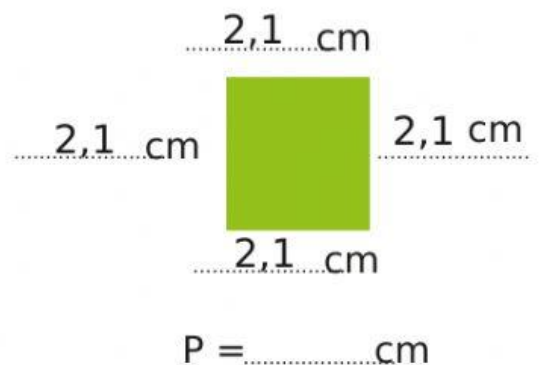
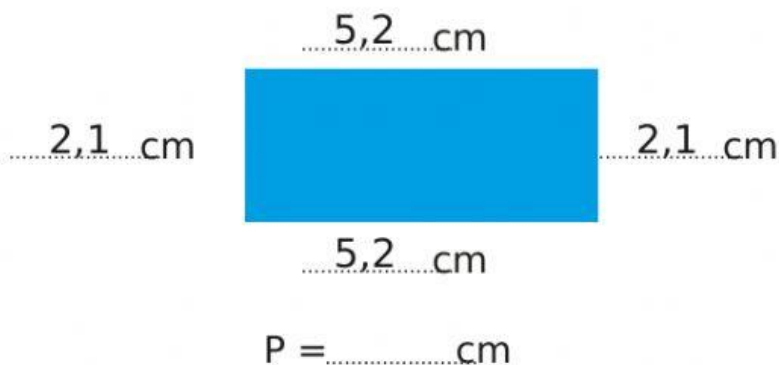


$$P = l \times 3$$



$$P = (l \times 2) + b$$

★ Usa le misure indicate e calcola il perimetro dei seguenti poligoni.



Quando invece conosci il perimetro e ti manca un lato...

Ricorda



$$l = P : 4$$



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$$b = (P : 2) - h$$

$$h = (P : 2) - b$$



$$b = (P : 2) - l$$

$$l = (P : 2) - b$$



$$l = P : 3$$



$$b = P - (L \times 2)$$

$$l = (P - b) : 2$$

* Calcola la misura del lato dei seguenti poligoni.



$$P = 36 \text{ cm}$$

$$l = \dots\dots\dots \text{cm}$$



$$P = 25 \text{ cm}$$

$$b = 7 \text{ cm}$$

$$l = \dots\dots\dots \text{cm}$$



$$P = 124 \text{ cm}$$

$$l = \dots\dots\dots \text{cm}$$



$$P = 60 \text{ cm}$$

$$b = 16 \text{ cm}$$

$$l = \dots\dots\dots \text{cm}$$



$$P = 100 \text{ cm}$$

$$l = \dots\dots\dots \text{cm}$$



$$P = 48 \text{ cm}$$

$$b = 15 \text{ cm}$$

$$l = \dots\dots\dots \text{cm}$$

Legenda

P = perimetro

l = lato