

Bài 2 (CĐ2): Điền trợ động từ và TOO / EITHER vào chỗ trống.

1. We often go swimming in the summer, and they
2. She can speak English very well. I
3. Nam didn't come to the party last night, and Minh
4. Hoa will buy some oranges and pineapples. I
5. They don't want to go out tonight, and we
6. The pineapples aren't ripe, and the bananas
7. Nam is hungry and his friends
8. Jane won't come. Peter
9. Hoa had a medical check-up yesterday morning. We
10. He can't swim and his brother

Bài 3 (CĐ2): Điền trợ động từ và SO / NEITHER vào chỗ trống.

1. I ate bread and eggs for breakfastI
2. Hoa doesn't like pork, andher aunt.
3. Milk is good for your health.fruit juice.
4. I didn't see her at the party last night.we.
5. These boys like playing soccer, andthose boys.
6. My father won't go to Ha Noi, andmy mother.
7. Nam can swim.Ba.
8. The spinach isn't fresh.the cabbages.
9. You should drink a lot of milk, andyour brother.
10. I don't know how to cook.my sister.

Bài 2 (unit): Chọn đáp án đúng.

1. Today, subjects like Music and Arts are put into the school _____ in Viet Nam.
A. school year C. curriculum B. subjects D. education
2. My cousin – Linh, is the same age _____ me.
A. as B. of C. to D. like
3. For many people, a good knowledge of music and arts is regarded as a _____ for every student.
A. need B. needs C. necessity D. necessary

4. This month's musical festival is not _____ it was last month.

A. worse B. as good as C. as well as D. different from

5. Since the 1970s, the festival in Glastonbury has taken _____ almost every year and has grown in size.

A. time B. place C. note D. notice

6. The puppet shows present _____ themes of Vietnamese villages.

A. city B. country C. rural D. urban

7. The brit school is the most famous _____ arts school in Britain.

A. perform B. performed C. performing D. performance

8. The villagers are _____ they were in the past. There is no change at all.

A. as friendly as C. different from

B. as friend as D. not as friendly as

9. Dong Ho paintings are made on _____ paper with beautiful _____ colours.

A. tradition - nature C. traditional - nature

B. tradition - natural D. traditional - natural

10. Her village is not _____ it was fifteen years ago.

A. same as C. the same as

B. the same D. the same like

Bài 5 (Unit): Đọc đoạn văn sau và trả lời câu hỏi.

Have you ever seen a water puppet show? It is so special and fantastic. It's a unique Vietnamese tradition. Children love the performance, and tourists who come to Viet Nam greatly enjoy this kind of art. Water puppetry (Múa rối nước) is a traditional art form. It began in the 11th century. It originated in the villages of the Red River Delta of North Viet Nam. The show is performed in a pool. The puppets are supported by strings under the water and controlled by the puppeteers behind a screen, so they appear to be moving on the water. The puppets are made of wood and then painted. The themes of the puppet shows are rural: the performances show everyday life in the countryside and folk tales. There are stories about rice farming, fishing and Vietnamese village festivals.

1. When did water puppetry begin?

2. Where does a water puppet show take place?
3. Who are the puppets controlled by?
4. What are the puppets made of?
5. What are water puppet shows normally about?