

UNIT 2: LIFE IN THE COUNTRYSIDE

I. Choose the words whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others in each group

- | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| 1. A. fruit | B. <u>bu</u> ilding | C. ju <u>ic</u> e | D. su <u>it</u> able |
| 2. A. vill <u>ag</u> e | B. cott <u>ag</u> e | C. marri <u>ag</u> e | D. mass <u>ag</u> e |
| 3. A. <u>a</u> bout | B. to <u>d</u> ay | C. <u>a</u> part | D. <u>a</u> live |
| 4. A. alth <u>ou</u> gh | B. pl <u>ou</u> gh | C. c <u>ou</u> try | D. th <u>ou</u> gh |
| 5. A. arch <u>i</u> te <u>c</u> t | B. <u>ch</u> ange | C. <u>ch</u> ildren | D. wat <u>ch</u> |
| 6. A. c <u>ou</u> try | B. cl <u>ou</u> d | C. l <u>ou</u> dly | D. m <u>ou</u> se |
| 7. A. cam <u>e</u> l | B. catt <u>e</u> | C. padd <u>y</u> | D. buffal <u>o</u> |
| 8. A. populat <u>e</u> d | B. load <u>e</u> d | C. harvest <u>e</u> d | D. liv <u>e</u> d |
| 9. A. field <u>s</u> | B. flower <u>s</u> | C. lemons | D. park <u>s</u> |
| 10. A. n <u>o</u> rmal | B. visit <u>o</u> r | C. transport | D. ch <u>o</u> re |

II. Choose the word whose main stressed syllable is placed differently from that of the other in each group.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. hotel | B. swallow | C. improve | D. survive |
| 2. A. eventual | B. devastate | C. admirable | D. different |
| 3. A. brother | B. machine | C. mother | D. beauty |
| 4. A. decorate | B. family | C. festival | D. tradition |
| 5. A. blanket | B. invite | C. replace | D. exchange |
| 6. A. cultivate | B. develop | C. celebrate | D. decorate |
| 7. A. competition | B. invitation | C. nation | D. conservation |
| 8. A. librarian | B. bamboo | C. develop | D. cultural |
| 9. A. festival | B. resource | C. station | D. history |
| 10. A. statue | B. important | C. devote | D. begin |

III. Choose the best answer to complete each of the following sentences.

- It is in the city than it is in the country.
A. noisily B. more noisier C. noisier D. noisy
- The English test was than I thought it would be.
A. the easier B. more easy C. easiest D. easier
- English is thought to be than Math.
A. harder B. the more hard C. hardest D. the hardest
- My house is hers.
A. cheap than B. cheaper C. more cheap than D. cheaper than
- Her office is away than mine.
A. father B. more far C. farther D. farer
- Tom is than David.
A. handsome B. the more handsome
C. more handsome D. the most handsome
- He did the test I did.
A. as bad as B. badder than C. more badly than D. worse than
- A boat is than a plane.
A. slower B. slowest C. more slow D. more slower
- My new sofa is than the old one.

- A. more comfortable B. comfortably
C. more comfortabler D. comfortable

10. My sister dances than me.

- A. gooder B. weller C. better D. more good

IV. Give the correct form of the word given to complete the sentence.

1. Iceland is considered the most _____ country in the world. (PEACE)
2. A _____ lifestyle has its advantages and disadvantages. (NOMAD)
3. My brother has been a stamp _____ for several years. (COLLECT)
4. It is a/ an _____ place to hold a picnic because it is too far from the road. (CONVENIENCE)
5. Drinking water in some areas may be _____. (SAFE)
6. During my stay in the village, I was _____ with several local farmers. (FRIEND)
7. Encouraging children to eat and drink _____ is very important. (HEATH)
8. Local people in the village often wear their _____ costumer during the festivals. (TRADITION)
9. Please give _____ to that charity to help the homeless after the flood. (GENEROUS)
10. The baby slept very _____ because the bed was really comfortable. (SOUND)

V. Read the text and answer the questions below.

Last week Nick and some his classmates went to the countryside. They went to visit a farm of Nick's uncle. They left early in the morning and went there by bus. Nick's uncle, Mr. Brown met them at the bus stop and took them to their farm. On the way, Uncle Brown showed them the field of wheat (lúa mì) and vegetables where some tractors (máy kéo) were running up and down, ploughing and breaking soil, distributing manure (rải phân) and planting potatoes. After lunch, they all went for a walk. In the large yard of the farm they saw some farm machines. Among them is the biggest machine which is called a combine harvester (máy gặt đập). They were told that this machine can cut and thresh corn at the same time. In the afternoon they went to the place where cattle such as horses, sheep and cows were raised. They were very excited to see how cows were milked by the worker there. Uncle Brown also spoke about many interesting things in the countryside. After having some fruits and cakes, they said goodbye and went home.

1. How did Peter and his classmates go to Uncle Brown?
.....
2. What does his uncle grow on his farm?
.....
3. What can a tractor do?
.....
4. What is typical of a combine harvester?
.....
5. Which kinds of cattle are raised in Uncle Brown's farm?
.....