



Name:

Date:

TEST FOR UNIT 2

VOCABULARY

I. Match the word or phrase with its definition.

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| 1. buffalo drawn cart | a. a circular wooden canvas and felt tent |
| 2. harvest time | b. land covered with grass where sheep, cows, horses, etc., feed |
| 3. paddy field | c. a vehicle with two or four wheels pulled by buffalo |
| 4. cattle | d. a structure where bees are kept for producing honey |
| 5. pasture | e. cows and bulls that are kept as farm animals |
| 6. ger | f. a high mountainous area of a country |
| 7. beehive | g. a field in which rice is grown |
| 8. highlands | h. the time of year when crops are cut and collected from the fields |
| 9. dairy products | i. a member of a community that moves with its animals from place to place |
| 10. nomad | j. food made from milk, such as butter and cheese |

II. Complete the sentences with the words in part I.

1. If you want to gather honey, don't kick over the _____.
2. Horses are grazing in the _____.
3. He helped his uncle load hay onto a _____.
4. Mongolia's nomads live in a traditional tent called _____.
5. We saw lots of lush rice _____ on the way to the village.
6. In Mongolia, he spent time with the nomads of the Gobi _____.
7. A boy was driving the herd of _____ to the pasture.
8. It is _____, and all the farmers are very busy.
9. The Masa are _____ and cattle raisers.
10. The doctor told me to eat less red meat and _____.

III. Complete the sentences with the adjectives from the box.

generous peaceful optimistic quiet inconvenient
fresh brave exciting vast skillful envious

1. It's _____ to see a kite flying high in the sky.
2. It was very _____ there; you could just hear the wind moving in the trees.
3. I love the _____ open spaces and the _____ air in the countryside.
4. The villagers often find it _____ to get into town due to the lack of public transport.
5. People in rural areas are more _____ than their city counterparts.
6. I'm so _____ of you getting such an exciting holiday.
7. Billy is clearly a _____ person. He contributed lots of money to charity.
8. It was very _____ of him to jump into the river to save a drowning child.
9. Most of Mongolian people are _____ at riding a horse.
10. Life in the countryside is more _____ and healthier.

IV. Put the words in the box in the correct rows.

strawberries	hay	a donkey	a fence
sheep	flowers	rice straw	a horse
a tent	grass	a building	grapes
cattle	a camel	a memorial	rainwater
a bike	roses	buffaloes	a motorcycle
cows	lettuces	a poster	stamps
goats			

- ◆ride: _____
- ◆ herd: _____
- ◆collect: _____
- ◆pick: _____
- ◆ put up: _____

GRAMMAR**V. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.**

1. Some people think that health is _____ than money. **(important)**
2. The pollution in our city is much _____ than it used to be. **(bad)**
3. My new teacher explained the lessons _____ than my old teacher. **(clear)**
4. He doesn't play volleyball as _____ as his brother. **(good)**
5. Get rid of the sorrow! You will do it _____ next time. **(good)**
6. Communication is a lot _____ than it was 50 years ago. **(easy)**
7. People in rural areas wear _____ than those in cities. **(simple)**
8. Robert arrived at the meeting _____ than Francis. **(late)**
9. These trousers are too wide. Do you have any that are _____? **(narrow)**
10. My mother always gets up _____ than everybody else in the house. **(early)**
11. Rene speaks _____ than the other ESL students in the class. **(fluent)**
12. Can't you think of anything _____ to say? **(intelligent)**
13. I think his new book is much _____ than his last one. **(boring)**
14. Max finished the homework _____ than anyone else in the class. **(fast)**
15. He doesn't look as _____ as he used to. **(happy)**

VI. Fill in each blank with an appropriate preposition.

1. The farmers loaded the rice straw _____ buffalo drawn carts.
2. She is always envious _____ her cousin's long blond hair.
3. He joined the boys _____ herding the buffaloes.
4. Would you like to visit the countryside _____ harvest time?
5. I think it's better for children to grow _____ in the countryside.
6. The computer provides access _____ all the information.
7. The nomad move two or three times a year to look _____ new pastures.
8. A ger can be put _____, then taken _____ and transported.
9. My father used to live _____ a farm when he was younger.
10. Last summer holiday I went _____ a trip _____ the countryside.

VII. Fill in each blank with a word from the box.

outdoor around peaceful conclusion boring isolated possible polluted

Nowadays, some people choose to live and work in the countryside. New ways of working, such as online working, have made it (1)_____ for more people to live there. There are both advantages and disadvantages to living in the countryside.

On the one hand, life in the countryside is very (2)_____. There are less cars and that means that there is less noise, and that it is less (3)_____. Furthermore, there is more land available in the countryside, and people can often live in bigger houses or flats than in cities. Finally, it is easier to do a lot of (4)_____ activities such as walking or cycling if you live in the countryside. On the other hand, life in the countryside can be (5)_____. There are fewer restaurants, cinemas and shops to go to. Moreover, there is little public transport, which makes it difficult to get (6)_____ if you don't have a car. Finally, you can feel (7)_____ if you live a long way from other people.

In (8)_____, there are both pros and cons to living in the countryside. However, in my opinion, the peacefulness of the countryside makes it a very attractive option.

VIII. Put the words or phrases in the correct order.

1. I say/ people/ it / is/ Some/ for/ better/ children/ that/ in the city/ to/ than/ grow up/ in the countryside.

2. in/ Is/ the country/ living/ healthier/ living/ much/ in/ than/ the city?

3. because/ the air/ People/ living/ fresh/ the villages/ enjoy/ is/ clean/ in/ and.

4. We/ onto / load/ helped/ buffalo drawn carts/ the farmers/ the rice.

5. changed/ in/ has/ a lot/ ten/ over/ Life/ the/ countryside/ past/ the/ years.

6. In/ children/ the city/ play/ the countryside/ freely/ than/ more/ in.

7. learn/ a/ Nomadic/ horse/ when/ to/ children/ they/ small/ are/ ride.

8. jobs/ many/ formers/ Unlike/ depend/ other/ the/ heavily/ weather/ on.
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IX. Write a comparative sentence using the information and the word in brackets.

1. The average rainfall in Arica, Chile is 0.76mm per year. The average rainfall in the Libyan Sahara Desert is less than 15mm per year. (dry)

Arica, Chile _____

2. Henry arrived at the meeting at 7 o'clock. I arrived at 6:45. (soon)

I _____

3. It costs 100 million dong to build a concrete bridge, but only 50 million dong to build a steel bridge. (expensive)

Building a concrete bridge _____

4. It takes Linh 45 minutes to load hay onto the cart, but his father needs only 30 minutes. (slowly)

Linh _____

5. His house's yard is about 100 square meters while your house's yard is about 50 square meters. (large)

His house's yard _____