

UNIT 1: REVIEW

The Past Simple with *wish*

Structure:

$S_1 + \text{wish} + (\text{that}) + S_2 + V_{\text{past tense}}$
wishes

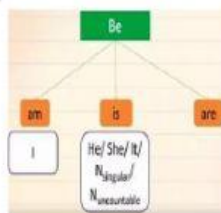
Use:

Express regrets or things we would like to change about the present.

Form

Present Simple

Ordinary Verbs



Affirmative

Negative

Interrogative

I/ You/ We/ They/ N_{plural} + V ...

He/ She/ It/ N_{singular} / $N_{\text{uncountable}}$ + V(s/es) ...

I/ You/ We/ They/ N_{plural} + do not/don't + V ...

He/ She/ It/ N_{singular} / $N_{\text{uncountable}}$ + does not/doesn't + V ...

Do + I/ You/ We/ They/ N_{plural} + V ...?

Does + He/ She/ It/ N_{singular} / $N_{\text{uncountable}}$ + V ...?

Yes, S + do/ does.

No, S + don't/ doesn't.

/s/	/ɪz/	/z/
after /p/, /t/, /k/, /f/	after /s/, /z/, /ʃ/, /tʃ/, /dʒ/	after other sounds
stops	misses	cleans
spots	rises	clears
looks	washes	rides
laughs	watches	comes
	judges	plays

Use

We use the Present Simple:

- for habits and actions that we do regularly:
He **visits** his friends every Sunday.
She **goes** to school by bus.
- for general truths:
The sun **rises** in the East.
- for permanent situations:
He **lives** in Athens.

The verb changes in 3rd person singular (he, she, it).
We add -s
run - runs eat - eats

Add -es when the verb ends in
-ss -sh -ch -x -z or -o
fix - fixes go - goes
wash - washes

When the verb ends in
consonant + y
cry - cries
study - studies
dry - dries

tidy - tidies
fly - flies
copy - copies

Expressions used with the Present Simple

Frequency adverbs: always, usually, often, sometimes, rarely, never
(they are placed before the main verb)

Time expressions: every day / week / Friday...
on Mondays / Sundays...
at the weekend...
in the morning / afternoon...
in winter / spring...
once a day / week...

PAST SIMPLE TENSE

TO BE

- + S + Was/were
They were friends.
- S + was not/were not + ...
They weren't friends.
- ? Was/Were + S + ...?
They weren't friends.

VERBS

- + S + V-ed
She worked yesterday.
- S + did not + verb (base form)
She didn't work yesterday.
- ? Did + S + verb (in base form)?
Did she work yesterday?

Usage

To express completed action in the past

To describe a series of completed actions in the past

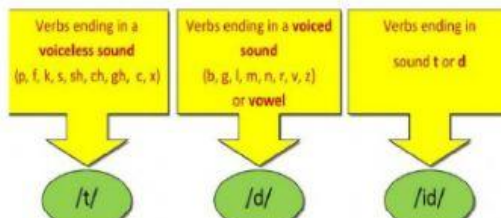
To express habits in the past

For stative verbs (have (own), be, think (believe), know, dislike, need, owe, wish)

Spelling rules

Infinitive + ed/d	visit - visited love - loved
Vowel + y: ed	enjoy - enjoyed
Consonant + y: ied	study - studied
One-syllable verb 1 vowel + 1 consonant: Double consonant + ed	stop - stopped bat - batted
Two-syllable with stress on second syllable and ending with a single consonant: Double consonant + ed	permit - permitted commit - committed

Pronunciation of -ed



ADVERBS:

yesterday
last week/month/year
3 days AGO
in 1985
in the last century
in the 20th century
the other day
when I was born
when I was a child
in the beginning, etc.

Task 1 . Choose the word which pronounces differently from the others.

- | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. A. <u>s</u> chool | B. <u>ch</u> urch | C. <u>mu</u> ch | D. <u>ch</u> ildren |
| 2. A. <u>f</u> ederal | B. <u>e</u> thnic | C. <u>t</u> en | D. <u>r</u> eligion |
| 3. A. <u>j</u> ean | B. <u>ch</u> ea <u>p</u> | C. <u>w</u> ea <u>r</u> | D. <u>r</u> ea <u>s</u> on |
| 4. A. <u>d</u> ecide <u>d</u> | B. stoppe <u>d</u> | C. wante <u>d</u> | D. neede <u>d</u> |
| 5. A. contin <u>e</u> nt | B. depend | C. <u>s</u> end | D. pret <u>e</u> nd |
| 6. A. says <u>z</u> | B. talk <u>s</u> | C. play <u>s</u> | D. day <u>s</u> |
| 7. A. clim <u>a</u> te | B. prid <u>e</u> | C. qu <u>i</u> t | D. prim <u>a</u> ry |
| 8. A. m <u>a</u> y | B. c <u>a</u> n | C. st <u>a</u> y | D. s <u>a</u> y |
| 9. A. box <u>e</u> s | B. wash <u>e</u> s | C. watch <u>e</u> s | D. go <u>e</u> s |

Task 2: Put the verbs in brackets into correct tenses:

1. They don't have a daughter. They wish they (have) _____ a daughter.
2. She behaves badly. I wish she (behave) _____ better.
3. He doesn't have a car. He wishes he (have) _____ a car.
4. He isn't a billionaire. He wishes he (be) _____ a billionaire.
5. My friend lives in the countryside. My friend wishes she (live) _____ in the city.
6. I am a worker. I wish I (not be) _____ a worker.
7. My friend talks too much. I wish my friend (not talk) _____ so much.
8. My father has to work very hard. I wish my father (not have) _____ to work so hard.
9. Some students wish they (can) _____ wear casual clothes to school.
10. I wish I (earn) _____ enough money to travel around the world.