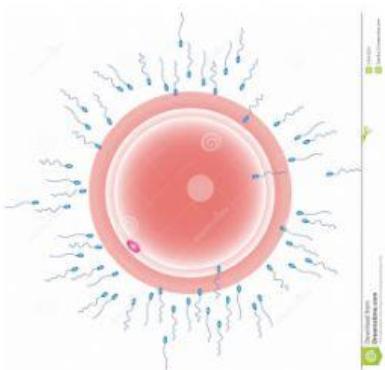


NAME : _____

CLASS : _____

DATE : _____

1.



The female reproductive cell is called:

- a) Ovum
- b) Ovary
- c) Sperm
- d) Cervix

2.

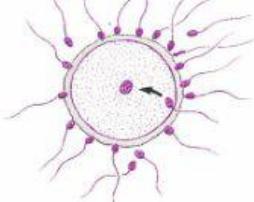


Which of these organs are part of the female reproductive organs. Select 3 for points

- a) Oviduct
- b) Ovaries
- c) Prostate
- d) Uterus

3.

**Chromosomes
and Fertilization**



The male reproductive cell is called...

- a) vas deferens
- b) seminal vesicle
- c) ovum
- d) sperm

4. Which part of the male reproductive system produces sperm?

- a) The Scrotum
- b) The prostate
- c) The testis
- d) The penis

5. Choose all that apply to physical changes of a female during puberty

- a) release of estrogen
- b) breast develop
- c) acne
- d) body hair growth

6. The breakdown of uterus lining is called

- a) fertilization
- b) menstruation
- c) conception
- d) ejaculation

7. The release of a mature egg from an ovary is?

- a) menstruation
- b) ejaculation
- c) period
- d) ovulation

8.

What causes puberty to start?



- a) Hormones
- b) Gender
- c) Genetics
- d) Body Size

9. Everyone goes through puberty at the same time.

- a) True
- b) False

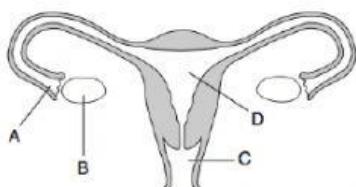
10. The menstrual cycle repeats every?

- a) Month
- b) 28 days
- c) Week
- d) Year

11. Ovulation typically occurs on what day of the cycle?

- a) 1
- b) 14
- c) 20
- d) 7

12.



After the egg is fertilised, where does the fertilized egg develops?

- a) A
- b) B
- c) C
- d) D

13. Where does fertilisation take place?

| | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> a) Ovary | <input type="checkbox"/> b) Womb |
| <input type="checkbox"/> c) Vagina | <input type="checkbox"/> d) Oviduct |

14. Name the process when a sperm meets and fuses with an ovum to form a zygote.

| | |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> a) Fertilisation | <input type="checkbox"/> b) Fusion |
| <input type="checkbox"/> c) Conception | <input type="checkbox"/> d) Implantation |

15. During fertilisation, nucleus in the head of sperm fuses with the ovum nucleus to form a _____

| | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> a) embryo | <input type="checkbox"/> b) zygote |
| <input type="checkbox"/> c) foetus | <input type="checkbox"/> d) baby |

16. After fertilisation, the zygote will divide to form

| | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> a) a baby | <input type="checkbox"/> b) a foetus |
| <input type="checkbox"/> c) an embryo | <input type="checkbox"/> d) implantation |

17. Name the process where the embryo implants onto the lining of uterus.

| | |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> a) Plantation | <input type="checkbox"/> b) Implantation |
| <input type="checkbox"/> c) Pregnancy | <input type="checkbox"/> d) Development |

18.



Following implantation, and until the 9th week of pregnancy, this would be called a(n)

- a) blastocyst
- c) embryo

- b) zona
- d) fetus

19. In which period foetus will formed completely?

- a) week 1-4
- c) week 20-37
- b) week 10-19
- d) week 38-40

20. How do STIs get spread?

- a) from coughing and sneezing
- c) through sexual contact
- b) from drink fountains
- d) from toilet seats

21. Severe weight loss, chronic diarrhea and fever, lung infections, brain infections and cancer of the blood vessels are signs and symptoms of

- a) Gonorrhoea
- c) Chlamydia
- b) AIDS
- d) Syphilis

22. These diseases are caused by bacteria **EXCEPT**

- a) Syphilis
- c) Chlamydia
- b) Gonorrhoea
- d) AIDS

23. An infected mother who has _____ can pass this disease to her baby and may cause the baby to become blind.

a) Syphilis b) Gonorrhoea
 c) Chlamydia d) AIDS

24. It is ok to share a toothbrush with a person who has AIDS.

a) True b) False

25. It is ok to talk and touch a person who has AIDS.

a) True b) False