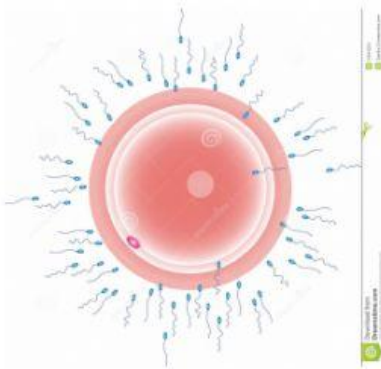


NAME : \_\_\_\_\_

CLASS : \_\_\_\_\_

DATE : \_\_\_\_\_

1.



The female reproductive cell is called:

- ☐ a) Ovum
- ☐ c) Sperm

- ☐ b) Ovary
- ☐ d) Cervix

2.



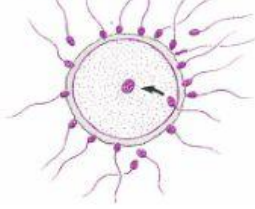
Which of these organs are part of the female reproductive organs. Select 3 for points

- ☐ a) Oviduct
- ☐ c) Prostate

- ☐ b) Ovaries
- ☐ d) Uterus

3.

### Chromosomes and Fertilization



The male reproductive cell is called...

- ☐ a) vas deferens
- ☐ b) seminal vesicle
- ☐ c) ovum
- ☐ d) sperm

4. Which part of the male reproductive system produces sperm?

- ☐ a) The Scrotum
- ☐ b) The prostate
- ☐ c) The testis
- ☐ d) The penis

5. Choose all that apply to physical changes of a female during puberty

- ☐ a) release of estrogen
- ☐ b) breast develop
- ☐ c) acne
- ☐ d) body hair growth

6. The breakdown of uterus lining is called

- ☐ a) fertilization
- ☐ b) menstruation
- ☐ c) conception
- ☐ d) ejaculation

7. The release of a mature egg from an ovary is?

- ☐ a) menstruation
- ☐ b) ejaculation
- ☐ c) period
- ☐ d) ovulation

8.

What causes puberty to start?



☐ a) Hormones

☐ b) Gender

☐ c) Genetics

☐ d) Body Size

9. Everyone goes through puberty at the same time.

☐ a) True

☐ b) False

10. The menstrual cycle repeats every?

☐ a) Month

☐ b) 28 days

☐ c) Week

☐ d) Year

11. Ovulation typically occurs on what day of the cycle?

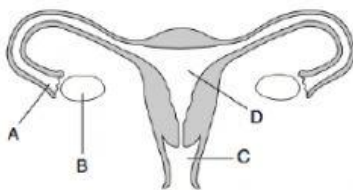
☐ a) 1

☐ b) 14

☐ c) 20

☐ d) 7

12.



After the egg is fertilised, where does the fertilized egg develop?

☐ a) A

☐ b) B

☐ c) C

☐ d) D

13. Where does fertilisation take place?

- |                                    |                                     |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> a) Ovary  | <input type="checkbox"/> b) Womb    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> c) Vagina | <input type="checkbox"/> d) Oviduct |

14. Name the process when a sperm meets and fuses with an ovum to form a zygote.

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> a) Fertilisation | <input type="checkbox"/> b) Fusion       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> c) Conception    | <input type="checkbox"/> d) Implantation |

15. During fertilisation, nucleus in the head of sperm fuses with the ovum nucleus to form a \_\_\_\_\_

- |                                    |                                    |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> a) embryo | <input type="checkbox"/> b) zygote |
| <input type="checkbox"/> c) foetus | <input type="checkbox"/> d) baby   |

16. After fertilisation, the zygote will divide to form \_\_\_\_\_

- |                                       |  |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> a) a baby    | <input type="checkbox"/> b) a foetus     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> c) an embryo | <input type="checkbox"/> d) implantation |

17. Name the process where the embryo implants onto the lining of uterus.

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> a) Plantation | <input type="checkbox"/> b) Implantation |
| <input type="checkbox"/> c) Pregnancy  | <input type="checkbox"/> d) Development  |

18.



Following implantation, and until the 9th week of pregnancy, this would be called a(n)

☐ a) blastocyst

☐ b) zona

☐ c) embryo

☐ d) fetus

19. In which period foetus will formed completely?

☐ a) week 1-4

☐ b) week 10-19

☐ c) week 20-37

☐ d) week 38-40

20. How do STIs get spread?

☐ a) from coughing and sneezing

☐ b) from drink fountains

☐ c) through sexual contact

☐ d) from toilet seats

21. Severe weight loss, chronic diarrhea and fever, lung infections, brain infections and cancer of the blood vessels are signs and symptoms of

☐ a) Gonorrhoea

☐ b) AIDS

☐ c) Chlamydia

☐ d) Syphilis

22. These diseases are caused by bacteria EXCEPT

☐ a) Syphilis

☐ b) Gonorrhoea

☐ c) Chlamydia

☐ d) AIDS

23. An infected mother who has \_\_\_\_\_ can pass this disease to her baby and may cause the baby to become blind.

☐ a) Syphilis

☐ b) Gonorrhoea

☐ c) Chlamydia

☐ d) AIDS

24. It is ok to share a toothbrush with a person who has AIDS.

☐ a) True

☐ b) False

25. It is ok to talk and touch a person who has AIDS.

☐ a) True

☐ b) False