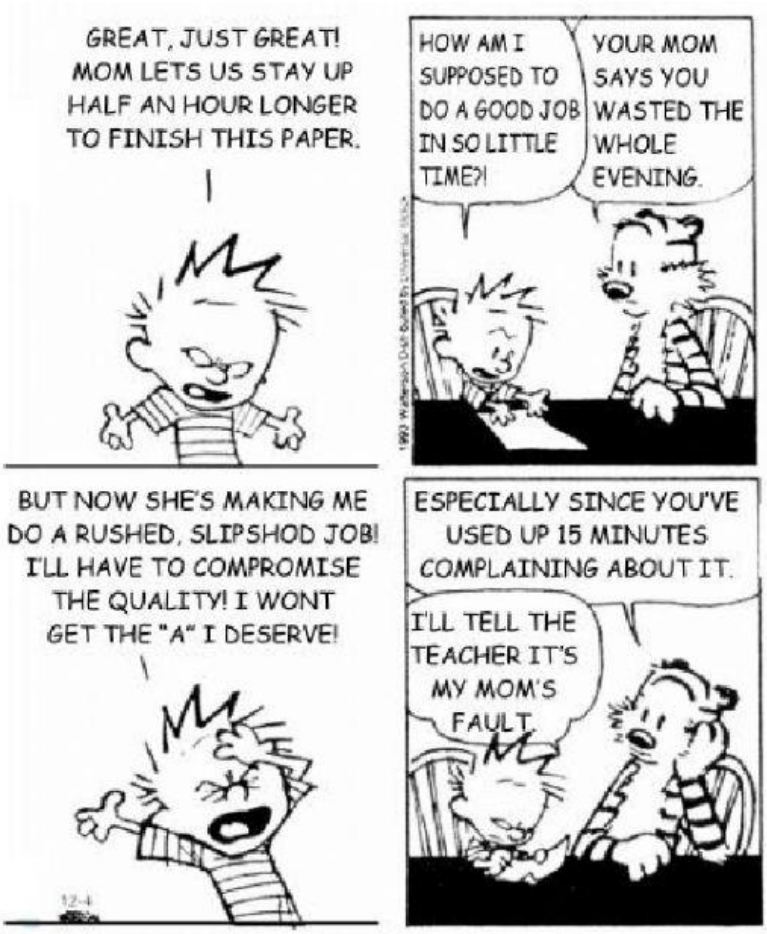
Avaliação Bimestral de Inglês

Aluno: _____

3º Ano EM **3º Bimestre** Valor: 10,0 pontos Nota: ___



(Bill Watterson's Calvin and Hobbes, http://home.loloyd.com/ebooks/Calvin%20and%20Hobbes/9312/ch931202.gif Acesso em: 04.12.2013)

1) No último quadro da tirinha, os quinze minutos que Hobbes menciona dizem respeito ao tempo que Calvin

a) passou reclamando.

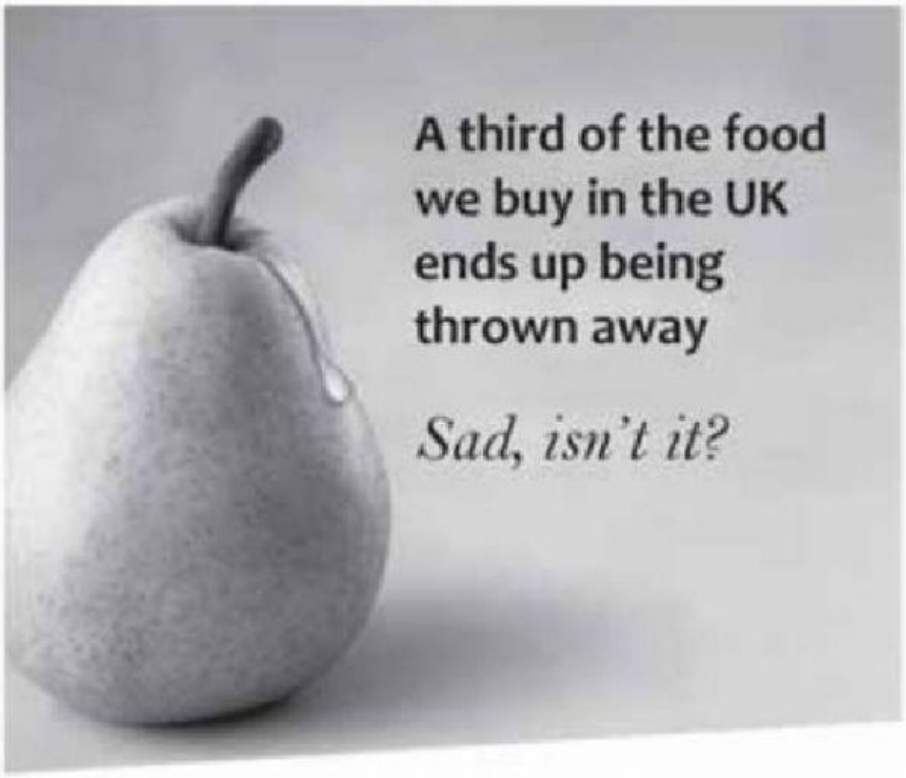
b) gastou no trabalho até então.

c) levaria para terminar o trabalho.

d) levaria para apresentar o trabalho.

e) demorou para entender o trabalho.

LIVEWORKSHEETS



Disponível em: www.barhampc.kentparishes.gov.uk. Acesso em: 31 jul. 2012.

Uma campanha pode ter por objetivo conscientizar a população sobre determinada questão social.

2) Na campanha realizada no Reino Unido, a frase “A third of the food we buy in the UK ends up being thrown away" foi utilizada para enfatizar o(a)

a) desigualdade social.

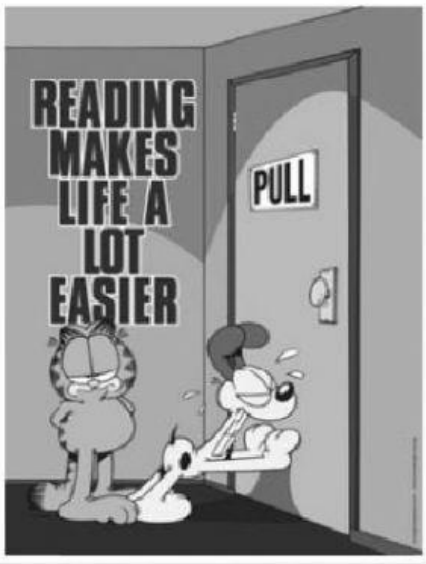
b) escassez de plantações.

c) reeducação alimentar.

d) desperdício de comida.

e) custo dos alimentos.

LIVEWORKSHEETS



(Disponíveis em http://www.neatorama.com/2012/01/16/social-media-spoof-ads-by-milwaukee-public-library/_e http://gloveo.com/reading-makes-life-a-lot-easier/. Acessados em 19/09/2013.)

3) Por que o cachorro na figura não consegue abrir a porta?

a) Porque ele não sabe como abrir uma porta.

b) Porque ele não tem força suficiente para abrir a porta.

c) Porque ele não entendeu o aviso na porta.

d) Porque a porta está trancada.

e) Porque ele está sendo impedido por Garfield.

VISITING LONDON

Today, more than 6.000.000 people live in London and every year, more than nine million people come from countries all over the world to visit the city.

A quick and easy way to get to different places in the city is to use an Underground train. The trains run all day and most of the night. You can see much more of London from one of its famous red buses. There are some special buses for visitors that take you to many of the interesting places in the city on one journey that takes about one and a half hour. London taxis are called 'black cabs'. Most of them are black but some are not. The drivers are friendly and helpful. It's also possible to take a long boat trip along the River Thames and see lovely places in London and out of the city. London has interesting old buildings to visit, many of them are hundreds of years old: The Buckingham Palace – the home of the Queen; the Tower Bridge – opened in 1894, The Houses of the Parliament – the home of the British government and beautiful churches: St. Paul's Cathedral and Westminster Abbey. This abbey is where many kings and queens are crowned – or get the throne – and where the royal family get married.

London has beautiful parks and gardens, theatres, museums and art galleries. There are also streets with famous shops and markets and international restaurants and English pubs where

LIVEWORKSHEETS

you can drink the English beer. The typical English food is fish and chips. They're cheap and good to eat. But there are many, many more things to see and do in London. Come and see!

(Adapted from London Factfiles – J. Escott – Oxford Bookworms 1)

4) The text is mainly

a) a suggestion to visit the capital of Europe.

b) a suggestion not to visit the capital of England.

c) a suggestion to visit one European capital.

d) a suggestion not to visit London and its attractions.

e) a suggestion to visit the capital of the united States of America.

What goes up

Everything that we send high enough into space will ultimately end up as space garbage. As long as an object is above the earth atmosphere it will stay in orbit for thousands or even millions of years. Some day it will hit one of the other millions of objects orbiting the earth and that will create more pieces of space garbage, which could crash into each other. For this reason, going into space is very risky and crashing into space garbage is just one of the risks.

After 40 years of sending objects into space, we have seriously polluted the final frontier. Many space paths are littered with garbage and have become a threat to satellites and astronauts.

(Extract from "Our world protecting the environment'- Andrew Bennetto & Heather Jones)

5) Choose the correct alternative according to the information from the text.

a) Astronauts do not worry about objects abandoned in space.

b) One of the objects left in space is coming down to the earth.

c) The only risk in space is to crash into loose objects.

d) Man has managed to pollute many space paths.

e) All space garbage will soon crash against the earth.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Slow Food

Slow Food describes a movement created "to counteract fast food and fast life, the disappearance of local food traditions and people's dwindling interest in the food they eat, where it comes from, how it tastes and how our food choices affect the rest of the world," according to the movemenfs website. More broadly, it involves an emphasis on local and seasonal produce and an adherence to regional cultures. Its goals also include lobbying against the use of pesticides and genetic engineering of food.

Disponível em: www.ecomii.com . Acesso em: 30 set. 2011.

6) O objetivo do movimento *Slow food* é

a) eliminar o hábito de fast food e os efeitos negativos da vida agitada.

b) unir interesse por alimentação e responsabilidade ambiental.

c) investir em pesticidas e engenharia genética de alimentos.

d) tomar globais as tradições locais de alimentação.

e) transformar as culturas gastronómicas regionais.

LIVEWORKSHEETS