

II. Глагол *to be* в утвердительных предложениях

GRAMMAR

Глагол **to be** имеет три формы: **am, is** и **are**:

I **am**

He }
She } **is**
It }

You }
We } **are**
They }

• В письменной английской речи обычно используется **полная форма** глагола **to be** — **am, is, are**: *They **are** from Russia and they **are** fourteen years old.*

• В разговорной и неформальной письменной английской речи используется **краткая форма** глагола **to be** — **'m, 's, 're**:

I**'m**

He**'s**/she**'s**/it**'s**

You**'re**/we**'re**/they**'re**

A: What**'s** your name?

B: My name**'s** Theo and I**'m** from Greece.

1 Fill in the gaps with the correct form of the verb *to be*.

- 1) I _____ a student.
- 2) My grandparents _____ away.
- 3) Sniff and Winston _____ my cats.
- 4) The rat _____ in the cage.
- 5) The man _____ an artist.
- 6) My yellow pen _____ on the shelf.
- 7) Katya and Sveta _____ good friends.
- 8) _____ you from England?
- 9) His sister _____ fifteen years old.
- 10) You _____ children.

2 Complete the email with *am, is* or *are*.

Hi, Max,
My name 1) _____ Misha. I 2) _____ from Yaroslavl, Russia.
I 3) _____ 16 years old and I 4) _____ at secondary school.
All the teachers 5) _____ very good at school and the English teacher 6) _____ my favourite.
English and ICT 7) _____ my favourite subjects. My best friends 8) _____ Ivan and Vasya. They 9) _____ in my class.
They 10) _____ good at Maths and Biology. Ivan 11) _____ 12 and Vasya 12) _____ 13.
Tell me about you!
Write soon,
Misha

3 Complete the email from ex. 2 with the short forms of *to be*.

III. Глагол *to be* в отрицательных и вопросительных предложениях

GRAMMAR

Отрицания с глаголом *to be* образуются так:

Полная форма: **am/is/are + not.**

Краткая форма: **I'm not; he/she/it isn't; you/we/they aren't.**

Общие вопросы с глаголом *to be* образуются так:

Am I?

Is he/she/it?

Are you/we/they?

- В **кратких** ответах используется **Yes** или **No**, личное местоимение и соответствующая форма глагола *to be*.
- В **кратких** утвердительных ответах используется полная форма глагола *to be*. **Are you a student? Yes, I am.** (Неправильно: ~~Yes, I'm.~~)
- В **кратких** отрицательных ответах используется краткая форма глагола *to be*. **Are you Brazilian? No, I'm not.**

1 Complete the sentences with the correct form (full or short) of the verb *to be*.

- A:** _____ you a pupil?
B: Yes, I _____.
- A:** _____ Ruslan from Sakhalin Island?
B: No, he _____. He _____ from Chita.
- A:** _____ the boys African?
B: No, they _____. They _____ from Spain.
- A:** _____ Biology your favourite subject?
B: No, it _____. My favourite subject _____ English.
- A:** _____ Jack and Leila thirteen years old?
B: No, they _____. They _____ twelve.

2 Give short answers to the questions about yourself where possible.

- Are you a teacher?
- Is your family big?
- Are you a pupil?
- Are you Russian?
- Is your father a doctor?
- Is your flat big?
- Are you a boy?
- Are you a girl?
- Are you 14 years old?
- Is Maths your favourite subject at school?

No, I'm not.

3 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences/questions.

- 1) is/mother/doctor/a/My/not
_____.
- 2) the/Are/at/now/school/pupils
_____?
- 3) from/grandmother/Tanya's/is/Tula
_____.
- 4) fan/am/a/not/basketball/I
_____.
- 5) grandfather's/your/long/Is/moustache
_____?
- 6) are/the/They/car/in
_____.
- 7) are/African/short/very/Pygmies/people
_____.
- 8) Moscow/you/Are/from
_____?
- 9) I/your/friend/not/am
_____.
- 10) nice/are/clothes/My/very/new
_____.