

Name: _____

TEST FOR UNIT 1

1. Find the word which has a different sound in the part underlined. Read the words aloud.

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|--------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. A. <u>a</u> rtisan | B. <u>a</u> ttraction | C. <u>c</u> ast | D. <u>c</u> raft |
| 2. A. <u>w</u> eave | B. <u>t</u> reat | C. <u>th</u> read | D. <u>t</u> eam |
| 3. A. <u>h</u> andicraft | B. <u>l</u> acquerware | C. <u>a</u> rtisan | D. <u>s</u> urface |
| 4. A. <u>a</u> ttraction | B. <u>a</u> rtisan | C. <u>f</u> rame | D. <u>h</u> andicraft |
| 5. A. <u>d</u> rumhead | B. <u>i</u> llustration | C. <u>e</u> arplug | D. <u>d</u> rugstore |

2. Find the word which has a different position of the main stress in each line.

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|-------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|
| 1. A. craftsman | B. layer | C. sculpture | D. preserve |
| 2. A. lacquerware | B. absolute | C. pollution | D. permanent |
| 3. A. attraction | B. craftsman | C. lacquerware | D. sculpture |
| 4. A. embroider | B. publish | C. remind | D. preserve |
| 5. A. pottery | B. village | C. experience | D. product |

3. Give the correct form of the word in CAPITALS to complete each of the following sentences.

- There are a lot of silk _____ such as scarves, ties and dresses in our shop. **PRODUCE**
- Bat Trang is one of the most famous _____ craft villages in Ha Noi. **TRADITION**
- We should read this leaflet to see what _____ are organized during the festival. **ACT**
- They showed me a marble sculpture which was _____ made by hand. **SKILL**
- I'm going to buy a new _____ rug because the current one is old. **WEAVE**
- Everyone knows that Dong Ho is a traditional _____ village. **PAINT**
- Learning how to weave a basket is a _____ experience for me. **MEMORY**
- Do you know that _____ have to follow 15 stages to make a conical hat. **ART**

6. Work out the meaning of these phrasal verbs and put them in the right sentences: *come back, get off, fall over, get on, go away, throw away, pay back, let in, lie down, put off, stay in, turn up, cross out, go off, take back.*

- I didn't have a key, but luckily someone was there to **let me in**.
- Can't we go out somewhere? I don't want to _____ all evening.
- Could you lend me ten pounds? I'll _____ you _____ on Friday.
- The sidewalk is very icy. Be careful so you don't _____.
- I was feeling so tired I had to _____ on the bed for a while.
- I saw Martin _____ the bus and go straight home.
- Mark's gone out, and I don't know when he is going to _____.
- The driver unlocked the coach so that the passengers were able to _____.
- I'll have to _____ these books _____ to the library.
- Your brother was being a nuisance, so I told him to _____.
- Don't _____ that box. We can use it again.
- If you make a mistake on the form, just _____ it _____.
- I can't hear the radio. Could you _____ it _____ a little?
- I was late for school this morning because my alarm clock didn't _____.
- Never _____ until tomorrow what you can do today.

2. Make one sentence from two. Use the word(s) in brackets.

- I'm no better. I've taken the pill. (Even though)

- I told the absolute truth. No one would believe me. (but)

- He didn't notice the sign. It was right in front of him. (though)

- Jason was very tired. He leant back and closed his eyes (because)

- I'm learning French. I like learning French (and)

- You can't speak to Tim at the moment. He's sleeping (so)

- Nobody would recognize him. He wore glasses and false beard (so that)

- Nick had nowhere to go. He slept on the park bench (since)

- He will stay in England for two months more. He can perfect his English (in order that)

- There is nothing to eat. We have to go shopping today (as)
