



UNIT 1 – LESSON 2

PART 1: Grammar

1. The present simple and the present continuous tense

1.1. The simple present tense

a. Form

- To be

+	I	Am
	You, we, they	Are
	He, she, it	is
-	I	Am not/ 'm not
	You, we, they	Are not/ aren't
	He, she, it	Is not /isn't
?	Am	I?
	Are	you, we, they?
	Is	he, she, it?

- To have

+	I, you, we, they	have	
	he, she, it	has	
-	I, you, we, they	do not/don't	have
	he, she, it	does not/doesn't	have
?+	Do	I, you, we, they	have?
	Does	he, she, it	have?
?-	Don't	I, you, we, they	have ?



	Doesn't	he, she, it	have ?
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- Other regular verbs

+	I, you, we, they		work
	He, she, it		works
-	I, you, we, they	do not/don't	work
	He, she, it	does not/doesn't	work
?+	Do	I, you, we, they	work?
	Does	He, she, it	work?
?-	Don't	I, you, we, they	work?
	Doesn't	He, she, it	work?

b. *Uses and examples*

Uses	Example
General truths and facts	<i>Five times five makes twenty-five. (5x5=25) I really love my family.</i>



Regular and habitual events	<i>How do you get to school?</i> <i>I drink a glass of wine every night before going to sleep.</i>
Instructions and directions	<i>You take the metro into the city centre and then you take a number ten bus. You don't get off at the bank. You get off at the stop after the post office.</i>
Immediate reactions	<i>What do you think about that idea?</i>
I promise, I swear, I agree	<i>I will come back, I promise, when I have time. I agree with the idea you share with me.</i>
Timetables and plans	<i>The meeting starts at 9.00 tomorrow instead of 8.30. Breakfast is at 6.30. Don't be late.</i>
Present simple after when, before, etc.	<i>I will call you when I get home. Please get ready before she comes.</i>

c. *Spelling for third person singular*

- We add -s to the base form of most of the verbs:

Example: come => comes, record => records, walk => walks

- For some verbs, the spelling changes are:

	Verbs	Third person singular
Verbs ending in -ch, -ss, -sh, -x or -zz, we add -es.	watch	watches
	kiss	kisses
	finish	finishes



	mix	mixes
	buzz	buzzes
	hurry	hurries
Verbs ending in a consonant + -y we change y to <i>i</i> and add - <i>es</i> .	study	studies
	rely	relies
	play	plays
Verbs ending in a vowel + -y we just add -s.	say	says
	enjoy	enjoys
	have	has
<i>Have, go, do and be are irregular.</i>	go	goes
	do	does
	be	is

1.2. The present continuous tense

a. Form

+	I	Am	working
	you, we, they	Is	
	he, she, it	Are	
	I	am not/'m not	working
	you, we, they	is not/isn't	
	he, she, it	are not/aren't	



?+	Am	I	working?
	Is	he, she, it	
	Are	you, we, they	
?-	Isn't	he, she, it	working ???
	Aren't	you, we, they	

b. Uses and examples

Uses	Example
Events at the time of speaking	<i>She is trying to open the window but it is too tight.</i>
Temporary states	<i>Who's looking after the children while you're here?</i>
Repeated temporary events	<i>I'm not eating much chilli these days. I'm trying to cut down.</i>
Gradual change	<i>They're building a new statue in the park.</i>
Regular unplanned events	<i>Students are often talking in the class.</i>
Plans and arrangements	<i>We're moving to London in September.</i>

c. -ing form spelling

- We add -ing to the base form to make the -ing form for most verbs:

Be => being, eat => eating, play => playing



- For some other verbs the spelling changes as below.

	Verbs	-ing Form
When the verb ends in <i>-e</i> , we remove the <i>-e</i> and add <i>-ing</i> .	come	coming
	move	moving
The consonant is doubled when the verb ends in a vowel followed by a single consonant.	prefer	preferring
	rub	rubbing
we double the consonant when the verb ends in a vowel + <i>l</i> .	travel	travelling
	control	controlling

PART 2: PRACTICE

Task 1: Choose the best answer:

- She from England.
A. come B. comes C. don't come D. goes
-sheFrench?
A. Do / speaks B. Does / speaks C. Does / speak D. Is / speak
- She from America.
A. don't come B. doesn't come C. doesn't comes D. does comes
- I a bath now. Wait me a minute.



A. have B. am have C. am having D. is having

5. Hea glass of lemonade before breakfast.

A. is B. have C. has D. is having

6. he three children?

A. Does / have B. Does / has C. Do / have D. Is / have

7. He television at the moment.

A. watch B. watches C. is watching D. is watch

8. Huong 10 years old?

A. is B. are C. do D. does

9. My classmates on picnic every month.

A. went B. goes C. going D. go

10. “..... do you travel to school?” - “By bus.”

A. How B. What C. Why D. Where

Task 2: Find the mistakes and correct:

11. John are cleaning the room at the moment.

A B C D

12. I swim usually at the weekend.

A B C D

13. I and Lan rides a bike to school everyday.



A B C D

14. Are you sitting on the bed now?

A B C D

15. My mom don't usually go to work on Saturday.

A B C D

Task 3: Put the verbs in brackets in the present simple tense:

At a Physics Lesson



At the Physics lesson the teacher (16. ask) _____ the children about the influence of heat and cold on the body.

"Heat (17. make) _____ thing bigger and cold (18. make) _____ things smaller", answers a boy.

"Quite right", (19. say) _____ the teacher. "Can you (20. give) _____ an example?"

"In summer, when it's hot, the days (21. be) _____ longer, but in winter, when it's cold, the days (22. be) _____ shorter, (23. answer) _____ the boy.



Task 4: Use the correct tense of the verbs in brackets to complete the sentences.

24. We (have) _____ English lessons on Tuesday and Friday.
25. - Where is Phong?
- I think he (read) _____ in the library
26. Chau usually (listen) _____ to the teacher in class, but she is not listening now; she (look) _____ out of the window.
27. If the pupils do well at school, they (receive) _____ scholarships.
28. Who (play) _____ music upstairs? It's really noisy.
29. It (start) _____ raining on our way home, but luckily I had my umbrella in my bag.
30. I wasn't sure of the answer, so I (guess) _____ and I (be) _____ right!
31. I (do) _____ my exercise now, but I can come and help you later.

Task 5. Put the verbs in brackets into the correct form.

32. She (walk) _____ to school every morning.
33. They (learn) _____ how to use the lawnmower in the garden.
34. Linda (go) _____ to the supermarket to buy some sugar.
35. Sometimes I (feel) _____ really lazy to do anything.
36. Phong and I (study) _____ English in my room.
37. I often (have) _____ breakfast at 7 a.m at home.
38. She (do) _____ aerobics every morning to keep fit.