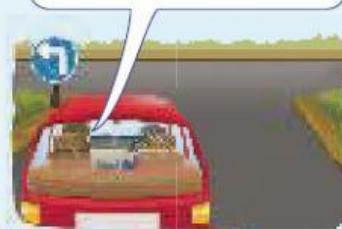


A

I have to do something = it is necessary to do it, I am obliged to do it:

- You can't turn right here. You **have to turn** left.
- I **have to wear** glasses for reading.
- Robert can't come out with us this evening. He **has to work** late.
- Last week Tina broke her arm and **had to go** to hospital.
- I haven't **had to go** to the doctor for ages.

You **have to turn** left here.



We use **do/does/did** in questions and negative sentences (for the present and past simple):

- What **do I have to do** to get a new driving licence? (not What have I to do?)
- Karen **doesn't have to work** Saturdays. (not Karen hasn't to)
- 'Did you **have to wait** a long time for a bus?' 'No, only ten minutes.'

You can say **I'll have to** ..., **I'm going to have to** ..., **I might have to** ..., **I may have to** ...:

- They can't repair my computer, so **I'll have to buy** a new one. or
... **I'm going to have to buy** a new one.
- We **might have to change** our plans. or We **may have to change** ...
(= it's possible that we will have to change them)

B

Must is similar to **have to**. You can say:

- It's later than I thought. I **must go**. or **I have to go**.

You can use **must** or **have to** when you give your own opinion (for example, to say what you think is necessary, or to recommend someone to do something):

- I haven't spoken to Sue for ages. I **must phone** her. / **I have to phone** her.
(= I say this is necessary)
- Mark is a really nice person. You **must meet** him. / You **have to meet** him.
(= I recommend this)

We use **have to** (*not usually must*) to say what someone is *obliged* to do. This is a *fact*, not the speaker's own opinion:

- I **have to work** from 8.30 to 5.30 every day. (a fact, not an opinion)
- Jane **has to travel** a lot for her work.



But we use **must** in written rules and instructions:

- Applications for the job **must be received** by 18 May.
- Seat belts **must be worn**.

We use **had to** (*not must*) to talk about the past:

- I went to the meeting yesterday, but I **had** to leave early. (not I **must**)

C

Mustn't and **don't have to** are completely different:

You **mustn't** do something = *don't* do it:

- You **must keep** this a secret. You **mustn't tell** anyone. (= don't tell anyone)
- I promised I would be on time. I **mustn't be** late. (= I must be on time)

You **don't have to** do something = you don't need to do it (but you can if you want):

- You **don't have to come** with me. I can go alone.
- I **don't have to be** at the meeting, but I'm going anyway.

D

You can use **have got to** instead of **have to**. You can say:

- I've **got to** work tomorrow. or I **have to** work tomorrow.
- When **has** Helen **got to** go? or When **does** Helen **have to** go?

Exercises

31.1 Complete the sentences using **have/has/had to** Use the verbs in brackets.

- 1 Robert can't come out with us this evening. He has to work late. (he / work)
- 2 'The bus was late this morning.' 'How long did you have to wait?' (you / wait)
- 3 I don't have much time. in ten minutes. (I / go)
- 4 'I'm afraid I can't stay long.' 'What time ?' (you / go)
- 5 Joe starts work at 5 am every day, which means at four. (he / get up)
- 6 We nearly missed the bus this morning. to catch it. (we / run)
- 7 Is Lisa usually free on Saturdays or ? (she / work)
- 8 There was nobody to help me. everything by myself. (I / do)
- 9 How old to have a driving licence? (you / be)
- 10 There was a lot of noise from the street. the window. (we / close)
- 11 Was the exhibition free, or to go in? (you / pay)

31.2 Complete the sentences using **have/has/had to** + the verbs in the list. Some sentences are negative (I **don't have to** ... etc.):

ask decide drive get up go make make pay show stand

- 1 I'm not working tomorrow, so ... I don't have to get up ... early.
- 2 Steve didn't know how to change the settings on his phone. I ... had to show ... him.
- 3 Excuse me a moment – I a phone call. I won't be long.
- 4 You can let me know later what you want to do. You now.
- 5 I couldn't find the street I wanted. I somebody for directions.
- 6 This car park is free. You
- 7 A man was slightly injured in the accident, but he to hospital.
- 8 Jane has a senior position in the company. She important decisions.
- 9 The train was very full and there were no seats free. We all the way.
- 10 When Patrick starts his new job next month, he 50 miles to work every day.

31.3 In some of these sentences, **must** is wrong or unnatural. Correct the sentences where necessary.

- 1 It's later than I thought. I **must** go.
- 2 I must start work every day at 8.30.
- 3 I **must** remember to call Sarah tomorrow.
- 4 I couldn't get a taxi last night. I **must** walk home.
- 5 You **must** come and see us again soon.
- 6 Tom isn't going out this evening. He **must** study for his exam.
- 7 We can't go the usual way because the road is closed. We **must** go another way.
- 8 Julia wears glasses. She **must** wear glasses since she was very young.

OK (I **have to go** is also correct)

I have to start work

.....

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.....

31.4 Complete the sentences with **mustn't**, **don't have to** or **doesn't have to**.

- 1 I don't want anyone to know about our plan. You ... mustn't ... tell anyone.
- 2 Richard ... doesn't have to ... wear a suit to work, but he usually does.
- 3 There's a lift in the building, so we climb the stairs.
- 4 I promised Kate I'd call her tomorrow. I forget.
- 5 I'm not very busy. I have a few things to do, but I do them now.
- 6 Sophie likes weekends because she get up early.
- 7 You be a good player to enjoy a game of tennis.
- 8 You should keep trying to find a job. You give up.
- 9 I eat too much. I'm supposed to be on a diet.
- 10 We have plenty of time before our flight. We check in yet.