

ACCESS 3

TEST 3

	Score:
Student's name:	Vocabulary + Grammar
Teacher: Ms/Mr.....	Reading & Everyday English:
	Writing:
	Listening:

PART I: VOCABULARY

I/ Fill in the correct word/phrase.

• vandalism • burglary • car theft • robbery • speeding • shoplifting

• determined • curious • daring • patient • athletic • imaginative

1. Don't be so! If he wants to tell you what happened, he will.
2. My sister is very When she wants something, she does everything she can to achieve it.
3. Be! We'll be out of here in a minute.
4. Mike goes skateboarding in winter and windsurfing in summer. He is very
5. We did something last weekend. We went bungee jumping!
6. Do you know that you can be arrested for if you spray paint on other people's walls?
7. Did you hear about the bank that took place last night?
8. I had a friend who was accused of when she stole a dress from a store.
9. There was a last week and the police still haven't found the person who broke into the house.
10. You can protect your cars from if you have an alarm installed and you park in well-lit areas.

II/ Complete the sentences. Choose from the following:

<i>safe and sound</i>	<i>give you a ride home</i>
<i>crime victim</i>	<i>hightech gadgets</i>
<i>personal safety</i>	<i>keep valuables out of sight</i>
<i>keep in touch</i>	<i>oncoming traffic</i>
<i>attract thieves</i>	<i>busy area</i>
	<i>plan in advance</i>

1. Always if you have to be out at night.
2. MP3 players and cell phones always so don't use them in public.
3. so that thieves won't be tempted.
4. You should think about your before you go out.
5. Whenever you have to wait for a bus, it's better to wait in a
6. The chances of you becoming a will be fewer if you follow some simple rules.
7. usually tempt thieves so it would be wise not to use them on the street.
8. Cell phones help you with your friends, but they are also great for notifying somebody when you're in danger.
9. Tell your friends to, or call for a taxi when you stay out late at night.
10. After missing for 5 hours, the child returned home

PART II: GRAMMAR

I.

A. Choose the correct modal.

1. When she was six, Julie **could** / **can** read.
2. I think you **might** / **should** go to the doctor and get your eyes checked.
3. People **must not** / **don't have to** throw garbage on the ground.
4. It **can** / **may** rain tonight so bring an umbrella with you.
5. They **have** / **must** to bring their lunch with them.

B. Choose the correct answer

6. I wonder who drank all the milk yesterday. It _____ have been Mary because she was out all day.

A. can't B. must C. could D. needn't

7. Susan _____ hear the speaker because the crowd was cheering so loudly.

A. might not B. couldn't C. can't D. mustn't

8. Ted's flight from Britain took more than 11 hours. He _____ be exhausted after such a long flight.

A. had better B. can C. must D. should

9. You _____ do the job if you didn't speak Japanese fluently.

A. couldn't B. can't C. won't be able to D. needn't

10. When I was young, I _____ go fishing with my father.

A. was used to B. would C. may D. used to

II. Rewrite the sentences in reported speech.

1. "Open the door," he said to them.
- He told them.....

2. "Which way did they go?" he asked.
- He asked.....

3. "Bring it back if it doesn't fit", I said to her.
- I told...

4. "Don't try to open it now," she said to us.
- She told...

5. "Is it going to be a fine day today?" I asked her.
- I asked her...

III. Put the adjective in the brackets into correct forms of comparative or superlative and complete the sentences.

1. He is (clever) student in my group.
2. It's (good) holiday I've had.
3. The red shirt is better but it's (expensive) than the white one.
4. I'll try to finish the job (quick).....
5. Mary sings (beautiful)than June.
6. This is (exciting) film I've ever seen.
7. He runs (fast).....of all.
8. My Tam is one of (popular) singers in my country.
9. The weather this summer is even (hot) than last summer.
10. Your accent is (bad)than mine.

IV. Rewrite the sentences without changing the meaning of the original sentences:

1. Her old house is bigger than her new one.
-> Her new house.....
2. No one in my class is taller than Peter.
-> Peter
3. The black dress is more expensive than the white one.
-> The white dress
4. Mount Everest is the highest mountain in the world.
-> No mountain
5. This is the first time I have ever met such a pretty girl.
->She is

V. Transform the following sentences so that they mean the same as the previous one. You have to use the opposite adjective.

Example:

He's not strong enough to lift that box.

He's too weak to lift that box.

1. He isn't old enough to vote.

=> He is.....to vote.

2. Algebra is too difficult for me to understand.

=> Algebra isn't.....for me to understand.

3. I can't drink this tea. It's too cold.

=> It's not.....

4. The weather is not warm enough to go swimming.

=> The weather is.....to go swimming.

5. This book isn't easy enough for the children to read.

=> This book is.....for the children to read.

VI. Complete the sentences with correct tag questions.

1. He's still sleeping,_____ a) is not he? b) isn't he? c) wasn't he?
2. Let's go for a walk,_____ a) shall we? b) shan't we? c) will we?
3. We won't be late,_____ a) won't we? b) will we? c) are we?
4. We must lock the doors,_____ a) mustn't they? b) shouldn't we? c) mustn't we?
5. You wouldn't like to invite my Dad,_____ a) did you? b) would you? c) won't you?