



UNIVERSIDADES PÚBLICAS DE LA COMUNIDAD DE MADRID
EVALUACIÓN PARA EL ACCESO A LAS ENSEÑANZAS UNIVERSITARIAS OFICIALES DE GRADO
Curso 2020-2021
MATERIA: INGLÉS

INSTRUCCIONES GENERALES Y CALIFICACIÓN
Después de leer atentamente el examen, responde de la siguiente forma:
• elija un texto A o B y conteste EN INGLÉS a las preguntas 1, 2, 3 y 4 asociadas al texto elegido
• responda EN INGLÉS una pregunta a elegir entre las preguntas A.5 o B.5.
TIEMPO Y CALIFICACIÓN: 90 minutos. Las preguntas 1, 2 y 4 asociadas al texto elegido se calificarán sobre 2 puntos cada una, la pregunta 3 asociada al texto elegido sobre 1 punto y la pregunta elegida entre A.5 o B.5 sobre 3 puntos.

TEXTO A
Is the Full Stop no Longer Necessary?

The full stop has been used for centuries to end sentences, but its use is changing. As Generation Z – teenagers or those in their early twenties – have grown up in the age of instant messaging, the punctuation mark is no longer commonly used. Linguists from across the world have been investigating the purposefulness of the full stop as communication habits have evolved, and some of them think people simply do not put full stops in unless they want to make a point.

Dr Fonteyn tweeted: If you send a text message without a full stop, it's already obvious that you've concluded the message. "So, if you add that additional marker for completion, they will read something into it, and it tends to be a falling intonation or negative tone." The full stop is "intimidating" to young people who interpret it as a sign of anger.

According to *The Telegraph*, linguists are divided on whether the full stop has become redundant given that text messages are concluded by pressing "send" so there is arguably no need for the full stop. In 2015, a study from Binghamton University suggested that people who finish messages with full stops are perceived as insincere. The study involved 126 undergraduates and the researchers concluded that text messages ending in the most final of punctuation marks were perceived as being less sincere. Unusually, texts ending in an exclamation point are deemed heartfelt or more profound.

Research leader Celia Klin said: "When speaking, people easily convey social and emotional information with eye gaze, facial expressions, tone of voice and so on. People obviously can't use these mechanisms when they are texting. Thus, it makes sense that texters rely on what they have available to them – emoticons, deliberate misspellings that mimic speech sounds and punctuation."

Adapted from "Full stop is 'intimidating' to young people who interpret it as a sign of anger, linguists say." *The World News*, August 24, 2020. <<https://bit.ly/3jRw1Hi>>

QUESTIONS

A.1. Are the following statements TRUE or FALSE? Copy the evidence from the text. No marks are given for only TRUE or FALSE.

- a) According to the text, several researchers consider that people use the full stop when they want to highlight something.
b) Youngsters think using a full stop shows someone is quite annoyed.
(Puntuación máxima: 1 punto)

A.2. In your own words and based on the ideas in the text, answer the following questions. Do not copy from the text.

- a) What is the difference between ending messages with a full stop or an exclamation mark?
b) Why do people use emojis when they are messaging online?
(Puntuación máxima: 2 puntos)

A.3. Find the words in the text that mean:

- a) behaviours (paragraph 1)
b) clear (paragraph 2)
c) include (paragraph 2)
d) indicated (paragraph 3)
(Puntuación máxima: 1 punto)

A.4. Complete the following sentences. Use the appropriate form of the word in brackets when given.

- a) Youngsters who are used to _____ (communicate) electronically break up their thoughts by sending each one as a separate message, _____ than using a full stop.
b) The full stop derives _____ Greek punctuation which _____ (introduce) by Aristophanes of Byzantium in the 3rd century BC.
c) _____ (slight) mistake in punctuating a clause in a contract can have massive unintended consequences. Punctuation _____ (matter).
d) If I were you, I _____ (show) how brilliant I am by manipulating the language _____ the internet.
(Puntuación máxima: 1 punto)

A.5. Write about 150 to 200 words on the following topic.

Our words have impact. Why is it determining or relevant to think before speaking our minds? Explain.
(Puntuación máxima: 3 puntos)