



TEEN EXPLORER 7

Prepositional phrases_ part 1.

Exercise 1. Read the prepositional phrases below.

PREPOSITIONAL PHRASE	MEANING
accuse sb of doing sth	oskarzyć kogoś o zrobienie czegoś
take advantage of sb / sth	wykorzystywać
be afraid of sb / sth	obawiać się
aim at sb / sth	dążyć do
be amazed at / by sth	być zdumionym
be angry at / with sb for doing sth	być zły na kogoś
be annoyed about / by sth	być podirytowanym czymś
be annoyed at / with sb	być zirytowanym przez kogoś
apologise to sb for sth	przeprosić kogoś za coś
apply to sb for sth	aplikować do kogoś o ...
arrive at (a small place)	przybyć do
arrive in (a big place)	przybyć do
be ashamed of sb / sth	być zawstydzonym przez kogoś / czymś
ask sb for sth	poprosić kogoś o coś
associate with sb	kojarzyć z kimś
be astonished at / by sth	być zdumionym
attitude towards / to	nastawienie do
be aware of sth	być świadomym

Exercise 2. Fill in the correct word.

OF	AT	TOWARDS	ON	WITH	FOR	IN	BY
----	----	---------	----	------	-----	----	----

1. People always associate Greece _____ summer holidays.
2. Peter was annoyed _____ his neighbour's loud party.
3. The shop assistant accused the young boy _____ stealing the chocolate bar.
4. Tom is in trouble because of his bad attitude _____ his professors.
5. Amanda arrived _____ Paris late on Saturday night.
6. The new teacher is aiming _____ improving the students' grades.
7. The worker asked his boss _____ a pay rise.
8. Gareth is always trying to put the blame _____ others.

Exercise 4. Choose the correct preposition.

1. Katy wasn't aware the fact that her purse was missing.
2. Ben apologized Martin for lying to him.
3. I get annoyed my sister when she talks on the phone all evening.
4. Abby applied the bank for a credit card.
5. We were astonished how good the play was.
6. Toby was ashamed the way he spoke to Laura.

Exercise 5. Read the prepositional phrases below.

PREPOSITIONAL PHRASE	MEANING
be bad at sth	być złym na coś
believe in sth	wierzyć w coś
belong to sb	należeć do
benefit from sth	czerpać korzyść / korzystać na czymś
blame sb for sth	wynieć kogoś za coś
lay / put the blame on sb / sth	obarczać kogoś winą za coś
be bored with sth	być znudzonym czymś
borrow sth from sb	pożyczyc coś od kogoś
be brilliant at sth	znakomicie sobie radzić w czymś
bump into sb / sth	wpaść / natknąć się na kogoś / coś

Exercise 6. Choose the correct word.

1. I bumped **to** / **into** my old History teacher yesterday.
2. Liam is really bad **at** / **to** English and Geography.
3. Do you believe **in** / **at** ghosts?
4. Irene is brilliant **at** / **with** ballet.
5. Jo usually borrows clothes **for** / **from** her older sister.
6. The expensive new car parked outside belongs **for** / **to** my new neighbour.
7. The baby soon got bored **for** / **with** his new toy.
8. The taxi driver blamed me **for** / **of** the accident.
9. I was angry **to** / **with** Maria for breaking my laptop.
10. Lucy is afraid **of** / **by** dogs.