

STOP! BEFORE IT'S TOO LATE

NAME: _____

Read the text and match the words

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The Himalayas

Why should we care?

The Himalayan mountains in South Central Asia contain many of the world's tallest **peaks**, including Mount Everest. They also contain the biggest number of **glaciers** after the North and South poles. Three of the greatest rivers in the world start from these mountains: the Ganges, the Indus and the Yangtze. These rivers provide water to a billion people in Asia.

What's happening?

The biggest danger to the Himalayas is **global warming**, which is melting the glaciers fast. There is also a huge problem with deforestation in the mountains. Many species of animals such as the tiger, the rhino and the snow leopard are in danger.

The Amazon

Why should we care?

The Amazon in Brazil is the largest tropical rainforest in the world. It is home to 10% of the world's wildlife. The Amazon River is the largest in the world and contains the most freshwater fish on the planet. It is also home to 350 different **tribes**. But perhaps most importantly, it provides between 25 and 30% of the world's oxygen.

What's happening?

The biggest **threat** is deforestation. This happens to make space for farm land and to have wood. As a result, many animals are endangered, among them the golden lion tamarin and the jaguar. Since 1950 we have lost more than 17% of the Amazon rainforest. We can't afford to lose any more.

The Galapagos Islands

Why should we care?

The Galapagos Islands are one of the most amazing places on Earth. These **tiny** islands are 1,000 km from Ecuador in the Pacific, and contain many species of plants and animals that are found nowhere else in the world, among them the giant tortoise, the Galapagos penguin and the Galapagos sea lion. They are also famous because the scientist Charles Darwin spent time there studying the wildlife.

What's happening?

The Galapagos Islands are very **fragile**. The greatest dangers to them include overfishing, pollution and tourism. There is also a threat of animals from other parts of the world arriving on the islands and killing the local wildlife.

The Great Barrier Reef

Why should we care?

The Great Barrier Reef, off the eastern coast of Australia, is over 2,000 km long. It is the only living **organism** on the planet that you can see from space. It is home to 1,500 different types of fish, 400 different types of coral, 215 different types of birds and six different types of turtle.

What's happening?

We have already lost 10% of all the coral, but scientists **fear** that we will lose 70% more in the next 40 years. The greatest dangers to the reef are pollution and overfishing.

0	groups of people who live together, usually outside towns and cities, and have the same language, culture, and history	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> organism
1	the rise in temperature of the Earth's climate	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> glaciers
2	a living thing	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> fear
3	are afraid	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> tribes
4	weak / easy to damage	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> global warming
5	large masses of ice that move slowly	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> peaks
6	the tops of mountains	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> threat
7	very small	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> fragile
8	something that will probably harm or destroy something else	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/> tiny