Use the word given in capitals to form a word that fits the gap.

MAKING PAPER



It is **(1)** _____ [TRADITION] believed that paper was invented in China. A **(2)** _____ [RESOURCE] Chinese court official by the name of Ts'ai Lun first developed a material that was **(3)** _____ [APPEAR] similar to the paper that we use today. The **(4)** _____ [FACT] details of the story are **(5)** _____ [KNOW], but it is thought that among his ingredients were bits of tree bark, old rags and **(6)** _____ [FISH] nets. Ts'ai Lun's **(7)** _____ [INSPIRE] came **(8)** _____ [PRIME] from making **(9)** _____ [OBSERVE] of insects that construct a thin-shelled nest from tiny pieces of wood fibre. The first **(10)** _____ [INDUSTRY] machine for making paper in a **(11)** _____ [CONTINUE] roll was perfected in France in 1799. Since then, the world has had an **(12)** _____ [INTERRUPT] supply of paper. Today paper **(13)** _____ [MANUFACTURE] can offer a wide **(14)** _____ [VARY] of paper types, from fine white paper to tough brown **(15)** _____ [WRAP] paper. These days, paper-making is no longer such a time-consuming **(16)** _____ [ACT].

Adapted from: *Cambridge Certificate in Advanced English 6*

LIVEWORKSHEETS